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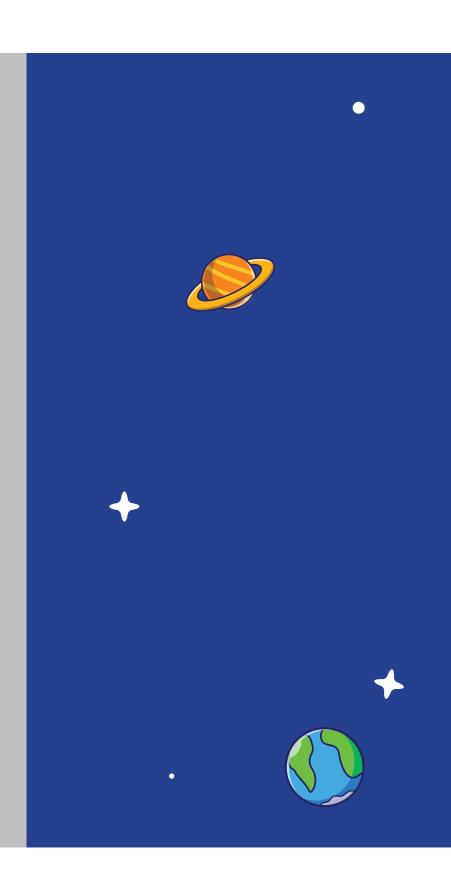
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PRESENTATION

More than a half-century of experience

Adel, Türkiye's leading stationery brand for over 50 years, has become a tradition in the industry. With its extensive experience and capabilities, Adel sets itself apart from the competition.





ADEL IN BRIEF

Having played an important role in the development of successive generations, Adel's vision, responsible production practices, innovation, and product portfolio all position it as a leader in the stationery industry's future.



Since 2015, Adel has been conducting its manufacturing operations at a 36,000 m² plant in Çayırova that is the industry's biggest not just in Türkiye but also in the region. Adel's R&D Center, which became operational in 2019, enhances the company's product innovation and development capabilities, which in turn supports its production competencies.

With its well-established history, extensive experience, over 3,000 product varieties, and Faber-Castell, Graf von Faber-Castell, Adel, and Panfix branded stationery products, Adel Kalemcilik has a wide product portfolio with high quality and strong brand recognition.

Readily responding to home market demand as a result of its high production capacity and diverse offerings, Adel also exports goods to more than thirty countries.

Additionally, it exports products manufactured under the partnership with Faber-Castell to various countries around the world.

Adel Kalemcilik plays a significant role in shaping the future of the stationery industry, contributing to the development of generations with its vision, commitment to responsible production, innovation, and extensive product portfolio.

Türkiye's premier stationery manufacturer

A company whose name has been synonymous with stationery in Türkiye for over half a century, Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. (Adel) embarked upon its journey with the opening of its first factory in the istanbul's Kartal township in 1969. Earning the trust of consumers with high-quality, reliable products, Adel today is the country's biggest and most modern stationery manufacturer and continues to grow strongly as a member of Anadolu Group.

Having collaborated with the world's oldest manufacturer of wood-cased pencils Faber-Castell since 1969, in 1995 the two companies strengthened



Vision

To be part of the life of everyone who wants to shape, colorful of their own dreams and leave a mark in future

Mission

To be an international company that supplies high-quality, innovative products and services, is socially and environmentally responsible, and is ethical in its behavior.















Values

Quality

Effectiveness, Reliability, Performance

Innovation

Forward-looking, Open to change and development, Technologically adept, Creative, Pioneering, Venturesome, Inquisitive

Goodness

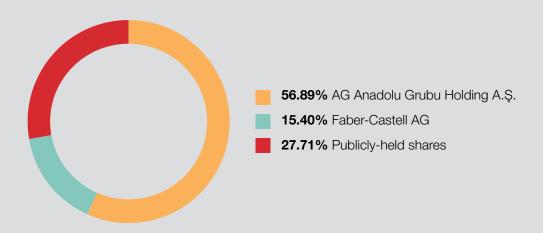
Sensitive, Thoughtful, Responsible, Fair, Promotes professional & personal development

Success

Self-motivating, Competitive, Ever-improving, Results-focused, Collaborative, Knowledge-sharing, Initiative-taking, Accountable



SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE



OUR PARTNERSHIP STRUCTURE

As of 31 December 2024, the Company's capital stands at TRL 259,875 thousand, comprising 40,017,351 registered shares valued at TRL 40,017 thousand in compliance with the Foreign Capital Legislation, alongside 219,857,649 bearer shares totaling TRL 219,858 thousand.

The following table lists the personal or trade names of shareholders that own more than 10% of the company's capital, the number of shares they own, and the percentage of their ownership.

Shareholder	Share	Share ratio %
AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş.	147,831,323	56.89
Faber-Castell Aktiengesellschaft	40,017,353	15.40
Publicly-held shares	72,026,324	27.71



ABOUT ANADOLU GROUP

Anadolu Group operates with the vision of being "The star that links Anatolia to the world and the world to Anatolia" and maintains its activities in 8 industries (beer, soft drink, retail, agriculture, automotive, stationery, energy and health) and in 20 countries with more than 80 companies, more than 90 production facilities, 6 R&D centers and more than 100,000 employees. The Group, which was founded by Yazıcı and Özilhan families in 1950, is a driving force of Turkish economy with its financial assets, its strong production capacity and the projects it is involved with. It acts in accordance with its mission of being a multinational and entrepreneurial group through its partnerships with leading brands and companies of the world such as AB InBev, The Coca-Cola Company, Faber-Castell, Isuzu, Kia, Honda, Honda Marine, Kohler, Johns Hopkins Medicine. It exports to over 100 countries. In the first 9 months of 2024, the Group achieved a revenue of TRL 412.6 billion, while its total assets reached TRL 526.6 billion.

Anadolu Group manages its environmental, social and corporate governance activities in the strategic areas "future" of Nature, Business and People, with the sustainability strategy "From Anadolu to the Future". Within the context of its social responsibility, the Group is involved in several areas like agriculture, education, health, sports, culture, arts and tourism and also contributes to the society through its social organizations; Anadolu Foundation, Anadolu Medical Center and Anadolu Efes Sports Club.

Anadolu Group strives to produce value in sustainable manner and consistently achieves a rapid and healthy growth through its commitment to a culture of partnership with global brands and international companies, its expertise in branded consumer products, its experience and strength as regional player in a broad geography and its understanding of strong corporate governance.

ABOUT FABER-CASTELL

Founded in 1761, Faber-Castell is one of the oldest industrial companies in the world and has been owned by the same family for nine generations.

Faber-Castell is one of the world's leading companies for high-quality products for writing, drawing and creative design as well as decorative cosmetic products. With more than two billion pencils and color pencils per year and around 6,500 employees, Faber-Castell is the world's leading manufacturer of wood-cased pencils. Nowadays the company is represented in over 120 countries and has its own production sites in 10 countries as well as sales companies in 22 countries.

The company owes its leading position on the international market to its traditional commitment to the very highest quality, environmental responsibility and the large number of product innovations.

DIRECT OR INDIRECT SUBSIDIARIES & SHAREHOLDING INTERESTS

The Company has a subsidiary, Ülkü Kırtasiye Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş., in which it controls a stake (7.67%) with a cost of TRL 90 thousand.

MILESTONES



1969

Adel Kartal factory opens



1995

Faber-Castell partnership agreement



1996

Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. IPO



1999

Graf von Faber-Castell brand launched



2013

Adeland & Max brands launched



2015

Manufacturing operations relocated to new Çayırova factory



2016

Adel Goodness Tree CSR program initiated



2018

Adel brand & corporate identity relaunch



2019

Panfix brand launched

Adel R&D center becomes operational



2020

Regional authorized dealership system introduced



2021

1500Kelime.com online platform opens



2022

Amfori BSCI (Business Social Compliance Initiative) certification awarded



2023

Adel is included in UNICEF's list of globally-approved suppliers



AWARDS & RECOGNITIONS

2018 Stevie Awards

- 2018 Adel Rebranding: PR/Communications Campaign of the Year, Events & Ceremonies category, Bronze
- 2018 Adel Rebranding: Best PR Event, Bronze
- 2018 Adel Rebranding: PR/Communications Campaign of the Year, "Marketing & Consumer Goods category, Bronze

2022 Stevie MENA Awards

- 1500Kelime.com platform
- o "Innovation in education & educational websites", Gold Stevie
- o "Innovation in education & educational mobile apps", Gold Stevie



2022 PRIDA Awards

- 1500Kelime.com Project
- o CSR Success award
- o Corporate
 Communications &
 Reports Success award
- Socially-Beneficial Projects
 Success award
- o UNICEF Campaigns that Give Hope to Children PRIDA award



- 1500Kelime.com Project
- o "Digital Communication -Corporate Responsibility", Gold



2022 Brandverse Awards

- 1500Kelime.com Project
- o "Quality Education", Bronze

2022 Stevie International Business Awards

- 1500Kelime.com Project
- PR/Communications
 Campaign of the Year,
 "Corporate Responsibility"
 category, Bronze

2022 Capital Magazine "Happy Place to Work"

 Türkiye's Happy Places to Work survey, "Office Supplies" sector, "Happy Place to Work" award

2022 25th KalDer Quality Circles Sharing Conference

 Kaizen category, "Leave a Mark" Project Team, First place

2023 26th KalDer Quality Circles Sharing Conference

Kaizen category, "+1
 Fazlayız" Project Team

 First place

2023 Capital Magazine "Happy Place to Work"

 Türkiye's Happy Places to Work survey, "Office Supplies" sector, "Happy Place to Work" award

2024 Anadolu Group Bi-Fikir Awards

 "Company with the Fastest Applications" Award for the 9th time and "Most Innovative Employee" Award for the 8th time

2024 MediaCat Felis Awards

 Felis Award in the Radio and Audio Category for Faber-Castell Grip Plus "Yumuşak Yazdırır" radio campaign

2024 Crystal Apple Awards

- For Faber-Castell Grip Plus 'Yumuşak Yazdırır' radio campaign
- o Crystal Apple Award
- o Grand Prix in the Radio and Audio Category

FROM THE MANAGEMENT...

Responsible production

Adel operates with the principle of "We will never sell anything that we wouldn't let our own kids use."

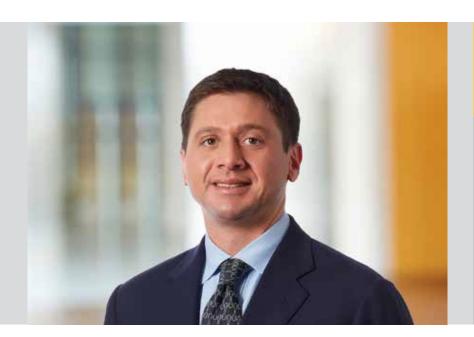






Making the best use of the growth opportunities presented by markets, Adel sets itself apart from its competitors by focusing on sustainability and product safety throughout the production cycle. This is done out of a sense of responsibility to the broad audience it serves.

MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN



leading position in the market

We maintain our leading position with our 55 years of experience, expertise, and production capacity.

Adel Kalemcilik, one of the most established companies of Anadolu Group, maintains its leading position in the market with 55 years of experience, expertise, and production capacity. Over the years, our Company has evolved far beyond merely manufacturing the writing, drawing, and painting supplies and has become a company that also designs, manufactures, and patents the machinery that produces them, develops various brands and product categories, gets them manufactured, and delivers them to its consumers. Today, we operate one of the

leading stationery manufacturing facilities in Türkiye and its neighboring regions. We hold the most recognized stationery brand in Türkiye and are committed to advancing our journey with continued success.

The global conjuncture of 2024 was characterized by both macroeconomic and geopolitical challenges, accompanied by uncertainties. In the aftermath of the pandemic, tightening monetary policies adopted to fight escalating inflation have brought economies somewhat closer to the targeted inflation

levels. In the political arena, as the Russia-Ukraine war approaches its third year and geopolitical risks in the Middle East escalate, the outlook for the future remains uncertain, increasing concerns and prompting the search for new solutions within supply and value chains.

For the Turkish economy, 2024 was a year in which the results of the monetary policy implemented since the second half of the previous year began to materialize. With positive signals emerging, the country's risk premium declined, and international credit rating agencies upgraded Türkiye rating. On the other hand, the dampening effect of tight monetary policies on demand, high inflation, and weakened consumer purchasing power continued to impact our operations.

For Adel Kalemcilik, however, 2024 was a year of reinforcing its growth and sustainability strategies. Enhancing operational efficiency, achieving success in cost management, and sustaining investments in sustainability remained among our top priorities. Strengthening its global competitive edge through its breakthroughs in recent years, Adel continued its supply collaboration with UNICEF while signing a manufacturing agreement with a global brand. In line with our goal of securing a stronger position in international markets, we are closely monitoring opportunities and evaluating potential in export markets.

We are consistently advancing our expertise in innovation and R&D. We collaborate with leading academics in the field and carry out sectoral collaborations with national and international fund programs with our competent staff

under the roof of our R&D Center. Our focus remains on utilizing local resources to contribute to the national economy.

In terms of sustainability, we are increasing our environmental and social contributions. In pursuit of our net-zero target, we continue our efforts to mitigate our carbon footprint while ensuring that all manufacturing and office waste generated in our facility is recycled in line with circular economy principles. Additionally, we place great importance on water management, biodiversity conservation, and energy efficiency.

We regard product safety and quality as our non-negotiable norms. In alignment with our guiding principle that "We do not offer any product that we would not let our own children's use to the market", we are committed to continuously elevating our responsible production approach.

We are also making significant strides in sustainable governance practices, and by adhering to our policies on occupational health, safety, and business ethics, we strive to provide our employees with a more equitable, inclusive, fair, and safe

working environment. With this approach and our practices, we have also officially certified our commitment by earning the SEDEX Certification. Furthermore, we take great pride in receiving the "Happiest Workplace Award" of the office supplies sector in the 2024 Happy Place to Work—Türkiye Happiest Workplaces Survey for the third time and being recognized as the "Outstanding Employee Experience Award" for the second time.

As we look ahead to 2025, we remain committed to growth, taking innovative steps, and adding value to our society and sector. We are confident that our ongoing success will be driven by our ability to strike a balance between risks and opportunities, leveraging our robust internal dynamics and adaptability.

I would like to extend my sincere appreciation to all our employees for their contributions to our success and to all our stakeholders for their unwavering support.

Best Regards,

Kamil Süleyman Yazıcı Chairman

GROUP PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE



driving force of the sector

Our competitive position continues to be shaped by core values such as quality, innovation, and customer focus.

2024 was a year marked by ongoing economic uncertainties and global fluctuations. High inflation, the war environment in our neighboring regions, and other challenging conditions, have significantly impacted consumer behavior, leading to a cautious recovery course in the market.

As a result of the policies implemented by the economic authorities, a balance was achieved in consumption demand, access to credit was carefully regulated, and financial conditions were made more

cautious. These economic developments also had an impact on our financial results.

While the robust financial infrastructure and strategic vision provided by Anadolu Group have contributed to Adel's expansion in the market, enabling it to emerge as one of the driving forces in the sector, our competitive position has continued to evolve around our core values of quality, innovation, and customer focus.

Sustainability is one of the fundamental aspects of our

business operations. We operate with a long-term value creation strategy that integrates environmental, social, and economic responsibilities. The steps we have taken in energy efficiency, waste management, and water-usage improvement have enabled us to reduce our environmental footprint. We have effectively contributed to the circular economy through our R&D initiatives, including reducing plastic consumption in packaging and developing sustainable products.

In 2024, as we continued to enhance our environmental and social contributions for a better future, we also developed projects in areas such as education and the fight against the climate crisis.

Through our 2023 Sustainability Report, we publicly disclosed the steps we have taken and our performance results in the field of sustainability. With our report prepared in accordance with the GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards, we have presented our environmental, social, and governance (ESG) approach and indicators while also reinforcing our commitment to our sustainable development goals.

Our goal is to entirely transition to renewable energy sources by 2050 and also become a net-zero company, and we are committed to working towards this goal. In 2025, as we expect global economic uncertainties and challenges to persist, we intend to enter a phase committed to sustainable growth and innovation. We are confident that our international collaborations, driven by our aspiration to expand our export markets, will generate new opportunities. Our investments that focus on enhancing production efficiency will lead to significant progress in operational excellence and cost management. We will raise our competitive edge by enriching our extensive product portfolio to meet the expectations of our consumers and address the needs of diverse audiences in the field of educational technologies.

We will persist in our environmental sustainability and social responsibility projects, upholding our commitment to generating both economic and social value with the same determination. By maintaining close relationships with our consumers in line with our business strategies and leveraging our strong adaptability and innovative approach, we will continue to lead the stationery sector in Türkiye.

I would like to extend my heartfelt gratitude to all our employees who strive to create a better future and to all our stakeholders for their contributions.

Respectfully,

Demir ŞarmanAgribusiness, Energy and Industry Group President

CEO MESSAGE





a proactive approach

We adopt a proactive approach to sustaining our performance with our products, driven by the innovation value of our brand, and cater to all price segments.

We maintained our strong market position in a challenging year.

In 2024, we anticipated the impacts of the tightening policies adopted in the economy on our operations and developed the right strategies. In the ongoing economic climate and inflationary market conditions, while developing solutions and competitive pricing policies to achieve cost advantages in production, we took action to remain accessible through alternative sales channels and to mitigate seasonality with our product portfolio that caters to diversified consumer behaviors.

While launching numerous campaigns to sustain healthy growth, we enhanced our communication initiatives alongside our marketing activities to reinforce our brand power. Additionally, our business model, built on continuous engagement with our dealers and retailers, supporting our sales and marketing activities, continued to serve as a fundamental pillar in maintaining our market position.

We adopted a proactive approach to maintain our performance through our product range, which is enriched by the innovation value of our brand and caters to all price segments.

Based on our 2024 financial results, our net sales totaled TRL 2,712 million. Our gross profit rose by 400 basis points compared to the same period last year, reaching TRL 1,388 million with a 51% margin, while our EBITDA (BNRI) margin stood at TRL 549 million, corresponding to 20%. Our net profit for the year was TRL 19 million. Furthermore, the Debt/EBITDA (BNRI) ratio increased from 0.4 at the end of December 2023 to 0.6 by the end of December 2024.

We are seizing international opportunities and the potential of export markets to reinforce our global presence.

In 2024, while seizing new international collaborations and expansion opportunities in export markets, we also put our global growth plans into action alongside our operations in Türkiye.

By strengthening our export strategy, we focused on new sales channels and worked to establish a broader reach in our target countries. Our goal is to further expand our export map and increase the share of exports in our overall sales.

As part of our growth efforts, we took further steps throughout the year to enhance our activities in international markets. We participated in the Ambiente and Paperworld Middle East trade fairs, as well as the ECRM (Efficient Collaborative Retail Marketing) event in New Orleans through our North American representative, HRS Global, strengthening our global partnerships.

As one of the suppliers of school kits distributed worldwide by UNICEF, we have continued our production and shipping processes in line with the orders we received, strengthening our collaboration. We believe that this collaboration has the potential to provide several opportunities for the future.

Within the framework of the supply agreement established with a global retail giant, we have arrived at the final phase of our preparations for our initial shipments in 2025. We plan to commence production by the end of the first quarter of 2025, with shipments starting at the beginning of the second quarter.

Sustainability is at the core of our operations.

We consider sustainability not just as a goal but as the fundamental reflection of our business ethics and corporate identity. In the areas of Climate Action and Quality Education, which are part of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals set to be achieved by 2030, we execute our corporate social responsibility projects under the umbrella of "Goodness Tree" and strive to enhance our ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) performance.

In all our activities, we strictly adhere to management system standards and place sustainability at the heart of our business strategies, driven by our responsibility to leave a more livable world for future generations.

With the awareness of the climate crisis and environmental sustainability, we continue to develop policies, systems, and processes while shaping our activities to reduce our carbon footprint. We make a difference by focusing on sustainability and product safety throughout the production cycle. To build a sustainable future, we establish global partnerships and move forward with a strong sense of responsibility.

Under the Adel Kalemcilik Environmental, Energy, and Climate Policy, we prioritize efficient resource use while focusing on water consumption, biodiversity conservation, and waste management. We plan integrated strategies to balance climate change and strive to contribute more to the circular economy. Our goal is to integrate this approach into both our product development processes and social impact projects. In collaboration with universities and through the work of our R&D Center, we continue to develop innovative products to expand our sustainable product portfolio.

We aim to reduce our waste by 50% and achieve the same rate of recycling by 2050, while also eliminating the use of petroleum-based plastics.

The actions we take to enhance our social and governance scores are equally essential to our Company as our performance on environmental matters.

As part of our commitment to corporate social responsibility, we actively collaborate with various non-governmental organizations and schools, particularly ÖRAV (Teachers Academy Foundation), the Turkish Education Association, and the Community Volunteers Foundation (TOG), to deliver societal benefits and create value. Through these initiatives, we continue to grow our Goodness Tree.

We are committed to supporting fair and safe working conditions while upholding ethical and responsible business practices. Our dedication to this approach distinguishes us within our industry. Reinforced by the principles of transparency, accountability, and collaboration, we further validate this commitment with the SEDEX certification, which is a globally recognized accreditation.

Driven by our determination to contribute to a sustainable future, we presented our 2023 Sustainability Report to our stakeholders in the final quarter of the year, prepared in compliance with Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standards. We will continue to share our reports transparently in the years ahead.

We are advancing our value proposition for a better future.

Making the best use of the growth opportunities offered by the market and continuously exploring new categories and business areas in line with our growth strategies remain among our primary goals. In pursuit of this goal, we have collaborated with Ottonya Innovation. As of 2025, we have secured an agreement to bring The Walt Disney Companylicensed children's products to stationery retail points for our consumers, incorporating items featuring Disney and Marvel characters into our portfolio.

We are making strides to transform Adel, which exceeds the requirements of being a traditional stationery company with its product portfolio, quality, and responsible production approach, into an Education and Office Technologies Company that aligns with evolving consumer demands and the spirit of the times. To build a diverse and robust portfolio, we are engaging with leading European technology companies while also working to incorporate various technological products from the Far East into our portfolio. By focusing on these products, we aim to enhance the quality of education and provide tools that create value for students and educators.

To reinforce our operational achievements with strong financial results, we remain committed to maintaining our commercial and financial sustainability through our financial approach based on effective management of balance sheets, costs, and risks in the coming period.

I extend my sincere gratitude to our employees, business partners, shareholders, investors, and all stakeholders who contribute to our shared future and success.

Best Regards,

Oğuz Uçanlar CEO

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Kamil Süleyman Yazıcı Chairman

Kamil Yazıcı graduated from New York Military Academy (1996), holds a BA degree in Marketing from Emory University Goizueta Business School (2000), an MBA degree from American Institute of Business and Economics (2005) and has completed the GMP program at the Harvard Business School (2017). Yazıcı started his Anadolu Group career in year 2000 in the Finance Presidency as Assistant Finance Specialist and resumed his career in Anadolu Efes Russia Beer operations during 2002-2011 where he held multiple roles as Marketing Manager, Logistics Manager, Supply Chain Director, Business Development Director and finally led a pan-Russian effort to re-structure the sales organization for greater efficiency and effectiveness. In 2011, he was appointed as General Manager of Efes Vitanta in Moldova and continued this role until 2014. In 2014, he was appointed as Market Development Director responsible for all international markets where the group did not operate locally and held this position until 2017. Since 2017, Kamil Yazıcı has been serving as Vice-Chairman on Anadolu Group holding and subsidiary Board of Directors. In addition, he serves as Board Member for TAİK (Turkish-American Business Council), TOGG (Turkish National Auto Initiative), HBS Alumnus (Harvard Business School's Alumni Board) and is the Vice-Chairman of KYYDAS (the Kamil Yazıcı Family Trust). He is also a member of TÜSİAD (Turkish Industry & Business Association).



Tuğban İzzet Aksoy Vice Chairman

Tuğban İzzet Aksoy graduated from the Management and International Finance Departments of the University of Oglethorpe in the USA, following his education at the Austrian High School. He began his professional career as an Assistant Expert in the Financial Affairs Directorate at Anadolu Endüstri Holding, in 1996. In December 1998 he was appointed as a Senior Broker at the Alternatifbank Treasury Department. Following five years in this role, Aksoy took on the role of Corporate Finance and Risk Manager at the Treasury and Risk Management Department of Anadolu Endüstri Holding A.Ş. in June 2003. In April 2008, he became Assistant Coordinator at Business Development Directorate, and between 2009-April 2019, he worked as Anadolu Group Energy Sector Coordinator. He continues to serve as Vice Chairman and Board Member in various Anadolu Group companies. Aksoy, who has participated in professional training and seminars in his field, is member of energy groups of TÜSİAD and TOBB. Aksoy has been serving as an honorary consul of Georgia since 2016 and also holds Georgian Government Medal of Honor.



i. İzzet Özilhan Board Member

i. İzzet Özilhan was born in İstanbul in 1982. He received his undergraduate degree from Hofstra University Banking and Finance Department in 2006 in USA. Özilhan, began his career as a Brand Representative at Coca Cola A.Ş in 2006 and served as Sales Representative in Coca-Cola Hellenic A.Ş. In 2009, he started working at Efes Russia and took up dutied as Finance Manager and Brand Distribution Representative. In 2011, he started in Anadolu Efes Türkiye as Market Development Supervisor and continued as Horeca Manager, Modern Trade Sales Director and On-Trade Directorate respectively. In 2024, he became a board member at several Anadolu Group companies. Özilhan was chosen as Board Member of TÜSİAD in 2024 and also acts as the Leader of its Food, Beverage and Agriculture Roundtable. He also acts as a Board Member at TÜRKONFED.



Meltem Metin Board Member

Born in 1969, she graduated Robert College in 1987 and studied Business Administration and Finance at Istanbul University. After a total 4 years of experience in marketing and financial control at Beymen and Pamukbank, she moved on with her career as a Financial Controller in Anadolu Holding in 1996. From 1998 onwards, she held Financial and General Management roles at Efes Invest and Coca-Cola Operations in Central Asia. She continued her role as General Manager of Coca-Cola Kazakhstan and Coca-Cola Kyrgyzstan after the merger of Efes Invest and Coca-Cola İçecek (CCI) in 2006. After an FMCG focused expat career of 9 years, she was appointed as the Strategy and Business Development Director at CCI HQ in 2009. She held the role while being a member of the Executive Committee of CCI until February 2021. She attended various executive programs at IMD and Harvard Business School. As a founding partner at Inova Grubu and Startme, she's been active in the Türkiye startup ecosystem providing end-to-end solutions to startups and startup investors since she left CCI in 2021.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Mehmet Hurşit Zorlu Board Member

Hurşit Zorlu holds a BCs degree in Economics from Istanbul University. Before joining the Anadolu Group as a Marketing Specialist at Efes Beverage Group in 1984, he held various positions in Toz Metal and Turkish Airlines. During his career at Efes Beverage Group, he assigned various positions including Assistant Marketing Manager, Assistant Project Development Manager, Project Development Manager and Business Development & Investor Relations Director respectively. Zorlu worked as Chief Financial Officer (CFO) at Anadolu Efes between 2000-2008 and CFO at Anadolu Group between 2008-2013. Zorlu served as Deputy CEO at Anadolu Group between 2013-2017. Hurşit Zorlu, who has been serving as the Chief Executive Officer of Anadolu Group since February 2017, retired as of April 1, 2024 from this position. Currently Hurşit Zorlu, is a Board Member of all Anadolu Group companies. Zorlu also served as the chair person of Anadolu Group Sustainability Committee of the Group. Hurşit Zorlu is a High Advisory Council Member of the Turkish Investor Relations Society (TÜYİD) and served as the 8th term Chairperson of the Corporate Governance Association of Türkiye (TKYD) between 2015-2017.



Burak Başarır Board Member

Burak Başarır holds a BA in Business Administration and a minor in Computer Sciences from American River College. He studied management at California State University of Sacramento and received a BSc degree in business administration from Middle East Technical University in 1995. Başarır joined Anadolu Group in 1998 with his first post at Coca Cola İçecek (CCI) and assumed increasing managerial responsibilities in finance and commercial functions. He was assigned as Coca-Cola İçecek CFO in 2005 and has played a significant role during CCI's IPO process and effectively managed the financial integration of Efes Invest with CCI. Başarır led the largest operation of CCI in terms of volume and sales as the Türkiye Region President between 2010 and 2013. Başarır was appointed as Coca-Cola İçecek CEO in January 2014. He served as Anadolu Group Soft Drinks Group President and Coca-Cola İçecek CEO between 2014 -2023. Başarır was appointed as Anadolu Group Deputy CEO in September 2023 and has been serving as Anadolu Group CEO since April 1st, 2024. Basarır is the Chairman of Anadolu Group Sustainability Committee and a member of the Turkish Industry & Business Association (TÜSİAD).



Tamer Haşimoğlu Board Member

He graduated from German High School and continued his higher education with a degree in Mechanical Engineering from Istanbul Technical University and a master's degree in International Business Administration from Istanbul University Institute of Business Economics. He started his professional career in 1989 as a Training Officer in Koc Holding Planning Coordination Department and worked as a Specialist, Manager and Coordinator. Between 2004 and 2011, he served as the Head of Strategic Planning at Koç Holding. During this period, he played an important role in determining the strategies of the Group companies and ensured that the main strategies and portfolio structure of Koç Group were determined. He carried out very important company acquisition and sales projects. These include the acquisitions of Tüpraş, Yapı Kredi and the sales of Migros, Koç Allianz, Demir Döküm, Döktaş and İzocam. From April 2011 to April 2022, he served as President of Koç Holding Tourism, Food and Retail Group. In this role, he was responsible for the management of 12 companies, including Koçtaş, Tat Gıda, Düzey Pazarlama, Divan, Setur, Setur Marinalar, Koç Sistem, KoçDigital, Ram and Inventram. Tamer Haşimoğlu currently serves as a Board Member in some Koç Group companies. In addition to these duties, he is a member of TÜSİAD and Hisar Education Foundation (HEV) Board of Trustees. For a period of time, he was a member of the Board of Directors of YASED, a member of the Turkish Tourism Investors Association and a member of the Board of Directors of IMEAK Merchant Marine.



Stephan Leo Rosen Board Member

Born in Nuremberg/Germany in 1963, Stephan Rosen graduated from European School in Varese (Italy). After an apprenticeship at GRUNDIG AG, he graduated 1988 in Business Administration from VWA Nuremberg and started his career in the export department of STAEDTLER. 1991 he continued to work for its subsidiary in Milan/Italy in management position (mainly for procurement, logistics and finance as well as establishing the brands LEITZ and TIPP-EX in Italy). Since 1995 he has worked for Faber-Castell headquarters in Stein as Export Manager, from 2003 to 2006 as Head of Profit Centre Europe. In 2006, he was appointed as Sales Director Europe. From 2007, he also took on the position of Managing Director for Faber-Castell Czech Republic. Between 2015 and 2016 he managed the subsidiary in Austria. In the period from 2016 to October 2023 he covered the position as Managing Director of FaberCastell Italy. In 2020, he was appointed Co-Managing Director for the subsidiaries in France and Denmark.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Izzet Karaca Independent Board Member

İzzet Karaca graduated from Boğaziçi University Industrial Engineering Department in 1977. Having started his professional career in 1977 at Koç Research and Development Centre, he held Industrial Engineer and IT Manager position until 1985. Between 1985-1988, Karaca worked as Systems and Organization Director at Ford Otosan. Since 1988, he held several positions at Unilever in Germany, Türkiye and Baltic States including Internal Audit Group Manager, Logistics Manager, Commercial Director and Managing Director. In addition, between 2011-2013, İzzet Karaca served as the Chairperson at YASED (International Investors Association). After serving as Executive Chairman at Unilever Türkiye and Unilever NAMET RUB (North Africa, Middle East, Russia, Ukraine and Belarus) and being a member of the Unilever CEO Forum, Karaca retired at December 2013. In 2015, he published his first book called "The New CEO is... You". Mr. Karaca fulfills all the criteria for an independent member set forth in the CMB Corporate Governance Principles. İzzet Karaca is a board member and consultant in various companies.



Tayfun Bayazıt Independent Board Member

Born in 1957, Tayfun Bayazıt got his bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from the Southern Illinois University, followed by a master's degree (MBA) from Columbia University. Having started his career at Citibank in 1983, Bayazıt assumed Executive Vice President and Senior Executive Vice President positions at Yapı Kredi Bank from 1986 until 1995. He was President and CEO at Interbank from 1995 to 1996, and at Banque de Commerce et de Placements from 1996 to 1999. Having served as Vice Chairman at Doğan Holding from 1999 until 2001, Bayazıt was later appointed as CEO and Board member at Dışbank (2001-2005), Fortis Bank (2005-2007), and Yapı Kredi Bank (2007-2009), where he consequently served as Chairman from 2009 to 2011. He has been working as a consultant since 2011. Tayfun Bayazıt complies with all of the independent member requirements, defined in the Capital Markets Board (CMB) Corporate Governance Principles.



Uğur Bayar Independent Board Member

Uğur Bayar graduated from New York State University, Department of Mathematics & Statistics with a BSc. degree. Bayar started his career at Citibank Türkiye in 1987 and served in various roles in the treasury department until he started public service in 1992. He served as the Vice President in Public Partnership Administration between 1992-1997 and President at Prime Ministry Privatization Administration of Türkiye between 1997-2002. During this time, he also assumed the Chairmanships of the Board at Erdemir and Petrol Ofisi, and the Board Memberships at Turkish Airlines and Turk Telekom. He joined Credit Suisse Türkiye in 2004 and served as the country CEO and Head of Investment Banking until 2017. He is currently serving as the Chairman of the Board of Tekfen Teknoloji Yatırım and as an independent board member at Migros Ticaret A.S. Between 2018-2024, Bayar was an independent board member at Anadolu Grubu, Anadolu Efes and Coca-Cola İçecek. Uğur Bayar complies with all of the independent member requirements, defined in the Capital Markets Board (CMB) Corporate Governance Principles.



Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen Independent Board Member

Mehmet Yükselen is graduated from Electronic Engineering from Boğaziçi University in 1991 and his MBA from Carnegie Mellon University. In 1993, Mr. Yükselen started his career as an expert consultant at The Boston Consulting Group and worked as an Assistant Manager at Mckinsey Company in 2000-2001, Istanbul Office Manager and Co-Founder at The Boston Consulting Group in 2001-2004, Strategy and Business Development Director at Sabancı Holding between 2004-2007, AccessTürkiye Capital Group Partner between 2007-2008, and Founding Partner at 2M Enerji ve Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. between 2005-2018. Since 2018, he continues to work as a Founding Partner in MY Investment, MY Enerjisolar, MY Energy, which are among the companies of MY Group of Companies. Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen complies with all of the independent member requirements, defined in the Capital Markets Board (CMB) Corporate Governance Principles.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Demir Şarman Agribusiness, Energy and Industry Group President

Demir Şarman started his career in 1993 as a Financial Audit Specialist at Arthur Andersen Türkiye and joined Anadolu Group's Beverage Division (Anadolu Efes) in 1997 as a Financial Controller. Between 1997-2009, Şarman held various positions at Anadolu Efes including CFO of Efes International and Group's Strategy and Business Development Director. Şarman served as the Chief Executive Officer of Anadolu Etap since its incorporation until June 2019. Demir Şarman, who assumed the responsibilities of Anadolu Group energy companies in April 2019, was appointed as Anadolu Group Agribusiness, Energy and Industry Group President in July 2019. Şarman is also a member of Anadolu Group Sustainability Committee. Besides carrying out his duties as the Chairman of the Federation of Food and Drink Industry Associations of Türkiye (TGDF) and Vice President of the International Fruit and Vegetable Juice Association (IFU), Şarman also performs his duties as the member of the Private Sector Advisory Committee of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). Demir Sarman graduated from Middle East Technical University, Department of Economics in 1993. He has an MBA degree from University of Chicago and is also a Certified Public Accountant.



Oğuz Uçanlar CEO

Oğuz Uçanlar received his BSc in mechanical engineering from Boğaziçi University in 2000 and his MBA from the University of Michigan in 2004. During the initial stages of his career he worked as an Export Manager for Ayvaz Endüstriyel Mamüller San. ve Tic. A.Ş. between 1997 and 2000 and then as Marketing Manager for Alarko Tourism Group in 2000 and 2001. He then held the positions of Advisor at PwC (2001-2002), Associate at Booz Allen Hamilton, Chicago, IL (2003-2007), Founder & CEO at Spaforever, Chicago, IL (2007-2011), Co-Founder and Managing Partner at 34 Developments, Chicago, IL (2007-2011), and Manager at Bain & Co., İstanbul (2011-2013). He joined the Anadolu Group in 2013, where he worked as Retail Group Director (2013-2014) before holding the position of Director of Operations and Sales (2014-2016) and CEO (2016-2023) at McDonald's. He has been serving as the CEO of Adel/Faber-Castell since January 2023.



Yasemen Güven Çayırezmez Chief Financial Officer

Yasemen Güven Cayırezmez received her bachelor's degree in management from Bilkent University in 1999 and her master of law degree from Yeditepe University in 2006. Having joined the Anadolu Group in 1999, Ms. Çayırezmez worked in various roles in the Finance Department of Efes Beverage Group including Finance Specialist, Business Development and Investor Relations Specialist, Finance Supervisor (Efes International), Financial Controller. She worked as Finance Manager at Efes Sınai Yatırım A.Ş. (2005-2006), Strategy and Business Development Manager at Coca-Cola İçecek A.Ş. (2006-2008), Strategy and Business Development Manager at Efes Beverage Group (2008-2011), Business Development Deputy Coordinator at Anadolu Endüstri Holding A.S. (2011-2017), and Business Development Director at Anaoldu Efes (2018-2021). She has been serving as the Chief Financial Officer of Adel Kalemcilik since Jnauary 2022.



Emre Kavukcuoğlu Chief Human Resources Officer

Emre Kavukçuoğlu received his bachelor's degree in business administration (in English) from İstanbul University in 2000 and completed the Financial Management Certificate Program at Istanbul University Graduate School of Business in 2001. Having joined the Anadolu Group in 2000, he first worked as Assistant HR Generalist at Anadolu Endüstri Holding A.Ş., where he later functioned as HR Generalist and HR Chief between 2003 and 2006. He transferred to Efes Beverage Group in 2006, where he served as HR Supervisor until 2009 and as Compensation and Benefits Manager until 2014. Kavukcuoğlu was the HR Director for Anadolu Efes Kazakhstan between 2014 and 2018, and for Anadolu Efes Türkiye between 2018 and 2022. He has been serving as the Chief Human Resources Director of Adel Kalemcilik since July 2022.



Zülfü Tunç
Procurement and Logistics Director

Zülfü Tunc received his bachelor's degree in business administration from Gazi University in 2009 and pursued a master's program (with dissertation) in the Accounting and Finance Department at the same university. He started his career as a research assistant in the Accounting and Finance Department in 2010 and then worked as Audit Assistant at Ernst & Young until the end of 2011. He joined the Anadolu Group in October 2011, where he worked as Assistant Audit Specialist. In June 2012, he joined Adel Kalemcilik within the frame of an in-group transfer and functioned as Internal Audit Specialist (2012-2014), Budget and Reporting and Investor Relations Supervisor (2014-2016), Procurement Manager (2016-2020), and Export & Corporate & E-Commerce Sales Manager (2020-2021). Zülfü Tunc then transferred to Arçelik as Internal Audit Manager in June 2021, before returning to Adel Kalemcilik in August 2022 as Procurement Director. Serving as Procurement and Logistics Director since October 2023, Zülfü Tunç holds a CPA since 2015.



Serhat Kara
Director of Operations

Serhat Kara received his bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from the Middle East Technical University in 2004 and earned an Executive MBA degree from Sabancı University in 2014. He worked as Manufacturing and Method Engineer at Otokar in 2005 and 2006. From April 2006, he held the positions of R&D Product Development Engineer, Uniformity and VOR Team Leader, and Technical Skill Improvement and Standardization Leader at Brisa Bridgestone and Sabancı. After working as Piston Ring Production Manager at Federal Mogul Powertrain in 2015, he assumed the roles of Quality Manager, followed by Plant Manager at Hayat Kimya between 2016 and 2018. Following his role as Operations Director at Amcor Flexibles from December 2018, he joined Anadolu Group where he has been serving as the Director of Operations since May 2023.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Murat Büyükkucak Chief Marketing Officer

Murat Büyükkucak received his bachelor's degree in political science and international relations from Boğaziçi University in 2002 and his master's degree in European politics and policy from The London School of Economics and Political Science in 2003. Having started his career as Junior Strategic Planner at Starcom in 2003, he worked as Assistant Brand Manager at Mondelēz International (2004-2006), Brand Manager at the Coca-Cola Company (2006-2009), and Brand Manager at Novartis (2009-2010). He worked for British American Tobacco Türkiye from 2010 to 2013, where he held the positions of Senior Brand Manager, and Marketing Planning and Information Manager. He then joined Vodafone, where he was the Corporate and Public Segment Senior Marketing Manager, Brand Strategy and Marketing Communications Senior Manager, Senior Marketing Manager -Segmented Product Owner, and Brand Strategy Marketing Communications Senior Manager between November 2013 and August 2020. He worked as Chief Marketing Officer at lyzico (September 2020-January 2022) and Senior Vice President, Brand Management at Akbank in 2022 and 2023. Murat Büyükkucak has been serving as Chief Marketing Officer at Adel Kalemcilik since December 2023.



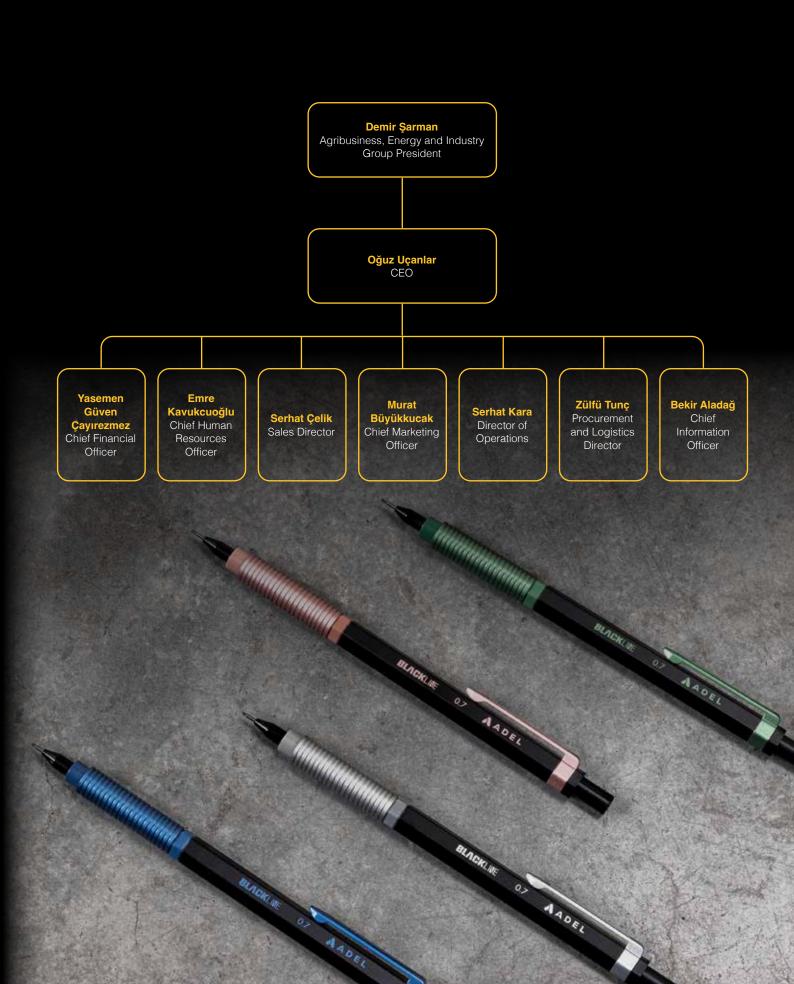
Serhat Çelik Sales Director

Serhat Celik received his bachelor's degree in food engineering from Uludağ University in 2008 and his MBA from Bahçeşehir University in 2015. Having started his professional life as a Sales Executive at Keskinoğlu in 2009, Çelik was Area Sales Representative at AgroLab GmbH. Having joined Anadolu Group in March 2010, Serhat Çelik held various positions at Coca-Cola İçecek A.Ş. (CCI), which included Sales Representative, Account Executive, Sales Executive, Field Executive. and Area Sales Executive for the Turkish operations. He was assigned as the Country Sales Manager of CCI-Kyrgyzstan, in which position he served from June 2019 until December 2021, and he was brought to the position of Sales Center Manager at CCI Türkiye between January 2022 and December 2023. He has been serving as Sales Director at Adel Kalemcilik since January 2024.



Bekir Aladağ Chief Information Officer

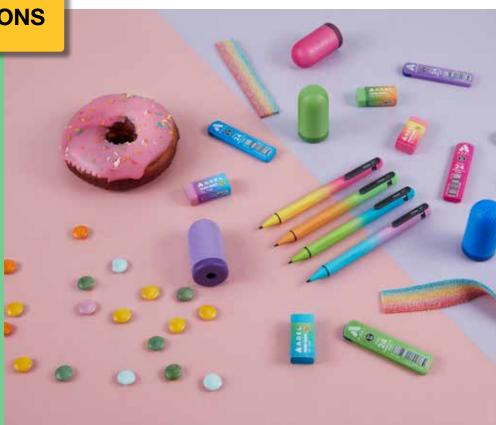
Bekir Aladağ received his associate degree in computer programming from Anadolu University in 1993 and his bachelor's degree in business administration from the same university in 1999. He started his career as a computer programmer at Biltaş in 1995. He joined Anadolu Group in August 1996 and held various positions at Coca-Cola İçecek A.Ş. (CCI), which included Information Technology Business Analyst for AS400 systems, Information Technology SAP Business Analyst, and Information Technology SAP Finance Executive. He then worked as Information Technology Manager for CCI-Turkmenistan from March 2012 until March 2016, when he returned to the Turkish operations. Aladağ worked as. IT Applications Integration Manager until year-end 2016, and Digital Technology Commercial Operations Manager between January 2017 and October 2023. He has been serving as Chief Information Officer at Adel Kalemcilik since November 2023.



INVESTOR RELATIONS

consistent dividend payer

Adel is known among investors as a consistent dividend payer.



Adel has been listed under the ticker symbol "ADEL" on the istanbul stock exchange since 1996. 27.71% of the company's shares are included in the BIST ALL-100, BIST STAR, BIST ALL, BIST INDUSTRIAL, BIST 500 and BIST ISTANBUL indexes.

The Investor Relations Unit manages communication between the Board of Directors and shareholders. Its primary focus is to ensure the effective exercise of shareholder rights. The IRU's duties include publishing material event disclosures as required by capital market regulations, publishing periodic informational announcements for the benefit of investors, managing the content of the company's website, preparing annual reports, and

responding to shareholders' written and verbal requests for information.

The Adel Kalemcilik Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for overseeing the Investor Relations Department. The committee defines standards for all public disclosures and basic investor relations principles. It reviews these standards and principles, as well as compliance with them, on an annual basis. The committee makes recommendations concerning these matters to the Board of Directors as necessary. The Investor Relations Department prepares a report on its activities and submits it to the Corporate Governance Committee every time the committee convenes.

Dividend Policy

Adel Kalemcilik allocates profits and pays dividends in accordance with its articles of association, subject to the requirements of Turkish commercial, capital market, tax, and other applicable laws, regulations, and administrative provisions. It is the company's policy to distribute at least 50% of its distributable profit to shareholders in the form of cash dividends and/or bonus shares each year. Implementation of this policy however is subject to the need for investments and other funding to support the company's long-term growth and may therefore be modified or suspended in the event of extraordinary developments in economic conditions. The Board of Directors passes a dividendrecommendation resolution for each fiscal year and submits it to the General Assembly of Shareholders for their approval. The general assembly sets the date for the start of dividend distribution but that date must be before the end of the year in which it is set.

General meetings

Information about Adel Kalemcilik general meetings is provided in the "Corporate Governance/ Additional information about corporate governance/ Shareholders/General meetings" section of this report

Dividend Payments

Adel has been a consistent dividend payer since 2006.

At the company's annual general meeting held on 16 April 2024, shareholders passed a resolution (1) approving the payment of a cash dividend totaling TRL 150,002 thousand out of the company's unconsolidated net profit as determined in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards / Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and as prescribed by CMB Communique II:41.1 concerning

principles with which joint stock companies subject to the Capital Markets Law must comply, (2) stipulating that shareholders who are resident taxpayers will receive a gross dividend of TRL 6.3493 (634.93% dividend) and a net (after-tax) dividend of TRL 5.71437 (571.44% dividend) for each share of stock with a par value of TRL 1.00 that they hold and (3) effecting cash dividend payments on 26 September 2024. The company's paid-in capital was increased by 1,000% from TRL 23,625,000 to TRL 259,875,000. The TRL 236,250,000 increase was fully funded by capitalizing internal resources, with bonus shares being issued to represent it. As a result of this bonus share issue, our previously-announced cash dividend per share and ratio coefficients were also adjusted to reflect the new paid-in capital. From our 2023 net profit, a gross dividend of TRL 150,002,000 was paid to tax-resident corporations. This translates to a gross dividend of TRL 0.5772 per share with a nominal value of TRL 1.00 and corresponds to a gross dividend payout ratio of 57.72%. After taxes, the net dividend per share is TRL 0.5195 and corresponds to a net dividend payout ratio of 51.95%.

Share Capital Increase, Bonus Share Issue & CMB Application

At meetings of the Adel Board of Directors held on 1 July 2024 and 19 July 2024, the company's directors voted (1) in view of the TRL 1,450,000 thousand registered capital ceiling specified in article 10 ("Capital") of Adel's articles of association, to increase the company's paid-in capital from TRL 23,625 thousand TRL to TRL 259,875 thousand through a 1,000% bonus share issue, with the TRL 236,250 thousand increase being funded entirely from internal resources and (2) to amend both article 10 ("Capital") and article 12 ("Shares") of the articles of association accordingly as permitted by article 18 of the Capital Markets Law (Statute 6362). The Capital Markets Board of Türkiye (CMB) has approved this share capital increase. This approval, along with the authorization to issue the bonus shares, was announced in CMB Bulletin 2024/43 dated 28 August 2024. Shareholders could begin exercising their right to receive bonus shares on 4 September 2024. The changes in our company's articles of association were registered by the Istanbul Trade Registry on 20 September 2024.

Credit Rating

Adel's long-term (National) credit rating has been upgraded from "AA (tr)" to "AA+ (tr)" by credit rating agency JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. The company's short-term (National) credit rating and outlook remained unchanged at J1+ (tr) and "Stable" respectively.

JCR Eurasia Rating (23 August 2024)	Note	Outlook
Long-Term National Credit Rating	AA+(tr)	Stable
Short-Term National Credit Rating	J1+(tr)	Stable
Long-Term International Foreign Currency Credit Rating	BB	Stable
Long-Term International Local Currency Credit Rating	BB	Stable

ACTIVITIES

market leader

Adel is a market leader thanks both to its production capabilities and to the knowledge and experience of more than half a century in business.



Sectoral Review & Adel's Position in the Sector

The stability and growth potential of Türkiye's stationery market are ensured both by the country's youthful demographics and by an educational system in which some 26 million students ranging from preschool to post-graduate are enrolled.

Particularly in recent years, the increasing integration of technology into daily life, coupled with a growing awareness of sustainability, has been reflected in consumer expectations, leading to a significant transformation in the stationery sector. At the core of these changes lies rapid digitalization on one hand, and an increasing

demand for products made from recyclable and eco-friendly materials on the other.

With numerous players, many of whom are global actors, and import-heavy, Türkiye's stationery market is an intensely competitive one. Adel however leads the market thanks to its production capabilities, its product diversification based on its R&D and innovation capabilities, the knowledge and experience of more than half a century in business. The company's chief advantages are high domestic production capacity, reputation as the most-preferred consumer brand, product quality and reliability, distribution efficiencies, and financial strength.

Adel's status as an approved global supplier for UNICEF also sets it apart in the competitive landscape.

Adel, which effectively seizes the growth opportunities presented by the market, is fully aware of the responsibility placed on it by the wide audience it serves and distinguishes itself by focusing on sustainability and product safety throughout its production cycle.

Based on brand awareness research* conducted annually by Adel, the "Faber-Castell" brand boasts 98% awareness, establishing it as by far the leading brand in the industry in terms of positioning. The "Adel" brand boasts a 75% brand awareness, positioning it as one of the leading brands in the industry.

Adel's business is cyclical in nature.

The dynamics of the stationery industry in Türkiye are cyclical, with peak demand being determined by school openings and closures and by dealer and retailer stock replenishments. Customers typically place orders for the current year during its first quarter. These orders are manufactured as required and shipped during the second quarter to ensure that there are sufficient stocks of products available to meet the surge in consumer demand in the third quarter when schools reopen.

Each year, Adel accepts orders for goods from retailers attending first-quarter trade fairs. Depending on their nature, these goods may be manufactured by Adel itself or imported. The company requires customers to provide a bond or other form of collateral sufficient to cover the value of their orders; the orders themselves are shipped by the end of the third quarter.

Owing to the cyclical nature of its business therefore, the company's net debt and net operating capital requirements typically peak at the end of the third quarter. Towards the end of the year however, both return to normal levels.

Adel is distinguished by its production and brand strengths.

Standing out with its production capacity, and investments in research and development, Adel has been providing physical and chemical testing capabilities specific to the stationery sector at its R&D Center, which holds a license from the Ministry of Industry and Technology since 2019, and has been leading the industry by developing products that comply with the chemical product safety regulations of all countries within its commercial field of activity.

Constantly innovating, Adel introduces 300 or so new products every year. It also invests in R&D in its ongoing efforts to improve its materials and manufacturing processes in ways that are both economically and environmentally sustainable. Patent-awarded machinery designed and developed by Adel itself sharpen the company's competitive edge in the market.

Adel, which values academic studies, collaborates with prominent scholars in their respective fields and carries out sectoral partnerships through national and international funding programs with its competent team under the roof of its R&D Center.

Seizing the growth opportunities presented by the market, Adel is fully aware of the responsibility entrusted by its extensive audience and stands out in the production cycle through its commitment to sustainability and product safety.

Adel is a leading manufacturer of a wide range of nearly 1,000 different stationery and art supplies including wood-cased pencils, paint and copy pens, ballpoint pens, rollerball pens, felt-tip markers and pens, crayons, watercolors, erasers, pencil sharpeners, playdough, and gouache paints. Adel's products are known for their high quality, durability, and affordability.

Alongside its own brands, Adel boasts an extensive product portfolio developed in collaboration with leading stationery brands worldwide, engaging in marketing and sales activities for over 3,000 product varieties.

Adel's production capability, bolstered by R&D as well as innovation, consistently fosters new ventures and partnerships.





ACTIVITIES

R&D and innovation

Adel's production capability, bolstered by R&D and innovation, consistently fosters new ventures and partnerships.



Furthermore, studies on products developed in line with sustainability goals continue in the R&D Center. In addition to reducing the amount of petrochemical-derived plastics, the development stages of products made from alternative raw materials, with a reduced carbon footprint using natural resources, have been completed and have moved on to the prototype product testing phase. Additionally, development studies on the primary packaging of products aimed at providing sustainable solutions and reducing plastic consumption, are progressing rapidly.

As part of Adel's ongoing R&D and innovation-focused studies:

Materials developed through upcycling using natural resources have found applications in many sectors, and Adel has become the first company and R&D center to adapt these materials to the stationery sector.

Efforts are ongoing to protect the developed material and product combination through patent applications.

The advisory academician support team from national universities is being expanded to increase the speed of access to knowledge. The launch of a new product line is targeted for 2025.

In efforts to bring waste sawdust from wood-based products into the circular economy, studies are being accelerated to submit R&D projects to TÜBİTAK funding programs, aimed at both using them in plastic product groups and transforming them into different components in wood-based products.

As part of domestic supplier development efforts, open innovation studies have been initiated for the local production of felt-tip paint pen inks within the scope of import substitution.

In response to evolving consumer demands and expectations, research on artistic quality paint lead that enhances writing and painting comfort has been completed and has moved into the mass production phase.

Studies have been completed for watercolors that will have a long storage life in different geographic climates around the world.

The development of pencils with different themes and features is ongoing.

Currently, about fifty R&D collaborations are being coordinated, with 10% of them involving domestic universities and focusing on the development of innovative products and systems that enhance the quality of outputs that will serve the sustainable product portfolio in the coming years. The remaining 80% consists of service and business collaborations managed through an agile project approach, with the involvement of the R&D Center.

"Development of Pencil Slats from Waste Biomass", "Development of Sustainable Natural Wood Adhesive from Waste Biomass", "Development of Stationery Products Using Plastic Materials Derived from Household Waste Through Advanced Recycling Techniques", "Optimized Ballpoint Pen", and "Applications of Recycled Plastic Materials in Stationery Products" are some of the projects carried out between 2024 and 2026.

As part of Adel's R&D efforts on alternative raw materials for sustainable production:

Sustainable packaging studies are ongoing and the use of recycled plastic in crayon packaging has been expanded.

The vast majority of waste sawdust from the production of wood-cased pencils is utilized for energy conversion, and composite materials containing sawdust are being developed to reduce the consumption of petroleum-derived materials in line with green conversion goals. As a result of ongoing collaborations, steps have been taken to incorporate these materials into the bodies of watercolor plastic cases and felt-tip pens.

Adel has completed 32 R&D projects to date, 4 of which were completed in 2024 and

had a budget of over EUR 100 thousand. The number of registered patents held by Adel has reached 14, alongside 41 registered designs and 2 utility models. The Company publishes articles in peer-reviewed journals and technical journals in the field of R&D and has presented a paper at the 2024-Polymer Congress. Adel has participated as a speaker 4 times at university student-industry networking events.

Product safety and management systems are in place at every stage of Adel's production operations.

Adhering to a responsible production approach and making product safety central to its production processes, Adel has 10 thousand product-safety and 30 thousand product-quality tests conducted every year on average

in fulfillment of its "We will never sell anything that we wouldn't let our own kids use" promise.

Adel is committed to producing high-quality products that touch people's lives, shape their dreams, and have a positive impact on the future. Heedful of complying with all management system standards in the conduct all of its operations, Adel therefore sets compliance targets and devotes resources to their fulfillment, ensures that all employees are made aware of standards and of the necessity of owning and complying with them, and strives to constantly improve and develop process performance.

Adel conducts its operations within the framework of the following certifications:

- ISO 9001 Quality Management System
- ISO 27001 Information Security Management System
- ISO 14001 Environmental Management System
- ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System
- ISO 50001 Energy Management System
- ISO 28000 Security Management System
- SEDEX Certificate
- Zero Waste
- FSC ® C130058 Certificate
- TSI Conformity Certificate

Sales

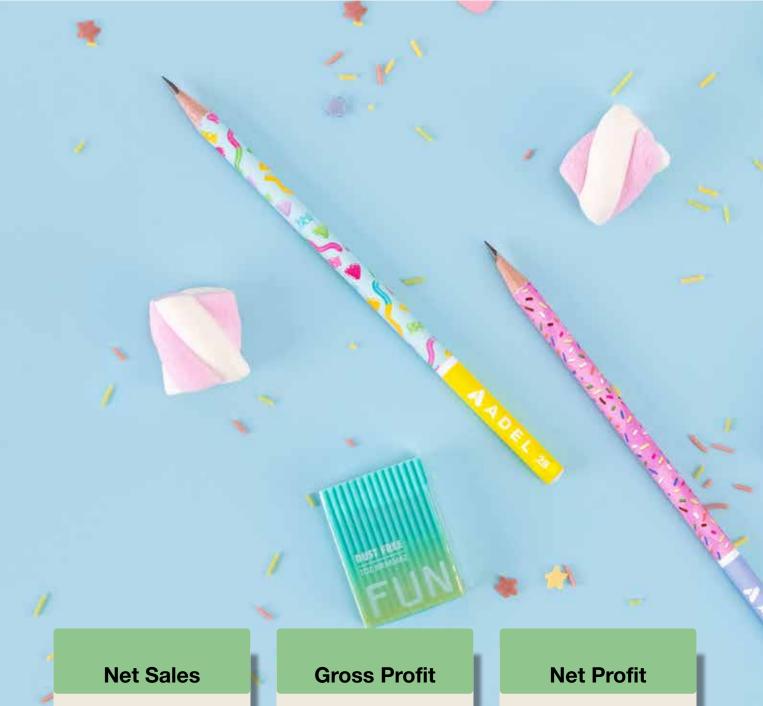
The comparative values of our net sales revenue from our commercial activities in 2024, categorized by their nature, compared to the same period last year, are as follows:

Net Sales (TRL million)	January-December 2023	January-December 2024	Change (%)
Domestic sales	3,040	2,586	-15%
International sales	225	126	-44%
Total	3,265	2,712	-17%

ASSESSMENT OF 2024 FINANCIAL RESULTS

Disclaimer

As required by the Capital Markets Board, our 2024 financials have been adjusted to account for the effects of inflation pursuant to TAS 29 ("Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies"). For this reason, all financial statements presented herein, including comparative data from earlier reporting periods, have been restated in accordance with TAS 29 to account for changes in the overall purchasing power of the Turkish lira. The resulting figures are indicative of the Turkish lira's purchasing power as of 31 December 2024.



TRL 2,712 million

TRL 1,388 million

TRL 19 million

Key Financial Highlights

(TRL million)		2023	2024	%
\				
Net Sales		3,265	2,712	-17%
Gross Profit		1,524	1,388	-9%
EBITDA (BNRI) (1)		733	549	-25%
Net Profit/(Loss) before Tax		637	76	-88%
Net Profit/(Loss)		629	19	-97%
Net Working Capital	_	771	807	5%
Net Financial Debt		271	348	29%
Free Cash Flow		155	(34)	n.m.
Gross Profit Margin		47%	51%	
EBITDA (BRNI) Margin (1)		22%	20%	
Net Profit Margin		19%	1%	

 $^{^{\}star}$ All figures and tables in this report include IFRS16 impact. $^{\mbox{\tiny (1)}}$ BNRI: Before non-recurring items



Net Sales (TRL million)

3,265 2,712

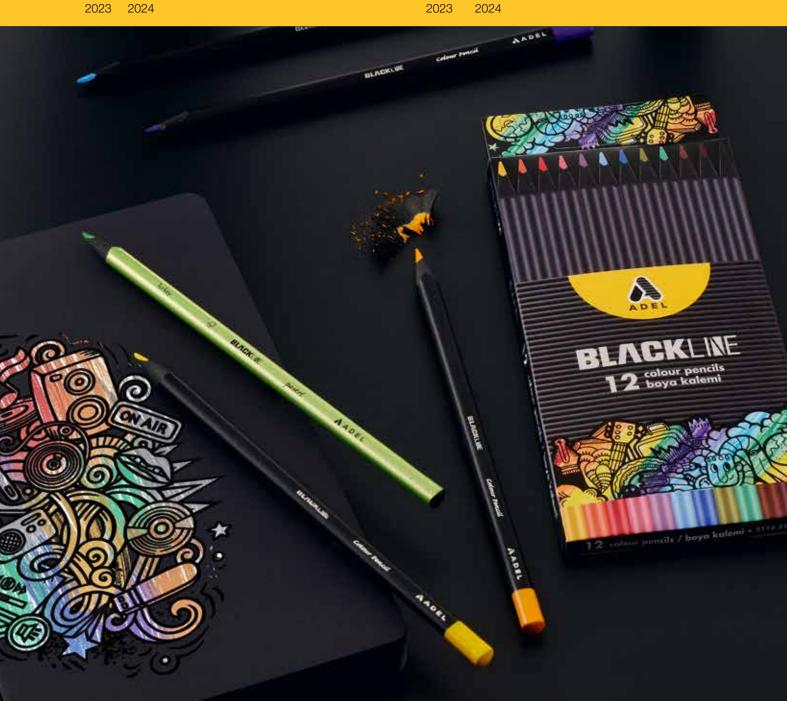
Weighing in at TRL 2,712 million, net sales were down 17% year-on-year The decline in sales can be attributed primarily to a decrease in consumer purchasing power, which has had a more significant impact on consumer behavior in the 2024 season. However if the effects of the mandatory application of TAS 29 are excluded, net sales 33% increase and would have amounted to TRL 2,334 million in value.

Net Profit (TRL million)

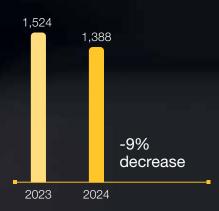


Net profit decreased to TRL 19 million in 2024, compared to TRL 629 million in the same period last year. This decline was driven by factors impacting both gross profit and EBITDA margin, as well as by a substantial increase in financing costs due to increasingly higher interest rates. Excluding the effects of TAS 29, net profit weighed in at TRL 211 million.

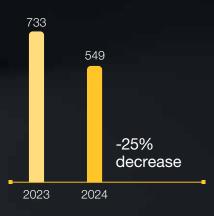
2023 2024



Gross Profit (TL million)



EBITDA (BNRI) (TRL million)



2024 gross profit was down by 9% compared to 2023 and amounted to TRL 1,388 million. The company's gross profit margin also improved significantly in 2024, reaching 51%, or 400 basis points above its 2023 figure. When we exclude the effects of TMS 29, our gross profit shows a remarkable 1.4-fold increase, reaching TRL 1,400 million. Similarly, our gross profit margin shows a substantial improvement, rising by 300 basis points to 60%.

Türkiye's inflationary environment and the associated rise in costs and operating expenses impacted BNRI EBITDA, which declined by 25% year-on-year to TRL 549 million. The BNRI EBITDA margin also decreased, falling by 200 basis points to 20%. Excluding the effects of TMS 29, BNRI EBITDA increased by 13% to TRL 609 million while the BNRI EBITDA margin decreased by 500 basis points to 26%.

Gross Profit Margin, %



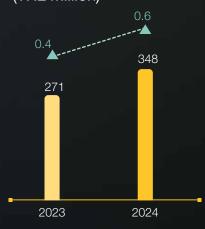
EBITDA (BNRI) Margin, %



Net Working Capital (TRL million)



Net Financial Debt (TRL million)



Free Cash Flow (TRL million)



Net Working Capital (TL million)

-_- Net Working Capital/Net Sales (%)

As of end-2024, Adel's net working capital requirement was TRL 807 million. Through effective balance sheet management, the company managed to keep the year-on- year increase in NWC to 5%, well below every posted rate of inflation.

That said, Adel's net working capital/ net sales ratio, which was 24% at end-2023, weighed in at 30% as of end-2024.

The company's as of end-2024 net financial debt was up by 29% year-on-year and weighed in at TRL 348 million as of end-2024.

Net Financial Debt (TL million)

- Net Financial Debt/EBITDA (BNRI)

Adel's Net Debt/EBITDA (BNRI) ratio, which was 0.4 at end-2023, increased to 0.6 as of end-2024.

* The Net Debt/EBITDA (BNRI) ratio is calculated on the basis of the previous twelve months' EBITDA (BNRI) figures.

As of end-2024, Adel showed a negative free cashflow of TRL 34 million. This is TRL 189 million less than what it was at end-2023.

RISKS

Financial Risks: In accordance with the dynamics of the industry in which our company operates and the financial instruments it employs, our company may be subject to a variety of financial risks, including mainly interest rate risk, currency risk, liquidity risk, and receivables risk. Our company meticulously defines, assesses, and manages risks in order to mitigate the impacts of these risks, which are related to uncertainties and market fluctuations.

Within the framework of our risk management strategy, potential risks are systematically mitigated and their impacts are reduced through the implementation of established procedures and policies. In this context, our company adopts a proactive approach to ensure financial sustainability and operational assurance.

Interest Rate Risk: Aligning with the requirements of the industry in which it operates, our company operates with high working capital during the first nine months of the year, which increases its sensitivity to changes in credit interest rates. Fluctuations in interest rates may occur due to geopolitical risks and macroeconomic indicators in our country.

Our company finances its net working capital needs that may arise in the course of its operations through equity and, when necessary, loans. Measures taken against liquidity risk and interest rate risk include closely monitoring the maturity structure of loans, extending short-term liabilities to longer terms, bond issuances, evaluating receivables through discounting methods, and diversifying funding sources with alternative financing instruments. In this context, our company maintains a dynamic approach to financial planning.

By virtue of our disciplined and effective financing policies, our operations are supported by borrowing costs below market interest rates. In the upcoming period, we will continue to prioritize efficiency in financial management to ensure the sustainability of our robust balance sheet.

Currency Risk: Our company is exposed to currency risk due to its commercial activities, as its foreign currency liabilities exceed its foreign currency assets. To mitigate the impacts of this risk and protect against cost fluctuations, derivative financial instruments are employed as a hedge against currency risk.

In line with our risk management policy, at least 50% of the currency risk is hedged, thus ensuring that the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on financial performance is effectively managed. Currency risk management contributes to our company's long-term financial sustainability and strong balance sheet goals. As of 2024, our company has not been exposed to any currency risk thanks to our successful risk management strategies.

Receivables Risk: In the last quarter of the year, our company collects payments for orders received during the campaigns and trade fairs held at the beginning of the year. To minimize receivables risk and streamline collection processes, various payment systems, including credit cards, the Direct Debit System (DDS), Vinov, and checks, are effectively utilized upon the shipment of these orders.

The credit card campaigns organized in the first quarter of the year to reduce receivables risk and working capital requirements provide significant convenience in collection processes. The remaining dealer receivables are managed through other secured payment systems and open risks are mitigated by obtaining letters of guarantee. This systematic and disciplined approach of our company supports the effective management of financial risks and contributes to sustainable growth.

The diversification of payment systems not only accelerates collection processes but also plays a crucial role in maintaining the stability of our company's cash flow. In 2024, through the advance payment and credit card campaigns organized, approximately 40% of sales made to the traditional channel were collected within the campaign period, thus significantly reducing receivables risk.



MADEL PRIME







SUMMARY BALANCE SHEET

(TRL million)	31.12.2023	31.12.2024
Cash and equivalents	1,146	659
Short-term financial investments	189	-
Trade receivables	171	131
Inventories	889	789
Other current assets	245	213
Current Assets	2,640	1,792
Financial investments	1	1
Other receivables	1	-
Tangible assets	804	790
Right of use assets	195	153
Intangible assets	114	89
Other non-current assets	44	17
Non-Current Assets	1,159	1,050
Total Accord	0.700	0.040
Total Assets	3,799	2,842
Short term borrowings	1,126	390
Short term portion of long term borrowings	377	111
Trade payables	202	133
Other current liabilities	331	193
Current Liabilities	2,036	827
Long term borrowings	103	506
Long term provisions	56	60
Non-Current Liabilities	159	566
Equity	1,604	1,449
Total Liabilities & Equity	3,799	2,842

SUMMARY INCOME STATEMENT

(TRL million)	1 January- 31 December 2023	1 January- 31 December 2024
Revenues	3,265	2,712
Cost of sales (-)	(1,741)	(1,324)
Gross Profit	1,524	1,388
Operating expenses (-)	(1,004)	(1,034)
Other Operating Income /Expense (net)	36	(31)
Operating Income	556	323
Income /(expense) from investment operations	1	(45)
Profit/loss shares from investments accounted through equity method	(2)	-
Financial income/(expense) (net)	(151)	(315)
Monetary gains / (losses)	233	113
Income/(Loss) Before Tax from Continuing Operations	637	76
Tax income/(expense)	(8)	(57)
Net Income/(Loss)	629	19
EBITDA (BNRI)	733	549
Profitability Ratios	1 January- 31 December 2023	1 January- 31 December 2024
Gross Profit Margin	47%	51%
Operating Profit Margin	17%	12%
Net Profit Margin	19%	1%
EBITDA (BNRI) Margin	22%	20%
Market Capitalization as of December 31st (TRL thousand)	7,926	8,701

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS DISCLAIMER

This document contains forward-looking statements concerning future performance and should be regarded as the company's good faith assumptions about the future. Such forward-looking statements reflect management's expectations based on currently available information at the time they are made. Adel's actual results are subject to future events and uncertainties that may significantly affect the company's performance.

WORKLIFE AT ADEL

agile organization

Adel oversees its human resources practices with the awareness that making the right career plans at the right time for its talents is essential for building an agile organization.



HR & talent management

When investing in its employees' professional and personal development, Adel strives to create a high-performance corporate culture in which individual goals are aligned with the company's overall vision.

Adel's recruitment process is designed to ensure equality and fairness. This approach fosters a harmonious and productive work environment where employees possess the competencies needed to contribute to the company's vision, mission, and strategic goals. In the conduct of its recruitment operations, Adel aims to give everyone an equal chance while also being mindful of candidates' compatibility with the company's culture and long-term goals.

Adel takes a thoroughgoing approach to talent management, meticulously examining all aspects of the process from recruitment and performance evaluation to career development and succession planning. The company recognizes that having the right career plans in place for its employees at the right time is essential for creating an agile organization. This awareness is what drives human resources practices at Adel.

Adel is committed to developing its employees into well-rounded individuals who are globally-minded and collaborative, who value continuous learning, and who are also analytical, proactive, and capable of making decisions independently. Ultimately, Adel believes that employees should be driven by a focus on business and customer needs.

As a member of the Anadolu Group, Adel participates in Anadolu Holding's Organizational Development Meetings process. This process is a systematic approach whose aim is to ensure that career planning and succession strategies are regularly reviewed for all employees at all levels. The process also helps to identify critical roles and high-potential employees.

Adel adheres to a uniform compensation policy consisting of a fixed salary augmented by performance bonuses. This policy applies to all non-union personnel up to and including senior executives and those they report to.

Adel's compensation practices ensure equal treatment for all employees. Decisions are never based on factors such as language, race, color, gender, political opinion, belief, religion, sect, age, or physical disability. Every care is taken to ensure that Adel's performance management system makes no distinctions whatsoever based on such factors and that all employees are paid exactly what their responsibilities, skills, and performance entitles them to.

Annual performance reviews provide white-collar personnel with feedback and support for their professional development. Adel's own Recognition & Reward system is used in tandem with Anadolu Holding's Bi-Fikir Reward system. In this way, Adel encourages its employees to be creative and innovative by ensuring that their ideas and accomplishments are rewarded at both the company and corporate group levels.

Adel refines its HR strategies with an eye for enhancing organizational effectiveness & culture, leadership, growth opportunities, and employee satisfaction, basing everything it does with these core values in mind.

Adel has adopted a set of policies and practices aimed at safeguarding the rights of its employees and at increasing employee satisfaction.

Training

United by a passion for success, we at Adel Kalemcilik are constantly on the lookout for ways to work and build a successful future together. Through Adel Campus, employees are provided with training resources which they can seize as opportunities for successfully advancing their careers at the company. Our catalog encompasses a variety of training programs that support both competency and professional development.

In 2024, as part of the Adel Campus training programs, a total of 1,309 hours (employee*hour) of training was conducted on various topics, including "12 Difficult Situation Dialogues", "Fast and Micro Learning", "New Networking in Business Life", "Artificial Intelligence", "Personal Image and Brand Management", "Data Science Analytics", and Adel develops its Human
Resources strategies with
a focus on organization
& culture, leadership,
growth opportunities, and
employee satisfaction,
grounding all its activities in
these core values.



WORKLIFE AT ADEL

together to the future

As Adel Kalemcilik we are driven by a shared passion for success, looking always to the future and shaping it together.



"Finance for Non-Finance Professionals". Through these programs, Adel employees not only strengthened their existing competencies but also enhanced their ability to quickly adapt to changes and transformations in the business world.

Adel believes that leadership training empowers employees, enabling them to unleash their individual and collective potential. This has a profound and impact on the successes they achieve together. For this reason, Adel Campus introduced leadershipfocused "Adel Lead" training for personnel at or above the "Specialist" paygrade with the aim of supporting them at every stage of their leadership journeys.

Within the program developed in collaboration with Bahçeşehir University for Adel Kalemcilik management candidates to discover and develop their leadership skills, participants are allowed to take the first step in shaping their future and gain the opportunity to make a bright

start to leadership. Covering topics such as analytical thinking and decision-making, success and results orientation, and next-generation leadership, the program provided a 15-member study group with a total of 1,050 hours of training in 2024.

The Adel Lead Discover "Behavior-Transforming Leadership" Program, also conducted in partnership with Bahçeşehir University, approaches leadership from four dimensions: managerial competencies, mindset, heart intelligence, and visionary thinking.

These four dimensions are conveyed to participants through different modules focusing on self-awareness and personal leadership, business leadership, team leadership, and future-oriented leadership, supported by related tests and games.

Each module is linked to Adel's core competencies, and practical examples are provided.

The Company directors participating in the program have the opportunity to reflect the impact of their managerial competencies on the entire system more effectively through module lessons and one-on-one coaching sessions within the scope of the Adel Lead Advance program.

In the final module of the program, managers and their leaders come together to evaluate the entire management team based on the criteria of "Positivity" and "Productivity", to assess the current status and define goals, clarify action plans, and establish a shared, sustainable "Team Agreement". A total of 840 hours of training was conducted, with all directors participating in the program.

The Adel Lead Follow Up program, which was designed to deepen the leadership journey of participants who have completed the Discover and Shine programs and to focus on the development areas of the participants, also

enables participants to develop impactful projects that enhance business processes at the end of the program.

In 2024, Adel Kalemcilik's 2023 Discover and Shine graduates continued their development journey within the scope of the Lead Follow Up programs. They completed one-onone mentorship processes by participating in Discover Follow Up and Shine Follow Up programs that deepened their leadership journey.

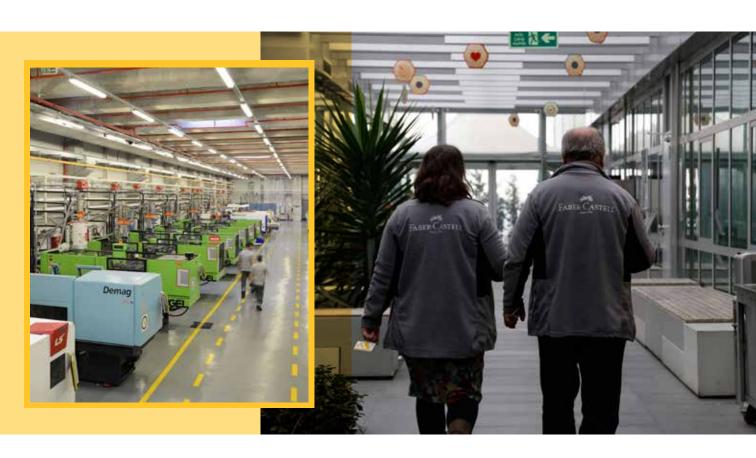
The Shine group engaged in three and the Discover group in five development area-focused sessions, concentrating on enhancing their leadership competencies. Following their coach-like mentorship process, participants transformed their creative ideas into projects that would add value to business processes.

During the Project Presentation Day held in December, participants presented their projects to the CEO and leadership team of Adel Kalemcilik. While managerial feedback supported the further development of these projects, their potential for implementation was also assessed.

Within the scope of Adel Lead Campus, a total of 2,557 hours of training was conducted in 2024.

In 2024, Adel delivered 11,387 hours of training across various areas, including mandatory legal compliance, technical skills, first aid, environmental awareness, occupational health & safety, competition law, and information security.

In 2024, a total of 2,557 hours of training was conducted within the scope of Adel Lead Campus,



WORKLIFE AT ADEL

In addition to company-supplied training resources, qualifying employees of all Anadolu Group members benefit from discounts on master's and doctoral programs at Koç, Sabancı, Bilgi, Özyeğin, Bahçeşehir, and Okan universities. This gives them the chance to advance their careers by developing themselves academically.

Opportunity equality

At Adel, equality of opportunity is seen as a core value that is embedded in its business model.

Adel takes decisive action to ensure that all organizational processes, from hiring to promotion and from compensation to training, are based solely on objective and transparent criteria. The company is committed to having a workplace in which age, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation, physical disabilities, and socioeconomic background have absolutely no role whatsoever to play in how employees are treated. For employees with disabilities, Adel also takes great care to provide a fully accessible and inclusive workplace environment.

As a firm believer in UN SDG 5 ("Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls"), Adel regards gender equality as one of its core values and strives to prioritize it in all of its operational processes. In this regard, Adel has elevated the proportion of female employees to 35% and the proportion of women in managerial positions to 40%.

Adel regularly reviews and assesses all of its processes and practices and proactively takes steps to continuously improve and bring them into better alignment with its vision of being a fair and inclusive place to work. For the purpose of roadmapping these improvements, Adel has identified short, medium, and long-term goals:

- 2030: Women are equally (50%) represented in the workforce and hold 35% of management positions
- 2050: The workforce is fully inclusive in terms of such diversity criteria as gender, race, and age.

Occupational health & safety

Adel regards employee health and safety as a matter of the utmost importance and therefore gives great attention to the robustness and sustainability of its workplace health services. The company employs a professional healthcare staff consisting of a full-time workplace physician along with two full-time registered nurses who work on a shift basis.

Adel also offers optional private health insurance and supplementary coverage plans to make it easier for its employees to access the healthcare they need for non-work-related medical conditions. The protection of Adel employees' health and safety is governed by formally-adopted company policies such as the Adel Occupational Health & Safety Procedure and the Adel Medical Screening & Surveillance Procedure.

Adel regards continuously improving and developing its business processes so as to ensure that they do not adversely affect its employees' health or safety to be a fundamental tenet of all management systems

fair & equitable

In 2024, women made up 35% of Adel's workforce and held 40% of its management positions.



policy. Adel is committed to full compliance with ISO 45001 Occupational Health & Safety Management System standards. The company believes continuous improvement is a shared responsibility and encourages all employees to embrace it as well.

ISO 45001 compliance processes are managed in line with company-published OHS procedures and under the oversight of the Adel Occupational Health & Safety Committee, which convenes at least once every two months. Unit heads are responsible for identifying hazards and conducting risk assessments within their units and for ensuring that OHS procedures are properly followed. This process is also supported by OHS professionals such as OHS specialists, and workplace physicians. Risk assessments are conducted using the Fine-Kinney method. Each hazard is assigned a risk score based on its probability, severity, and frequency. These risk assessments inform all OHS practices at Adel. Actions that need to be taken are identified in accordance with the company's

risk management & control hierarchy and corrective action records (CAR) are created and communicated to units' OHS officers. The progress of subsequent risk mitigation processes is tracked according to CAR-specified deadlines. Risk assessment processes are regularly reviewed and revised whenever it is suspected that risks may have changed in nature.

Guided by its vision of zero work-related accidents and illnesses, Adel's top priority is to provide the safest possible workplace environment for employees, contractor personnel, and visitors. The Adel Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for determining company-wide OHS strategies in its capacity as the company's highest decision-making authority. Adel's general manager and senior executives are responsible for the implementation of these strategies. Technical Services coordinates OHS activities across the company.

Adel regards training and awareness-raising as essential for the company-wide ownership of the OHS culture that it embraces. Employees received a total of 4,067 hours of OHS training during 2024. This training further advanced efforts to raise OHS awareness and to promote a safer, healthier workplace culture across Adel. Along with employee OHS training, continuous risk assessment & monitoring as well as internal and external OHS auditing are also crucial for the ongoing improvement of the company's OHS performance.

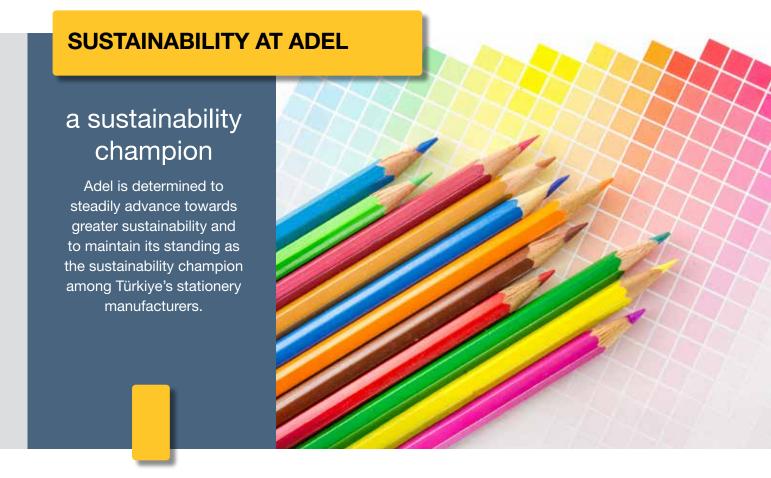
Adel has identified the following short, medium, and long-term goals that it intends to achieve through comprehensive measures and proactive-improvement strategies:

- 2027: Bring work-related accident rates down by 20% from their 2024 levels
- · 2030: Reduce these rates by 50%
- · 2050: Be a zero-accident workplace.

OHS awareness

In 2024, a total of 4,067 person-hours of OHS training was provided to the employees, taking another step toward raising awareness of OHS issues and fostering a safer and healthier workplace culture.





Sustainability management

Sustainability is deeply ingrained in Adel's management philosophy. The company's Board of Directors and senior executives provide strategic leadership on sustainability-related issues. This involves identifying and then assessing sustainabilityrelated risks and opportunities to determine strategic priorities and focus areas. The expectations of stakeholders such as suppliers, government agencies, NGOs, dealers, and customers are likewise all taken into account. All these elements are compiled into a corporate sustainability portfolio and action plans are formulated and implemented accordingly.

Sustainability management is an inherently complex process that requires cross-functional coordination across the company. Recognizing this, a multidisciplinary Sustainability Working Group consisting of representatives from units such as Finance, HR, Supply Chain, Purchasing, Corporate Communications, Environment, and OHS was set up in 2015. This group continued to evolve and in 2022 it was reorganized as the Sustainability Management Committee. This committee reports directly to the company general manager. Another committee responsible for sustainability governance continues its activities under the title of "Board of Directors Sustainability Committee". The Regulation outlining the

responsibilities and working principles of the Board of Directors Sustainability Committee was approved on 26 April 2024.

The Sustainability Committee serves as the core of the company's sustainability structure and oversees the operations of dedicated working groups whose members have knowledge and experience in specific areas such as environment & energy, social impact & communication, economics & finance, and quality & innovation.

The company has formulated and published a sustainability policy to help integrate its sustainability commitment into its corporate culture. The Sustainability Committee, which reports directly to the general manager,

is responsible for making Adel's sustainability approach an intrinsic element of the company's corporate culture by coordinating all sustainability related decisions, operations, and actions.

Adel is determined to steadily advance towards greater sustainability and to maintain its standing as the sustainability champion among Türkiye's stationery manufacturers. This determination is a reflection of the company's commitment to contributing to a more sustainable society and future.

SEDEX Certification

In 2024, Adel successfully completed its transition to the SEDEX SMETA (Sedex Members Ethical Trade Audit) 4-Pillar System, securing its place among SEDEX member organizations. Under the SEDEX SMETA 4-Pillar framework, Occupational Health and Safety, Environment, Business Ethics, and Working Conditions were assessed. Upon our integration into this system, the necessary information was also provided to stakeholders to ensure their compliance with the system.

What are we doing for the future of our planet?

With its core value of "Goodness" and its vision of being a part of the lives of everyone who wants to shape and color their dreams and leave a mark, Adel Kalemcilik carries out numerous successful projects that will foster social impact and actively supports existing social projects.

Recognizing the creation of value for both society and the industry as one of its fundamental responsibilities, Adel aligns all its business activities with the value of "Goodness". In line with this value it has adopted, Adel, which has been implementing its social responsibility projects under the umbrella of the "Goodness Tree" program since 2015, prioritizes "Climate Action" and "Quality Education" in alignment with the United Nations' 2030 Sustainable Development Goals. Adel continues its efforts to support the development and education-training needs of future generations while contributing to environmental and social sustainability.

Since 2012, Adel has implemented numerous projects in the field of Quality Education to contribute to social development and the well upbringing of future generations, with the goal of becoming a "Company Consulted on Education".

Adel has supported the training of nearly 12 thousand teachers to date through the Creative Child, Creative Mind Education Workshops, which started in 2012 and was implemented in collaboration with the Teachers Academy Foundation (ÖRAV), and has contributed to the development of the creativity of thousands of children.

To date, hundreds of thousands of schoolchildren have benefited from the learning and teaching resources made available to them through Goodness Tree.

In 2024, Adel successfully completed its transition to the SEDEX SMETA (Sedex Members Ethical Trade Audit) 4-Pillar System, securing its place among SEDEX member organizations.



SUSTAINABILITY AT ADEL

low-emission

As part of the fight against the climate crisis, Adel tracks low-emission new technologies and develops projects for renewable energy generation and supply.



Adel also attaches importance and allocates resources to social gender equality issues (SDG 5). Women make up about 35% of its workforce, which is well above average in its sector. As a result of its having complied with workforce gender-equality criteria defined by İş Asset Management and the Center for Gender Studies at Koc University, Adel's publicly-traded shares are quoted in the İstanbul stock exchange's ISKDN index of companies that actively recruit women into their workforce and empower them to have more say in management.

Adel is committed to environmental awareness and responsibility as a key objective of its corporate mission. To achieve that objective, the company develops policies, systems, and processes that focus on environmental protection and climate change mitigation. Adel sets itself various targets to systematically manage fundamental environmental and

climate-related issues such as energy; greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution; water, sewage, and waste management; biodiversity conservation; and materials use. It also strives to constantly improve its performance in addressing these issues.

Adel, a manufacturer of durable, high-quality Faber-Castell branded products beloved by successive generations, has introduced its "Anatolian Heritage" line of pencils. These pencils promote environmental and biodiversity awareness among schoolchildren. The wooden casings of these products are decorated with drawings of Anatolian wildlife species that are threatened or endangered such as the reed cat (Felis chaus), the Anatolian mountain crane (Grus grus archibaldii), the loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta), and the Anatolian ground squirrel (Spermophilus xanthoprymnus).

Within the scope of Adel's Climate Action efforts:

With a focus on conservation of natural resources and contributing to the circular economy, Adel's production facility utilizes rainwater for garden irrigation, and the majority of the approximately 800 tons of waste sawdust from the production of wood-cased pencils is used for energy conversion, while the production of composite materials containing sawdust continues to serve the reduction of the petroleum derivatives consumed within the scope of green conversion.

Using only wood harvested from trees with FSC®- C130058 certification from the Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) Chain of Custody as having been raised for industrial purposes in the manufacture of pencils. This helps conserve the world's forest resources and protects natural habitats.

As part of its fight against the climate crisis, Adel tracks lowemission new technologies and develops projects for renewable energy generation and supply. Following its first carbon footprint calculation in 2021 to better manage its emissions and monitor its targets, Adel also carried out its corporate carbon footprint calculation in 2023, in accordance with the ISO 14064-1:2019 standards. To develop more effective strategies for monitoring and reducing carbon emissions throughout the Company's value chain, carbon emissions were addressed holistically. In this calculation, Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions were kept under control, and Scope 3 emissions, such as

those from supply chain and logistics, were also analyzed. According to the 2023 corporate carbon footprint calculation analysis, Scope 1 emissions amounted to 1,563.24 tons CO2e, Scope 2 emissions were 2,741.98 tons CO2e, and Scope 3 emissions totaled 20,625.09 tons CO2e.

Adel shared its studies and commitments regarding climate change and greenhouse gas emissions, as well as its environmental, social, and governance (ESG) performance and results with its stakeholders under the title of Climate Crisis and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Management in its 2023 Sustainability Report published in the last month of 2024.

Adel carried out its corporate carbon footprint calculation in 2023, in accordance with the ISO 14064-1:2019 standards.

contribution to the circular economy

With a focus on conservation of natural resources and contributing to the circular economy, Adel's production facility utilizes rainwater for garden irrigation, and the majority of the approximately 800 tons of waste sawdust from the production of woodcased pencils is used for energy conversion.



ESG INDICATORS*

	2021	2022	2023
Energy Consumption (GJ)			
Total energy consumption	46,107	46,736	52,360
Net non-renewable energy consumption	35,449	36,473	38,405
Net renewable energy consumption	11,768	10,873	15,199
Natural gas	17,974	16,030	17,691
Electricity	17,474	20,443	20,714
Energy intensity (GJ/total number of employees)	139.3	131.3	150.9
Emissions (tCO ₂ e)			
Scope 1	2,694	-	1,563
Scope 2	2,270	-	2,741
Scope 3	15,432	-	20,625
Air Emissions (kg/year)			
NOx	21,268	20,281	22,560
SOx	1,108	1,057	1,176
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	44,812	42,731	47,533
Particulate Matter (PM)	71,985	4,572	5,068
Water			
Water consumption (m³)	20,394	26,603	26,341
Waste Disposed (tons)			
Amount incinerated (not for energy production)	0.008	0.009	0.004
Amount recovered for energy production (hazardous)	250.48	303.34	282
Amount recovered for energy production (non-hazardous)	28.73	29.29	30.55
Amount of hazardous waste disposed off-campus	250.48	303.34	282
Amount of hazardous waste recycled off-campus	12.66	0.648	13.2
Non-hazardous waste recycled/recovered	251	197.3	307.15

^(*) Source: 2023 Sustainability Report

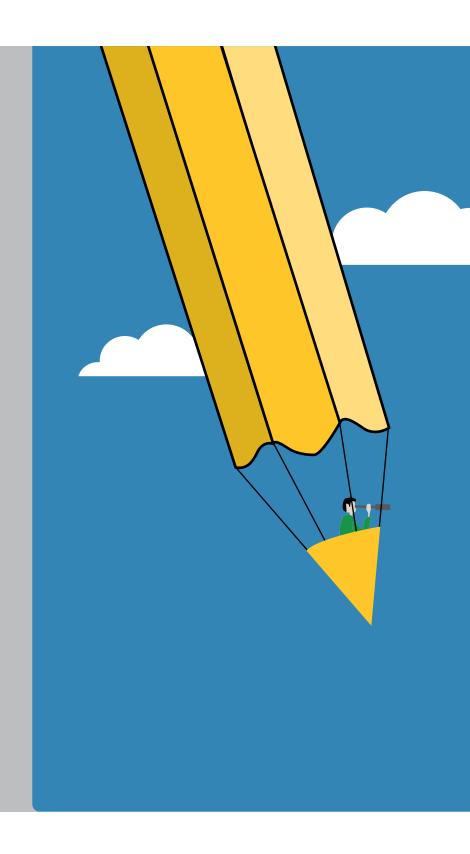
	2021	2022	2023
Environmental Investments and Expenditures (TRL)			
Total environmental investments and expenditures	1,814,872	2,422,227	13,190,781
Measurement and analysis costs	5,400	86,845	8,357,169
Waste costs	207,976	318,465	989,971
Chemical expenses	31,000	73,111	78,524
Personnel expenses	949,669	1,549,206	1,233,710
Documentation and permit expenses	14,895	8,000	63,642
Consulting and training expenses	16,340	21,600	682,585
Cost of energy efficiency investments	306,000	-	-
Maintenance and repair expenses	250,000	-	244,680
Amount of financial savings provided by environmental investments and expenditures	33,592	-	-
Other*	-	365,000	1,540,500
Environmental Training			
Number of employees	217	178	540
Employee training hours	279	972	810
Number of subcontractor employees	-	4	-
Subcontractor training hours	-	8	-
OHS Data			
	2021	2022	2023
Work accidents	14	17	50
Lost time accidents	4	11	13
Lost days	18	30	50
Total working hours	1,183,920	923,299	856,087
Fatal accidents	-	-	-

 $^{{}^{\}star}\text{The Wet Flue Filter System and the Continuous Wastewater Monitoring System applications are included under the "Other Expenses" category.}$

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Sociallybeneficial projects & undertakings

Since its inception, Adel has been committed to creating value and social benefit for all of its stakeholders in the conduct of its operations.





Adel's Goodness Tree Corporate Social Responsibility Program (CSR) supports socially-beneficial projects, especially those that contribute to the realization of two United Nations 2030 Sustainable Development Goals: Quality Education (SDG 4) and Climate Action (SDG 13).

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

Adel Kalemcilik wholeheartedly embraces the Corporate Governance Principles published by the Capital Markets Board. The company strives to establish principles and structures that effectively cater to the interests of investors and all other stakeholder groups with whom it engages so as to ensure the best possible outcomes.

1. Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Statement

The company conducts all of its operations in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, including Capital Markets Board-mandated corporate governance principles (CMB CGP). During the 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 period covered by this report, Adel Kalemcilik complied with CMB Corporate Governance Communique II-17.1 dated 3 January 2014. This report provides information about the company's practices for each topic covered by the CMB communique during the reporting period. If any instances of non-compliance with those principles occurred, a reasoned explanation is provided. All conflicts of interest arising from non-compliance and any anticipated changes to the company's compliance practices are also fully disclosed. No conflicts of interest arising from any of the unresolved issues briefly mentioned in this report have been identified. Our Company's Corporate Governance Information Form (CGIF) templates can be accessed via the Corporate Governance button on the Public Disclosure Platform, Corporate Governance Compliance Report (CGCR) can be found under the Summary Information button on the Public Disclosure Platform, within the Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report button, and the Sustainability Compliance Report templates can be accessed under the Summary Information button on the Public Disclosure Platform, within the Sustainability Report button.

- · As required by CMB CGP §4.6.5, annual reports publicly disclose the total salaries and other benefits paid to all members of the Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors and to the company's senior executives. However, salaries and benefits are not disclosed on an individual basis.
- The company is currently not in compliance with CMB CGP 3.1.2 which requires all companies to publicly disclose a compensation policy for non-administrative/non-executive personnel.
- · Although care is taken to avoid having directors serve on more than one board committee, as required by CMB CGP §4.5.5, some Adel Kalemcilik directors do in fact serve on more than one. The small number of board members, the limited number of independent directors, and the need to select committee members who are conversant with each committee's object and scope make this necessary.

Uğur Bayar	Mehmet Hurşit Zorlu
Corporate Governance Committee Chairman	Corporate Governance Committee Member
İ. İzzet Özilhan	Burak Başarır
Corporate Governance Committee Member	Corporate Governance Committee Member
Tamer Haşimoğlu	Fatih Çakıcı
Corporate Governance Committee Member	Corporate Governance Committee Member

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

SECTION I - SHAREHOLDERS

2. Investor Relations Uniti

Adel Kalemcilik's investor relations unit is headed by the financial affairs director. The other members of this unit are the reporting & investor relations manager and the accounting manager.

Adel Kalemcilik publicly discloses information about its financial results, performance, and other developments during each reporting period with shareholders, investors, brokerage firm research analysts, and other stakeholders through meetings and on its corporate website. The company promptly updates its website with any information or statements that may impact the exercise of shareholder rights.

The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors received the 2024 Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report on 3 March 2025. The report included information about investor relations activities during the reporting period.

Company officers who are responsible for investor relations are identified below:

	YASEMEN GÜVEN ÇAYIREZMEZ	PELİN İSLAMOĞLU KAYOL	FATİH ÇAKICI
	CFO	Reporting and Investor Relations Manager	Accounting Manager
	Investor Relations Unit Manager	Investor Relations Unit Officer	Investor Relations Unit Officer
			Capital Market Activities Level 3
			License: 208775
			Corporate Governance Rating
			License-930122
E-mail:	yasemen.cayirezmez@adel.	polin iolomoglu@odol.com tr	fatih.cakici@adel.com.tr
E-IIIaII.	com.tr	pelin.islamoglu@adel.com.tr	latin.cakici@adei.com.tr
Phone:	+90 850 677 70 00	+90 850 677 70 00	+90 850 677 70 00
Fax:	+90 850 202 72 10	+90 850 202 72 10	+90 850 202 72 10

3. Exercise of Shareholders' Right to Information

Adel Kalemcilik complies with its public disclosure policy when dealing with shareholders' requests for information. The company also promptly updates its website with any information or statements that may impact the exercise of shareholder rights. Additionally, Adel Kalemcilik treats all shareholders and investors equally by ensuring that its statements reach everyone simultaneously, accurately, and with the same information.

Shareholders' statutory rights to access information and to examine company records are not thwarted or limited by Adel Kalemcilik's articles of association or by the decisions of any company organ. The company has established all necessary mechanisms to ensure that shareholders are able to fully and comprehensively exercise these rights.

Adel Kalemcilik's articles of association do not state that a shareholder who has already exercised their right to obtain information or to conduct an audit on a specific issue and has not been satisfied may exercise this right at a general assembly of shareholders, even if the matter is not already on the agenda. However neither do they contain any provision that would make it difficult to obtain information or to conduct an audit on a specific issue; furthermore, the company's management refrains from taking any action that would do so. The company complies with the Turkish Commercial Code's applicable provisions on the exercise of shareholders' right to request a special audit. No shareholder requested the appointment of a special auditor in 2024.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

4. General Assembly of Shareholders Meetings

Adel Kalemcilik conducts its general meetings in accordance with CMB Corporate Governance Principles as set forth under the "General Assembly Meetings" rubric.

The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of our Company for 2023 was held on 16 April 2024, at 09:30, at the address "Fatih Sultan Mehmet Mahallesi, Balkan Caddesi No: 58 Buyaka E Blok 34771 Tepeüstü Ümraniye İstanbul", under the supervision of the Ministry representative Mr. Sezer Bektaş, who was assigned by the Istanbul Trade Directorate with the letter dated 8 April 2024 and numbered E-90726394-431.03-00095802622.

The invitation to the meeting and its agenda was duly issued in compliance with applicable laws and the Company's articles of association, and the announcement was published in the Turkish Trade Registry Gazette on 25 March 2024, issue No. 11050, in the Türkiye edition of Nasıl Bir Ekonomi Newspaper dated 25 March 2024, on the Public Disclosure Platform, on our Company's official website at www.adel.com.tr, and the registered shareholders were formally notified via registered letter with return receipt, sent from the Kocaeli Gebze Plastikçiler OSB PTT branch on 25 March 2024, within the prescribed legal period.

As of the date of the general assembly meeting announcement, the Company's shareholder structure, including the total number of shares and voting rights, was published on our Company's website.

In the course of preparing the meeting agenda, no shareholders submitted written requests to the Company's Investor Relations Department for the inclusion of any items. Likewise, there were no requests from other public institutions and organizations associated with shareholders, the Capital Markets Board (CMB), and/or the Company for the addition of an agenda item.

To facilitate shareholder participation in the general assembly, a proxy voting authorization form required for participation by proxy was published on our website. The meeting minutes of the last five years' general assembly meetings were also published on our website.

The meeting chairperson made the necessary preparations in advance and obtained pertinent information regarding the conduct of the general assembly in compliance with the requirements of the Turkish Commercial Code, applicable laws, and regulations.

During the general assembly meeting, the questions of the shareholders attending the meeting regarding the agenda were answered.

Following the conclusion of the general assembly, the meeting minutes were published on the Public Disclosure Platform (KAP) as a material event disclosure and were also made available on our website on the same day.

The key resolutions adopted at our General Assembly meeting held on 16 April 2024, are as follows:

The 2023 Financial Statements and Annual Report of the Board of Directors were approved by the General Assembly.

In line with the Board of Directors' proposal and within the framework CMB regulations, it was decided to distribute a gross dividend of TRL 150,002 thousand to shareholders starting from 26 September 2024.

At the General Assembly meeting, the following individuals were elected as members of the Adel Board of Directors for a one-year term, to serve until the Ordinary General Assembly convened to discuss the 2024 fiscal year activities: Kamil Süleyman Yazıcı, Tuğban İzzet Aksoy, İbrahim İzzet Özilhan, Nazik Meltem Metin, Mehmet Hurşit Zorlu, Burak Başarır, İbrahim Tamer Haşimoğlu, Stephan Leo Rosen, İzzet Karaca (Independent), Tayfun Bayazıt (Independent), Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen (Independent), Uğur Bayar (Independent). It was resolved that each Independent Board Member will be paid a monthly gross remuneration of TRL 150 thousand.

It was resolved to approve the appointment of PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. for the audit of the accounts and transactions for the 2024 fiscal year.

The General Assembly was informed about the donations made by the Company in 2023, as well as the Collaterals, Pledges, Mortgages, and Sureties provided by the Company in favor of third parties, along with the related income or benefits obtained by the Company.

The amendment and registration of Article 10, titled "Capital," of the Company's Articles of Association, as approved by the CMB and the Ministry of Trade of the Republic of Türkiye, were approved.

5. Voting Rights and Protection of Minority Shareholders

Every effort is made to ensure that shareholders are able to exercise their voting rights without difficulty. Systems and processes have been established to make it as easy and convenient as possible for all shareholders to exercise their voting rights, regardless of their location. Article 33 ("Electronic participation in general meetings") of Adel Kalemcilik's articles of association allows those who are entitled to participate in general meetings to vote electronically, subject to the provisions of Turkish Commercial Code §1527. Some shareholders and proxies who attended the 2023 general meeting online used the company's TTK §1527-compliant electronic voting system to cast their votes.

No shares representing the company's paid-in capital enjoy or confer any special rights or privileges. No shareholders have any cross-shareholding relationships with each other or with the company.

Although CMB CGP allows minority-shareholding rights to be granted to those who control less than one-twentieth of a publicly-traded company's capital, Adel Kalemcilik's articles of association do not expand these rights beyond those mandated by law.

6. Dividend Rights

All shareholders have equal rights to the distribution of the company's profits.

Adel Kalemcilik distributes profits in accordance with the profit-distribution clause of its articles of association, subject always to the requirements of the Turkish Commercial Code, Capital Market Regulations, tax laws, and all other applicable laws, regulations, and administrative provisions. It is the company's policy to distribute at least 50% of its annual distributable profits in the form of cash dividends and/or free shares. The company may deviate from this policy in special circumstances, such as when it needs to finance investments essential for long-term growth or when there are extraordinary developments in economic conditions. The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors passes a profit-distribution resolution for each accounting period that is presented to shareholders for approval during a general meeting. The general assembly sets the date for dividend payments to begin but this date must be before the end of the year in which the decision is made. Subject always to applicable laws and regulations, the company may decide to pay advances on dividends and/or to pay them in equal or unequal installments.

The company paid all dividends in 2024 within the legally required timeframe.

Adel Kalemcilik's Profit Distribution Policy is published in its annual report and on its corporate website. The 2024 annual report contained detailed information about how 2023 profits were distributed.

7. Transfer of Shares

The company's articles of association do not restrict the transfer of shares; likewise the company engages in no practices that might hinder the free transfer of shares.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

SECTION II- DISCLOSURE & TRANSPARENCY

8. Public Disclosure Policy

Adel Kalemcilik is committed to fully complying with Capital Markets Board Corporate Governance Principles pertaining to public disclosures and transparency. The company has adopted and published a public disclosure policy that covers all disclosures made to the public other than those required by law. This policy covers all aspects of public disclosure such as what information may be disclosed, who may disclose it, how often, and in what ways; how often company directors and officers may meet with media representatives; the frequency of public information meetings; and guidelines for responding to questions directed to the company.

Adel Kalemcilik publicly discloses all company-related information on the Public Disclosure Platform (www. kap.gov.tr) and on its corporate website in accordance with CMB CGP. The company's public statements are designed to help people make informed decisions. All information is provided in a clear, concise, and easy-to-understand manner; is accurate, complete, and up-to-date; and is conveniently and affordably accessible to all.

Adel Kalemcilik also uses the e-YÖNET: platform to directly and effectively interact with its shareholders and investors. This platform was developed by the Central Registry Agency and provides a secure and convenient way for Adel Kalemcilik to communicate with its stakeholders.

In 2024, Adel Kalemcilik published 41 material event disclosures conforming to CMB regulations. All announcements were made in a timely manner on the Public Disclosure Platform and on the company's corporate website.

The Adel Kalemcilik Financial Affairs Department is responsible for ensuring compliance with the company's public disclosure policy. It does this in coordination with the Adel Kalemcilik Corporate Governance Committee. Detailed information about policy-compliance officers and their roles may be found in the "Investor Relations Unit" section of this report.

The company publishes an annual report that discloses its year-end financial results along with expectations for the next year and the assumptions and data on which those expectations are based. If the assumptions and data used to create expectations for the year are not met, or if it is clear that they will not be met, the company releases updated expectations to the public through interim reports. These reports include explanations for the changes in expectations.

The Adel Kalemcilik Public Disclosure Policy is published on the company's corporate website.

9. Corporate Website & Content

Adel Kalemcilik's corporate website is located at www.adel.com.tr. The company makes active use of this website and updates its information frequently. All information on the corporate website is complete, coherent, and self-explanatory. The information is also consistent with the company's legally-mandated material event disclosures. The corporate website's address is included in the company's letterhead. Complete information about the website is provided in §2.1 ("Corporate website") of the corporate governance principles compliance report. An English-language version of Adel Kalemcilik's website is accessible from www.adel.com.tr, however information about investor relations is not currently available in that language.

10. Annual Reports

The company's annual reports provide readers with accurate and complete information about the company's activities and operations. They are prepared with sufficient detail to do so. Annual reports contain information required by law and CMB CGP, as well as information published in §2.2.2 of the company's corporate governance principles compliance reports..

SECTION III - STAKEHOLDERS

11. Informing Stakeholders

A company's stakeholders are any individuals, organizations, or groups that have a stake or interest in the company's goals or activities. Stakeholders include a wide range of entities such as employees, customers, suppliers, shareholders, investors, government agencies, communities, and more. Adel Kalemcilik takes steps to protect the statutorily or contractually defined rights of stakeholders with whom it interacts. In situations where stakeholders' rights are not explicitly defined by statute or contract, the company makes a good-faith effort to uphold those rights to the best of its ability. Adel Kalemcilik has implemented all necessary mechanisms to comply with CMB CGP in its dealings with stakeholders.

Although CMB CGP §3.1.2 requires organizations to formulate an employee compensation policy and publicly disclose it, the company has not yet done so.

The company is committed to maintaining stakeholder satisfaction by promptly resolving issues involving employees and other stakeholders. Adel Consultation Line (0850 224 2335) has been in operation since 2013 and is open seven days a week from 08:00 to 20:00. Incoming calls are answered promptly and resolved within designated timeframes by appropriate department personnel.

The company ensures that its internal stakeholders (employees, suppliers, customers, consumers) are kept informed about matters of concern to them in various ways and through various channels. External stakeholders are informed about matters of concern to them by company officers through such means as annual reports, in-person meetings, trade fairs, and school and university campus events.

The company also organizes employee development programs, which include classroom training, e-learning, on-the-job training, and knowledge-sharing.

The Adel Kalemcilik Corporate Governance Committee has established reporting mechanisms for stakeholders to use to report non-compliant or unethical behavior by the company to the committee and to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is also responsible for determining whether or not management has established a system conforming to the committee's business-conduct rules and ethical standards. The Audit Committee additionally reviews whether management monitors the company's compliance with business-conduct rules and ethical standards, conducts abuse risk assessments, and provides training on abuse, business-conduct rules, and ethical standards.

12. Stakeholder Participation in Management

Adel Kalemcilik solicits stakeholders' opinions on decisions that may affect them and considers them. The company uses market research, polls, meetings, and other methods to learn stakeholders' thoughts about the company and its products and services.

Employees may submit value-adding ideas to management through the Bi-Fikir system on the Anadolu Group Innovation Portal. They may also submit ideas or requests for improvements in human resources management processes through the regularly-conducted Adel Kalemcilik Employee Loyalty Survey.

Complaints or requests received from customers, suppliers, or consumers through the Adel Consultation Line are responded to and resolved within designated timeframes by appropriate department personnel.

All customer and supplier information that is in the nature of a trade secret is held in the strictest confidence.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

13. Human Resources Policy

The company's human resources policy and associated practices are fully compliant with CMB CGP 3.3. ("Human Resources Policy of the Corporation").

Adel Kalemcilik regards compliance with its human resources policy as one of its most basic goals and strategies. This is a policy which does not discriminate based on race, nationality, gender, or religion and which takes pride in the differences and abilities of its employees and sees them as an opportunity for its own development as a company. The company invests in employees' self-improvement and takes care to provide personnel with a safe workplace environment while respecting their rights under laws and regulations. The company invests in people and emphasizes training and development for personnel at every level that prepare them better for the future. Adel Kalemcilik aims to provide equal opportunities for all employees in such areas as recruitment, hiring, compensation, training, benefits, and career progression. It also prioritizes employee satisfaction and needs.

The company's relationship with its blue-collar workers is governed by a collective bargaining agreement. This agreement provides for three union representatives (a chief and two assistants) to act as intermediaries between the company and union members at the factory. These representatives are responsible for communicating the demands, complaints, and problems of blue-collar workers to the employer in a manner that complies with the law and the terms of the collective bargaining agreement. They also represent employees before the employer in matters related to health & safety and disciplinary issues and likewise follow up on and finalize the results of all actions taken. Four employees are elected by their peers to serve on the factory's workplace health & safety committee. All the four serve as regular members.

Adel Kalemcilik has a procedure in place for employees to directly contact management with requests or complaints. No employee has filed a discrimination complaint. Women make up about 35% of the company's workforce; about 40% of its managers are women.

Employees can access all job descriptions through the company's intranet. Performance reviews are conducted through an online system. Evaluation and reward criteria, along with expectations, are communicated to employees at the beginning of each year.

14. Ethical Guidelines & Social Responsibility

Adel Kalemcilik's strong commitment to ethical behavior is in line with the long-standing corporate culture of its parent company, Anadolu Holding. Adel Kalemcilik's ethical guidelines and principles are available on the company's website. Society, nature, the environment, national values, customs, and traditions are all respected. The company publicly discloses all material information about its management, finances, and exposure to legal risks in a timely, accurate, comprehensive, understandable, analyzable, and easily-accessible manner. This information is disclosed in a way that takes the rights and interests of both the company and its stakeholders into account. All transactions and decisions made by the company comply with the laws of the Republic of Türkiye. The company fulfills all legal obligations towards the environment and community of its locality without fail. Every year the company donates substantial quantities of school and stationary supplies to local schools, governments, and public authorities to be given to disadvantaged students.

SECTION IV - BOARD OF DIRECTORS

15. Structure & Composition of the Board of Directors

Adel Kalemcilik's articles of association state that the company's business and affairs are to be overseen by a board of directors with a minimum of seven and a maximum of thirteen members. The current board has 12 members, with one chair and one deputy chair.

Information about Duties Performed outside the Company by Members of the Board of Directors and Managers

Board of Directors	Position	Duties outside the company
KAMİL SÜLEYMAN YAZICI	Chairman of the Board of Directors	Chairman of the Board of Directors, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Board Member in Anadolu Group companies; Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors at Kamil Yazıcı Yönetim ve Danışma A.Ş.; Board Member at TAİK (Türkiye-U.S. Business Council), TOGG (Türkiye's Automobile Joint Venture Group), and HBS Alumni Board (Harvard Business School Alumni Association); member of TÜSİAD.
TUĞBAN İZZET AKSOY	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors	Board Member at Anadolu Group Companies, member of the energy groups of TÜSİAD and TOBB, Board Member at the Türkiye Jockey Club, Honorary Consul of Georgia
i. İZZET ÖZİLHAN	Member of the Board of Directors	Board Member of TÜSİAD, Chairman of the TÜSİAD Agriculture, Food, and Services Roundtable, Board Member of TÜRKONFED
MELTEM METIN	Member of the Board of Directors	Board Member at Anadolu Group Companies, Startme - Co-Founder, Board Member
MEHMET HURŞİT ZORLU	Member of the Board of Directors	Board Member at Anadolu Group Companies, Member of the High Advisory Council at the Turkish Investor Relations Society (TÜYİD)
BURAK BAŞARIR	Member of the Board of Directors	Chief Executive Officer of Anadolu Group, Chairman of the Anadolu Group Sustainability Committee, Member of the Turkish Industrialists and Businessmen's Association (TÜSİAD) and the Türkiye-US Business Council (TAİK)
TAMER HAŞİMOĞLU	Member of the Board of Directors	Board Member in many corporate companies, primarily in Anadolu Group and Koç Group, Member of the Board of Trustees of TÜSİAD and Hisar Education Foundation (HEV).
STEPHAN LEO ROSEN	Member of the Board of Directors	Sales Director-Europe at Faber-Castell Vertrieb GmbH, Managing Director of Faber-Castell France, Faber-Castell Italy, and Faber-Castell Scandinavian Countries
UĞUR BAYAR	Independent Member of the Board of Directors	Member of the High Advisory Board of the Turkish Investor Relations Society (TÜYİD), Member of the Board of Trustees of the World Wildlife Fund-Türkiye, Chairman of the Board of Tekfen Ventures, Independent Board Member at Migros Ticaret A.Ş.
EYÜP MEHMET CEMİL YÜKSELEN	Independent Member of the Board of Directors	Founder and Chairman of the Board of MY Energy Group, Chairman of the Board at Tirport, Member of the Corporate Governance Association of Türkiye (TKYD)
TAYFUN BAYAZIT	Independent Member of the Board of Directors	Co-Founder of Bayazıt Yönetim Danışmanlık Hizmetleri Ltd. Şti., Chairman of the Board of Directors of Polisan Holding A.Ş., Polisan Yapıkim Yapı Kimyasalları A.Ş., Polisan Kimya San. Tic. A.Ş., Marsh Sigorta Brokerliği A.Ş., Aura Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., B4YO Yönetim Danışmanlığı A.Ş., Board Member of Polisan Kansai Boya A.Ş. and Boyner Holding A.Ş., Independent Board Member of D-Market Eletronik Hizmetler Tic. A.Ş., Borusan Birleşik Boru Fabrikaları San. Tic. A.Ş.
İZZET KARACA	Independent Member of the Board of Directors	Board Member of Anadolu Group Companies, Board Member and Consultant at Defacto

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

Board members' resumes, including their outside duties, are available on the company's website. The company does not have specific rules governing board members' extramural roles or duties, but CMB CGP regulations are followed in such matters.

The company's articles of association require the Board of Directors to elect a new chair and deputy chair annually. The chair is responsible for overseeing board meetings, for ensuring that discussions are conducted in an orderly manner, and for having minutes kept of all discussions.

The company's articles of association define the powers of the board's chair and members and of senior executives. No one in the company has been granted the authority to make unlimited decisions on their own.

CMB CGP §4.3 ("Structure of the Board of Directors") states that a majority of board members must be non-executive directors, at least four of whom must be independent directors. The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors satisfies these requirements.

Under CMB CGP if the structure or size of a board does not allow for a separate nomination committee, the company's corporate governance committee is to serve as a nomination committee instead. In its capacity as a nomination committee, the Adel Kalemcilik Corporate Governance Committee individually reviewed the independent director candidacies of Uğur Bayar, Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen, İzzet Karaca and Tayfun Bayazıt to determine if they met CMB CGP independence criteria. Finding that each did, the committee submitted its opinion and approval to the Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors on 25 March 2024. The signed affidavits previously submitted by each candidate to the Corporate Governance Committee, stating that they conform to the independence criteria of laws and regulations, CMB CGP, and the company's articles of association, are presented in Appendix 2.

An information document was published simultaneously with the general meeting announcement, listing the independent director candidates and providing information about each candidate, including their resumes. Shareholders approved the appointment of these independent directors for a one-year term each, effective as of 16 April 2024.

All members of the Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors are non-executive directors. The company's articles of association requires directors to be elected for one-year terms of office. Directors may be reelected.

16. Board of Directors Operating Principles

The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors is responsible for administering the company in a transparent, accountable, fair, responsible, and CMB CGP-compliant manner.

The Adel Board of Directors is responsible for maintaining effective communication between the company and its shareholders and for addressing and resolving disputes that may arise. It does this by working closely with the Corporate Governance Committee and the Investor Relations Unit.

During the reporting period, five board meetings were held in person. All of the meetings were made with full attendance of the 11 members. Meetings to discuss the company's monthly results were announced at the beginning of the reporting period. Other meeting dates were announced two days beforehand by the director of communications secretariat. Four of these meetings were held with the attendance of 12 members, and one meeting was held with 11 members.

Minutes are kept of all board meetings and proceedings as required by CMB CGP. Board meetings discuss recent performance and current developments as well as future growth plans, strategies for dealing with competitors, matters touching upon the company's human resources organizational structure, and other topics. Board minutes of purely commercial decisions are not publicly disclosed until all related matters have been decided, as doing so might otherwise lead to speculation and business losses. However, all decisions related to material events are publicly disclosed as required by CMB CGP.

As required by CMB CGP, a majority of the company's independent directors must approve all board decisions involving related-party transactions.

17. Number, Structure & Independence of Board of Directors Committees

CMB CGP §4.5.1 mandates the establishment of separate audit, corporate governance, nomination, and remuneration committees within boards of directors to enable the boards to perform their duties and fulfill their responsibilities effectively. The same article also says that if the composition of a board is such as to preclude the formation of separate nomination and remuneration committees, then the corporate governance committee is to perform those functions instead.

Audit, corporate governance, and risk committees have been duly formed within the Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors. The functions of the two committees which have not been formed are carried out by the Corporate Governance Committee as permitted by CMB CGP.

Under CMB CGP §4.5.2, a board of directors is responsible for determining duties, working principles, and members of board committees and for publicly disclosing these matters. On 15 March 2013 the Adel Kalemcilik approved a regulation conforming to the requirements of CMB CGP that defined the duties and working principles of the Risk Committee. Regulations governing the duties and working principles of the audit and corporate governance committees were revised on 28 March 2014. All such regulations and changes in them are publicly disclosed on the company's corporate website at www.adel.com.tr.

CMB CGP §4.5.3 says that all audit committee members and the chairs of other board committees must be independent directors. On 25 March 2024, the Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors elected board-committee chairs and members to serve one-year terms of office. As required by CMB CGP, the company's CEO is not a member of any board committee.

Information about Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors committees is provided in the accompanying chart.

Audit Committee	Corporate Governance Committee	Early Detection of Risk Committee	Sustainability Committee
İzzet Karaca- Chairman	Uğur Bayar-Chairman	Uğur Bayar-Chairman	Tayfun Bayazıt-Chairman
Tayfun Bayazıt- Member	i. İzzet Özilhan-Member	Tuğban İzzet Aksoy- Member	Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen- Member
	Burak Başarır-Member	İzzet Karaca-Member	Burak Başarır-Member
	Mehmet Hurşit Zorlu- Member	Tamer Haşimoğlu -Member	Demir Şarman-Member
	Tamer Haşimoğlu -Member		
	Fatih Çakıcı-Member		

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

	Independent Member	Executive Duties
Audit Committee		
İzzet Karaca-Chairman	Yes	No
Tayfun Bayazıt-Member	Yes	No
Corporate Governance Committee		
Uğur Bayar-Chairman	Yes	No
İ. İzzet Özilhan-Member	No	No
Burak Başarır-Member	No	No
Mehmet Hurşit Zorlu-Member	No	No
Tamer Haşimoğlu -Member	No	No
Fatih Çakıcı-Member	No	No
Early Detection of Risk Committee		
Uğur Bayar-Chairman	Yes	No
Tuğban İzzet Aksoy-Member	No	No
İzzet Karaca-Member	Yes	No
Tamer Haşimoğlu -Member	No	No
Sustainability Committee		
Tayfun Bayazıt-Chairman	Yes	No
Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen-Member	Yes	No
Burak Başarır-Member	No	No
Demir Şarman-Member	No	No

Board committee chairs and members are nominated and elected taking into account the issues of the size of the Adel Kalemcilik boards of directors, the limited number of independent directors, and the need to select committee members who are conversant with each committee's object and scope

The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors' assessment of the working principles and effectiveness of board committees is presented in Appendix 1 of the Corporate Governance Compliance Report.

18. Risk Management & Internal Control Mechanisms

The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors has established a risk committee to identify and assess risks that could jeopardize the company's existence, development, and continuity. This committee takes steps to mitigate these risks and to manage them effectively. The Risk Committee meets as needed to perform its duties effectively but must convene at least twice a year. The committee regularly reports its activities, meeting agendas and decisions, and recommendations to the full board.

Adel Kalemcilik has established a Risk Management & Internal Control System (RMIC). The company's management is responsible for the operation and control of the RMIC. The chief financial officer (CFO) provides guidance and assurance on matters pertaining to the RMIC and reports directly to the Risk Committee.

Adel Kalemcilik senior executives identify significant opportunities and threats that may arise in the course of the company's operations and they manage both in line with the company's appetite for risk. They do this in the context of an overall Adel Kalemcilik Corporate Risk Management Framework. This is a systematic and disciplined process that has been created within the company to determine Adel Kalemcilik's business

strategies. The process is informed by all of the company's personnel and informs all of the company's practices.

The Corporate Risk Management Framework ensures that both potential risks to the realization of the company's goals and those risks which are most in need of attention are communicated to management in a coordinated manner. High-priority risks and action plans for mitigating them are submitted to the Risk Committee, which reviews and presents them to the full board. This process is also fully integrated into all of the company's strategic business plans.

The company manages risks in a variety of ways as highlighted below.

- Performance and risk indicators are used as an early warning system for tracking risks and taking necessary measures in a timely manner. The SAP system, which is integrated into all company processes, is an effective technological decision support system deployed for this purpose.
- Operational processes and results are monitored in real time. This helps prevent human error while also increasing the effectiveness of risk-detection and internal control. An advanced internal communication system makes it possible to intervene and come up with solutions in the least amount of time.
- Effective business-continuity, crisis, and insurance management processes are used to prevent or mitigate losses arising from force majeure risks and from risks (such as supply chain problems) that might disrupt the conduct of business and production.
- The company invests in backup systems to protect its data and primary systems from unforeseen events.
- · Environmental factors and extraordinary situations are constantly monitored and investigated to identify their causes. Measures to minimize risk are continuously implemented.

The Adel Kalemcilik Internal Audit Department has formulated a risk-based auditing plan. The department regularly reviews the company's risk management and internal control system in accordance with the plan and reports to company management and to the Audit Committee any issues that could potentially jeopardize:

- · The accuracy and reliability of financial and operational information
- · The company's operational effectiveness and efficiency
- · The wellbeing of company assets
- · The company's legal, regulatory, or contractual compliance.

The company's operational and management processes are certified as compliant with the ISO 9001 (Quality Management System Standard), ISO 14001 (Environmental Management System), ISO 45001 (Occupational Health and Safety Management System), ISO 27001 (Information Security Management System), ISO 50001 (Energy Management System), ISO 28000 Security Management System, SEDEX-SMETA (4 PILLAR) Social Compliance Report and Zero Waste Certificate. The company made its processes even more robust by qualifying for these certifications. Adel Kalemcilik meticulously complies with all occupational health & safety and environmental laws and regulations. The company has obtained all mandatory emissions, discharge quality control, noise, vibration, odor, waste management, and other environmental-safety licenses and permits. It continuously monitors compliance with the terms of these licenses and permits through internal audits.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

19. The Company's Strategic Objectives

The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors has created corporate mission and vision statements. Both statements are publicly disclosed on the company's corporate website.

Adel Kalemcilik corporate vision statement

To be part of the life of everyone who wants to shape, colorful of their own dreams and leave a mark in future...

Adel Kalemcilik corporate mission statement

To be an international company that supplies high-quality, innovative products and services, is socially and environmentally responsible, and is ethical in its behavior.

Adel Kalemcilik corporate values statement

- Quality
- Innovation
- Goodness
- Success

The Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors manages and represents the company with a mindfulness for the company's long-term interests. Taking a rational and prudent approach to risk management, the board makes strategic decisions with the aim of striking the right balance between risk, growth, and return. The board is also responsible for achieving the company's operational and financial performance targets. Managers formulate annual budgets and business plans and submit them to the board, which approves and authorizes their implementation. Managers also submit monthly budget and business plan performance reports, which the board reviews and assesses.

20. Financial Rights

Non-independent directors do not receive any fees or other benefits. At the 2023 general meeting held on 16 April 2024, shareholders voted to pay each independent director a net monthly fee of TRL 150,000, to be paid in equal monthly installments in order to preserve their independence. No other fees or benefits are paid to board members. Adel Kalemcilik complies with the CMB CGP §4.6.5 requirement to publicly disclose all remuneration and other benefits provided to board members and senior executives in its annual reports. However, the company reports these amounts on a collective rather than individual basis.

The company has implemented strict policies to ensure that no board member or senior executive receives any loans or credit from the company. This includes not extending loan terms, improving loan conditions, and providing indirect loans or credit in the form of cash or guarantees through third parties.

CMB CGP §4.6.2 requires companies to have a written policy on board member and executive remuneration. This policy must be published on the company's website and presented as a separate agenda item at general meetings. Shareholders must be given the opportunity to express their opinions about the policy. Adel Kalemcilik complies with CMB CGP §4.6.2 and publicly discloses its Remuneration Policy on its corporate website at www.adel.com.tr.

Adel Kalemcilik does not have a board-level remuneration committee. Instead, the Corporate Governance Committee performs the duties of a remuneration committee. This is permitted by CMB CGP.

	Company Compliance Status					
	Vaa	Double	NI-	Cusumbad	Not	Funlametian
1.1. FACILITATING THE EXERCISE OF SHAR				Exempted	Applicable	Explanation
1.1.2- Up-to-date information and disclosures which may affect the exercise of shareholder rights are available to investors at the corporate website.	X	DEN NIC	1113			
1.2. RIGHT TO OBTAIN AND REVIEW INFOR	MATIC	ON				
1.2.1 - Management did not enter into any						
transaction that would complicate the conduct of special audit.	Х					
1.3. GENERAL ASSEMBLY						
1.3.2 - The company ensures the clarity of the General Assembly agenda, and that an item on the agenda does not cover multiple topics.	Х					
1.3.7- Insiders with privileged information have informed the board of directors about transactions conducted on their behalf within the scope of the company's activities in order for these transactions to be presented at the General Shareholders' Meeting.					X	No one has privileged access to shareholder information.
1.3.8 - Members of the board of directors who are concerned with specific agenda items, auditors, and other related persons, as well as the officers who are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements were present at the General Shareholders' Meeting.	X					
1.3.10 - The agenda of the General Shareholders' Meeting included a separate item detailing the amounts and beneficiaries of all donations and contributions.	X					
1.3.11 - The General Shareholders' Meeting was held open to the public, including the stakeholders, without having the right to speak.	X					
1.4. VOTING RIGHTS		I		I	I	
1.4.1 - There is no restriction preventing shareholders from exercising their shareholder rights.	X					
1.4.2 - The company does not have shares that carry privileged voting rights.	Х					
1.4.3-The company withholds from exercising its voting rights at the General Shareholders' Meeting of any company with which it has cross-ownership, in case such cross-ownership provides management control.					X	There is no mutual subsidiary relationship in the Company's capital.
1.5. MINORITY RIGHTS						
1.5.1 - The company pays maximum diligence to the exercise of minority rights.	Х					
1.5.2 - The Articles of Association extend the use of minority rights to those who own less than one twentieth of the outstanding shares, and expand the scope of the minority rights.			X			Minority rights are not recognized for shareholders who hold an amount less than one-twentieth of the share capital and our Company has adopted exactly the rate foreseen in the legislation for listed companies.

		Compa	any C	ompliance S		
		Not				
4 C DIVIDEND BIOLIT	Yes	Partial	No	Exempted	Applicable	Explanation
1.6. DIVIDEND RIGHT		I	Τ	T		
1.6.1 - The dividend policy approved by the General Shareholders' Meeting is posted on the company website.	Х					
1.6.2 - The dividend distribution policy						
comprises the minimum information to ensure that the shareholders can have an opinion on the procedure and principles of dividend distributions in the future.	X					
1.6.3 - The reasons for retaining earnings, and their allocations, are stated in the relevant agenda item.					Х	Dividend distribution has been made during the period.
1.6.4 - The board reviewed whether the dividend policy balances the benefits of the shareholders and those of the company.	Х					
1.7. TRANSFER OF SHARES						
1.7.1 - There are no restrictions preventing shares from being transferred.	X					
2.1. CORPORATE WEBSITE						
2.1.1 The company website includes all elements listed in Corporate Governance Principle 2.1.1.	X					
2.1.2 - The shareholding structure (names, privileges, number and ratio of shares, and beneficial owners of more than 5% of the issued share capital) is updated on the website at least every 6 months.		X				It is not available on our corporate website and is disclosed on KAP under General Information - Capital and Shareholding Structure.
2.1.4 - The company website is prepared in other selected foreign languages, in a way to present exactly the same information with the Turkish content.			X			Although the Company has an English website, not all of the Turkish content is available on the English website.
2.2. ANNUAL REPORT						
2.2.1 - The board of directors ensures that the annual report represents a true and complete view of the company's activities.	X					
2.2.2 - The annual report includes all elements listed in Corporate Governance Principle 2.2.2.	Х					
3.1. CORPORATION'S POLICY ON STAKEHO	LDEF	RS				
3.1.1- The rights of the stakeholders are protected pursuant to the relevant regulations, contracts and within the framework of bona fides principles.	Х					
3.1.3 - Policies or procedures addressing stakeholders' rights are published on the company's website.		X				Some of the policies and procedures regarding the rights of stakeholders are published on the corporate web site.
3.1.4 - A whistleblowing program is in place for reporting legal and ethical issues.	Х					
3.1.5 - The company addresses conflicts of interest among stakeholders in a balanced manner.	X					

		Compa	any C	ompliance S		
					Not	
A A ALIDDADTINA THE DADTICIDATION OF T	Yes	Partial		·	Applicable	
3.2. SUPPORTING THE PARTICIPATION OF T	HE S	IAKEHO	LDE	RS IN THE C	ORPORATIO	
3.2.1 - The Articles of Association, or the internal regulations (terms of reference/manuals), regulate the participation of employees in management.			X			Although there is no provision in the articles of association, employees are encouraged to participate in management through internal practices.
3.2.2 - Surveys/other research techniques, consultation, interviews, observation method etc. were conducted to obtain opinions from stakeholders on decisions that significantly affect them.			X			In important decisions that have consequences for stakeholders, it is adopted as a principle to take the opinions of stakeholders. In this respect, efforts are made to obtain the opinions of stakeholders according to factors such as time constraints and the nature of the decision to be taken.
3.3. HUMAN RESOURCES POLICY						
3.3.1 - The company has adopted an employment policy ensuring equal opportunities, and a succession plan for all key managerial positions.	Х					
3.3.2 - Recruitment criteria are documented.	Χ					
3.3.3 - The company has a policy on human resources development, and organizes trainings for employees.	Х					
3.3.4 - Meetings have been organized to inform employees on the financial status of the company, remuneration, career planning, education and health.		X				Although briefings are held from time to time, for some issues, briefings are held only at the senior management level.
3.3.5 - Employees, or their representatives, were notified of decisions impacting them. The opinion of the related trade unions was also taken.	X					
3.3.6 - Job descriptions and performance criteria have been prepared for all employees, announced to them and taken into account to determine employee remuneration.	X					
3.3.7 - Measures (procedures, trainings, raising awareness, goals, monitoring, complaint mechanisms) have been taken to prevent discrimination, and to protect employees against any physical, mental, and emotional mistreatment.	X					
3.3.8 - The company ensures freedom of association and supports the right for collective bargaining.	X					
3.3.9 - A safe working environment for employees is maintained.	Х					

	Company Compliance Status							
					Not			
	Yes	Partial	No	Exempted	Applicable	Explanation		
3.4. RELATIONS WITH CUSTOMERS AND SU	JPPLI	ERS		T	T			
3.4.1-The company measured its customer satisfaction, and operated to ensure full customer satisfaction.	X							
3.4.2 - Customers are notified of any delays in handling their requests.	X							
3.4.3 - The company complied with the quality standards with respect to its products and services.	X							
3.4.4 - The company has in place adequate controls to protect the confidentiality of sensitive information and business secrets of its customers and suppliers.	X							
3.5. ETHICAL RULES AND SOCIAL RESPON	SIBILI	ITY						
3.5.1 - The board of the corporation has adopted a code of ethics, disclosed on the corporate website.	X							
3.5.2-The company has been mindful of its social responsibility and has adopted measures to prevent corruption and bribery.	X							
4.1. ROLE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS								
4.1.1 - The board of directors has ensured strategy and risks do not threaten the long-term interests of the company, and that effective risk management is in place.	X							
4.1.2 - The agenda and minutes of board meetings indicate that the board of directors discussed and approved strategy, ensured resources were adequately allocated, and monitored company and management performance.	X							
4.2. ACTIVITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECT	ORS		1	I	I			
4.2.1-The board of directors documented its meetings and reported its activities to the shareholders.	Χ							
4.2.2 - Duties and authorities of the members of the board of directors are disclosed in the annual report.		X				Although it is stated in the annual report that the duties and authorities of the board members comply with the Turkish Commercial Code, no detailed regulation is provided.		
4.2.3-The board has ensured the company has an internal control framework adequate for its activities, size and complexity.	X							
4.2.4 - Information on the functioning and effectiveness of the internal control system is provided in the annual report.	X							
4.2.5 - The roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are separated and defined. 4.2.7-The board of directors ensures that	X							
the Investor Relations department and the corporate governance committee work effectively. The board works closely with them when communicating and settling disputes with shareholders.	X							

		Compa	ny C	ompliance S		
	Yes	Partial	No	Exempted	Not Applicable	Explanation
4.2.8 - The company has subscribed to a Directors and Officers liability insurance covering more than 25% of the capital.	X	Faitiai	NO	Exempted	Applicable	Схранацон
4.3. STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD OF DIREC	TORS	3			1	
4.3.9 - The board of directors has approved the policy on its own composition, setting a minimal target of 25% for female directors. The board annually evaluates its composition and nominates directors so as to be compliant with the policy.		X				Adopting the principle of having 25% female members on the board of directors as a corporate governance principle, our Company has 1 female board member.
4.3.10 - At least one member of the audit committee has 5 years of experience in audit/accounting and finance.	X					
4.4. BOARD MEETING PROCEDURES						
4.4.1-Each board member attend the majority of the board meetings in person or via an electronic board meeting system	Х					
4.4.2 - The board has formally approved a minimum time by which information and documents relevant to the agenda items should be supplied to all board members.	X					
4.4.3 - The opinions of board members that could not attend the meeting, but did submit their opinion in written format, were presented to other members.		X				In the event that the members of the Board of Directors who cannot attend the meeting submit their opinions in writing, it is essential that these opinions are submitted for the information of the other members. However, in practice, there has not yet been a situation where opinions have been submitted in writing.
4.4.4 - Each member of the board has one vote.	Χ					
4.4.5 - The board has a charter/written internal rules defining the meeting procedures of the board.	X					
4.4.6 - Board minutes document that all items on the agenda are discussed, and board resolutions include director's dissenting opinions if any.	X					
4.4.7-There are limits to external commitments of board members. Shareholders are informed of board members' external commitments at the General Shareholders' Meeting.		X				There are no limits to external commitments of board members. We are acting in accordance with the provisions of TCC and CMB. Shareholders are informed of board members' external commitments at the General Shareholders' Meeting.

		Compa	any C	ompliance S		
	Yes	Partial	No	Exempted	Not Applicable	Explanation
4.5. BOARD COMMITTEES						'
4.5.5 - Board members serve in only one of the Board's committees.			X			Due to the number of board members, board members serve on more than one committee.
4.5.6 - Committees have invited persons to the meetings as deemed necessary to obtain their views.	X					
4.5.7 - If external consultancy services are used, the independence of the provider is stated in the annual report.					X	No advisory service has been received.
4.5.8 - Minutes of all committee meetings are kept and reported to board members.	X					
4.6. FINANCIAL RIGHTS						
4.6.1-The board of directors has conducted a board performance evaluation to review whether it has discharged all its responsibilities effectively.			X			No specific study was conducted at board level regarding performance evaluation.
4.6.4-The company did not extend any loans to its board directors or executives, nor extended their lending period or enhanced the amount of those loans, or improve conditions thereon, and did not extend loans under a personal credit title by third parties or provided guarantees such as surety in favor of them.	X					
4.6.5 - The individual remuneration of board members and executives is disclosed in the annual report.		X				Total benefits of the top management are provided in the annual report but not disclosed individually.

1. SHAREHOLDERS	
1.1. Facilitating the Exercise of Shareholders Rights	
The number of investor meetings (conference, seminar/etc.)	
organized by the company during the year	None.
1.2. Right to Obtain and Examine Information	
The number of special audit request(s)	None.
The number of special audit requests that were accepted at the	Niere
General Shareholders' Meeting	None.
1.3. General Assembly	
Link to the PDP announcement that demonstrates the	https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/1290376
information requested by Principle 1.3.1. (a-d)	Tittps://www.kap.org.tr/or//bilainitt//1230070
Whether the company provides materials for the General	Not offered.
Shareholders' Meeting in English and Turkish at the same time	The Construction
The links to the PDP announcements associated with	Within the scope of Principle 1.3.9., there are no transactions
the transactions that are not approved by the majority of	that do not have the approval of the majority of the independent
independent directors or by unanimous votes of present board members in the context of Principle 1.3.9	members or the unanimous vote of the participants.
The links to the PDP announcements associated with	
related party transactions in the context of Article 9 of the	There are no related party transactions within the scope of Article
Communique on Corporate Governance (II-17.1)	9 of the Corporate Governance Communiqué.
The links to the PDP announcements associated with common	
and continuous transactions in the context of Article 10 of the	https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/1262259
Communique on Corporate Governance (II-17.1)	
The name of the continuous the comparate website that	Our policy on donations and grants is included in the articles
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates the donation policy of the company	of association and is not published on our website. Investor
demonstrates the donation policy of the company	Relations> Corporate Governance> Articles of Association
The relevant link to the PDP with minute of the General	
Shareholders' Meeting where the donation policy has been	https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/1262259
approved	
The number of the provisions of the articles of association	It is stipulated in Articles 32 and 33 of our Articles of Association.
that discuss the participation of stakeholders to the General Shareholders' Meeting	Investor Relations> Corporate Governance> Articles of Association
Shareholders Weeting	The 2024 General Assembly meeting was attended by auditors
Identified stakeholder groups that participated in the General	and company employees in addition to shareholders. There are
Shareholders' Meeting, if any	no restrictions on the participation of stakeholders in the General
g, t	Assembly.
1.4. Voting Rights	
Whether the shares of the company have differential voting	No
rights	No
In case that there are voting privileges, indicate the owner and	There are no voting privileges.
percentage of the voting majority of shares.	There are no voting privileges.
The percentage of ownership of the largest shareholder	%56,89
1.5. Minority Rights	
Whether the scope of minority rights enlarged (in terms of	No
content or the ratio) in the articles of the association	
If yes, specify the relevant provision of the articles of	None.
association.	
1.6. Dividend Right	
The name of the section on the corporate website that describes the dividend distribution policy	It is available on the Turkish website. English website works in
Minutes of the relevant agenda item in case the board of	progress.
directors proposed to the general assembly not to distribute	
dividends, the reason for such proposal and information as to	There were no such proposals.
use of the dividend.	
PDP link to the related general shareholder meeting minutes in	
case the board of directors proposed to the general assembly	There were no such proposals.
not to distribute dividends	

General Assembly Meetings

General Meeting Date	The number of information requests received by the company regarding the clarification of the agenda of the General Shareholders' Meeting	Shareholder participation rate to the General Shareholders' Meeting	Percentage of shares directly present at the GSM	Percentage of shares represented by proxy	Specify the name of the page of the corporate website that contains the General Shareholders' Meeting minutes, and also indicates for each resolution the voting levels for or against	Specify the name of the page of the corporate website that contains all questions asked in the general assembly meeting and all responses to them	The number of the relevant item or paragraph of General Shareholders' Meeting minutes in relation to related party transactions	The number of declarations by insiders received by the board of directors	The link to the related PDP general shareholder meeting notification
16/04/2024	0	56.94%	0.021%	56.92%	Investor Relations / Corporate Governance / General Assembly	Investor Relations / Corporate Governance / General Assembly	12	0	https://www. kap.org.tr/en/ Bildirim/1290376

2. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY	
2.1. Corporate Website	
Specify the name of the sections of the website providing the information requested by the Principle 2.1.1.	https://www.adel-world.com/en/investor-relations
If applicable, specify the name of the sections of the website providing the list of shareholders (ultimate beneficiaries) who directly or indirectly own more than 5% of the shares.	It is not available on our corporate website and is disclosed on KAP under General Information - Capital and Shareholding Structure.
List of languages for which the website is available	Turkish
2.2. Annual Report	
The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the A requested by principle 2.2.2.	nnual Report that demonstrate the information
a) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on the duties of the members of the board of directors and executives conducted out of the company and declarations on independence of board members	The duties of the members of the board of directors and executives outside the company are disclosed in the Annual Report> Corporate Governance> Section IV Board of Directors> 15. Structure and Composition of the Board of Directors. Declarations of Independence are presented under the Annual Report> Declarations of Independence of Independent Members of the Board of Directors.
b) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on committees formed within the board structure	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> IV Board of Directors> 17. Number, Structure and Independence of the Committees of the Board of Directors
c) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on the number of board meetings in a year and the attendance of the members to these meetings	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> IV Board of Directors> 16. Operating Principles of the Board of Directors
ç) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on amendments in the legislation which may significantly affect the activities of the corporation	There are no legislative changes that may significantly affect the Company's operations.
d) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on significant lawsuits filed against the corporation and the possible results thereof	Annual Report> Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report> Note 12 Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities.
e) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on the conflicts of interest of the corporation among the institutions that it purchases services on matters such as investment consulting and rating and the measures taken by the corporation in order to avoid from these conflicts of interest	Investment advisory and rating services are not provided.

f) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on the cross ownership subsidiaries that the direct contribution to the capital exceeds 5%	There is no mutual subsidiary.
g) The page numbers and/or name of the sections in the Annual Report that demonstrate the information on social rights and professional training of the employees and activities of corporate social responsibility in respect of the corporate activities that arises social and environmental results	Annual Report> Corporate Governance Report> Section III - Stakeholders> 14. Code of Ethics and Social Responsibility
3. STAKEHOLDERS	
3.1. Corporation's Policy on Stakeholders	
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates the employee remedy or severance policy	None.
The number of definitive convictions the company was subject to in relation to breach of employee rights	None.
The position of the person responsible for the alert mechanism (i.e. whistleblowing mechanism)	CEO
The contact detail of the company alert mechanism	etik@adel.com.tr
3.2. Supporting the Participation of the Stakeholders in the	Corporation's Management
Name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates the internal regulation addressing the participation of employees on management bodies	None.
Corporate bodies where employees are actually represented	Syndicate
3.3. Human Resources Policy	
The role of the board on developing and ensuring that the company has a succession plan for the key management positions	Appointments made within this framework are evaluated at the board level.
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates the human resource policy covering equal opportunities and hiring principles. Also provide a summary of relevant parts of the human resource policy.	It is available on our corporate website under Human Resources/Human Resources Practices.
Whether the company provides an employee stock ownership program	There isn't an employee stock ownership program.
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates the human resource policy covering discrimination and mistreatments and the measures to prevent them. Also provide a summary of relevant parts of the human resource policy.	It is available on our corporate website under Human Resources/Human Resources Practices.
The number of definitive convictions the company is subject to in relation to health and safety measures	None.
3.5. Ethical Rules and Social Responsibility	
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates the code of ethics	It is available on our corporate website under Human Resources/Human Resources Practices.
The name of the section on the company website that demonstrates the corporate social responsibility report. If such a report does not exist, provide the information about any measures taken on environmental, social and corporate governance issues.	Although there is no social responsibility report, our policies are included under Sustainability.
Any measures combating any kind of corruption including embezzlement and bribery	It is available on the Turkish website. English website works in progress.

4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS-I	
4.2. Activity of the Board of Directors	
Date of the last board evaluation conducted	None.
Whether the board evaluation was externally facilitated	No
Whether all board members released from their duties at the GSM	Yes
Name(s) of the board member(s) with specific delegated duties and authorities, and descriptions of such duties	None.
Number of reports presented by internal auditors to the audit committee or any relevant committee to the board	Five
Specify the name of the section or page number of the annual report that provides the summary of the review of the effectiveness of internal controls	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> Section IV Board of Directors> 18. Risk Management and Internal Control Mechanism
Name of the Chairman	Kamilhan Suleyman Yazici
Name of the CEO	Oğuz Uçanlar
If the CEO and Chair functions are combined: provide the link to the relevant PDP announcement providing the rationale for such combined roles	It's not the same person.
Link to the PDP notification stating that any damage that may be caused by the members of the board of directors during the discharge of their duties is insured for an amount exceeding 25% of the company's capital	https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/1248962
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates current diversity policy targeting women directors	None.
The number and ratio of female directors within the Board of Directors	1 - %8,33

Board Members

Name-Surname	Whether Executive Director or Not	Independent Board Member or not	The First Election Date To Board	Link To PDP Notification That Includes The Independency Declaration	Whether the Independent Director Considered By The Nomination Committee	Whether She/He is the Director Who Ceased to Satisfy The Independence or Not	Whether the Director has at Least 5 Years' Experience on Audit, Accounting and/or Finance or not
KAMİLHAN SÜLEYMAN YAZICI	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	13/04/2017		Not Considered	No	Yes
TUĞBAN İZZET AKSOY	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	13/04/2023		Not Considered	No	Yes
İBRAHİM İZZET ÖZİLHAN	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	16/04/2024		Not Considered	No	Yes
NAZİK MELTEM METİN	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	16/04/2024		Not Considered	No	Yes
MEHMET HURŞİT ZORLU	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	3/4/2014		Not Considered	No	Yes
BURAK BAŞARIR	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	16/04/2024		Not Considered	No	Yes
İBRAHİM TAMER HAŞİMOĞLU	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	13/04/2023		Not Considered	No	Yes
STEPHAN LEO ROSEN	Non- Executive	Dependent Member	01/01/2020		Not Considered	No	Yes
İZZET KARACA	Non- Executive	Independent Member	13/04/2023	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/ Bildirim/1290376	Considered	No	Yes
TAYFUN BAYAZIT	Non- Executive	Independent Member	13/04/2023	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/ Bildirim/1290376	Considered	No	Yes
UĞUR BAYAR	Non- Executive	Independent Member	16/04/2024	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/ Bildirim/1290376	Considered	No	Yes
EYÜP MEHMET CEMİL YÜKSELEN	Non- Executive	Independent Member	16/04/2024	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/ Bildirim/1290376	Considered	No	Yes

4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS-II	
4.4. Meeting Procedures of the Board of Directors	
Number of physical or electronic board meetings in the reporting period	Five
Director average attendance rate at board meetings	98.33%
Whether the board uses an electronic portal to support its work or not	Yes
Number of minimum days ahead of the board meeting to provide information to directors, as per the board charter	3-5 Days
The name of the section on the corporate website that demonstrates information about the board charter	Although there is no separate regulation on the conduct of board meetings, the relevant provision is included in the articles of association of the Company. Investor Relations> Corporate Governance> Articles of Association
Number of maximum external commitments for board members as per the policy covering the number of external duties held by directors	None.

4.5. Board Committees	
Page numbers or section names of the annual report where information about the board committees are presented	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> 17. Number, structure and independence of the committees established in the Board of Directors
Link(s) to the PDP announcement(s) with the board	EDRC> https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/267378
committee charters	Audit> https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/348772
	Corporate> https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/348773
	Sustainability> https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/1277863"

Composition of Board Committees-I									
Names of the Board Committees	Name of Committees Defined as "Other" in the First Column	Name-Surname of Committee Members	Whether Committee Chair or not	Whether Board Member or not					
Audit Committee	-	İzzet Karaca	Yes	Board member					
Audit Committee	-	Tayfun Bayazıt	No	Board member					
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Uğur Bayar	Yes	Board member					
Corporate Governance Committee	-	İbrahim İzzet Özilhan	No	Board member					
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Mehmet Hurşit Zorlu	No	Board member					
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Burak Başarır	No	Board member					
Corporate Governance Committee	-	İbrahim Tamer Haşimoğlu	No	Board member					
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Fatih Çakıcı	No	Not board member					
Committee of Early Detection of Risk	-	Uğur Bayar	Yes	Board member					
Committee of Early Detection of Risk	-	Tuğban İzzet Aksoy	No	Board member					
Committee of Early Detection of Risk	-	İzzet Karaca	No	Board member					
Committee of Early Detection of Risk	-	İbrahim Tamer Haşimoğlu	No	Board member					
Sustainability Committee	-	Tayfun Bayazıt	Yes	Board member					
Sustainability Committee	-	Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen	No	Board member					
Sustainability Committee	-	Burak Başarır	No	Board member					
Sustainability Committee	-	Demir Şarman	No	Not board member					

4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS-III	
4.5. Board Committees-II	
Specify where the activities of the audit committee are presented in your annual report or website (Page number or section name in the annual report/website)	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> Section IV Board of Directors> 17. Number, Structure and Independence of the Committees Established in the Board of Directors
Specify where the activities of the corporate governance committee are presented in your annual report or website (Page number or section name in the annual report/website)	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> Section IV Board of Directors> 17. Number, Structure and Independence of the Committees Established in the Board of Directors
Specify where the activities of the nomination committee are presented in your annual report or website (Page number or section name in the annual report/website)	None.

Specify where the activities of the early detection of risk committee are presented in your annual report or website (Page number or section name in the annual report/website)	Annual Report> Corporate Governance> Section IV Board of Directors> 17. Number, Structure and Independence of the Committees Established in the Board of Directors
Specify where the activities of the remuneration committee are presented in your annual report or website (Page number or section name in the annual report/website)	None.
4.6. Financial Rights	
Specify where the operational and financial targets and their achievement are presented in your annual report (Page number or section name in the annual report)	Annual Report> Evaluation of Financial Results for 2024.
Specify the section of website where remuneration policy for executive and non-executive directors are presented.	Our Remuneration Policy is available on our website under the heading Investor Relations> Corporate Governance> Policies.
Specify where the individual remuneration for board members and senior executives are presented in your annual report (Page number or section name in the annual report)	"The members of the Board of Directors are entitled to the following benefits under the Annual Report> Corporate Governance> Section IV Board of Directors> 20. Financial Rights, To senior executives, Annual Report> Other Legal Information on Activities> Financial Rights Provided to Senior Management."

Composition of Boar	Composition of Board Committees-II										
Names Of The Board Committees	Name Of Committees Defined As "Other" In The First Column	The Percentage Of Non-executive Directors	The Percentage Of Independent Directors In The Committee	The Number Of Meetings Held In Person	The Number Of Reports On Its Activities Submitted To The Board						
Corporate Governance Committee	-	100%	17%	4	4						
Committee of Early Detection of Risk	-	100%	50%	4	6						
Audit Committee	-	100%	100%	4	4						
Other	Sustainability Committee	100%	50%	2	2						

	Company Compliance Status			ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
A. GENERAL PRINCIPLES				,		
A1. Strategy, Policy and Goa	ls	ı				
A1.1. The prioritized environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues, risks and opportunities have been determined by the Company's Board of Directors.	X				Environmental, social and corporate risks and opportunities have been determined and detailed in the sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 37-43 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
A1.1. The ESG policies (Environmental Policy, Energy Policy, Human Rights and Employee Policy etc.) have been created and disclosed to the public by the Company's Board of Directors.	X				Environment, Energy and Climate Policy is determined by the company and It was announced to the public via the website.	Adel Environment, Energy and Climate Policy https://www.adel-world.com/sustainability/sustainability-approach
A1.2. The short and long-term targets set within the scope of ESG policies have been disclosed to the public.	X				The company has set short and long-term goals in line with its sustainability policy and strategies.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 32-36 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
A2. Implementation/Monitor	ing					
A2.1. The responsible committees and/or business units for the implementation of ESG policies and the senior officials related to ESG issues in the Company and their duties have been identified and disclosed to the public.	×				A Sustainability Committee has been established by the company and the duties and authorities of the individuals have been determined. Committee members are shared on the company website.	
A2.1. The activities carried out within the scope of policies by the responsible committee and/or unit have been reported to the Board of Directors at least once a year.	Х				The work of the sustainability committee continues.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 20-23 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
A2.2. In line with the ESG targets, the implementation and action plans have been formed and disclosed to the public.	X				The company has determined and published its goals within the scope of sustainability reporting in 2024.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 32-36 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
A2.3. The Key ESG Performance Indicators (KPI) and the level of reaching these indicators have been disclosed to the public on yearly basis.	X				Environmental, social and governance key performance indicators for the 2021-2022-2023 years have been published in the sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 90-101 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports

	Company Compliance Status			ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
A2.4. The activities for improving the sustainability performance of the business processes or products and services have been disclosed to the public.	X				Actions on products and services are detailed in the report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 49-51 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
A3. Reporting	ı	ı				
A3.1. The information about the sustainability performance, targets and actions have been given in annual reports of the Company an understandable, accurate and sufficient manner.	X				Information regarding sustainability performance, targets and actions are partially included in our annual report, and our work on the targets continues in detail. It is detailed in our Sustainability Report for 2023.	2024 Annual Report / Sustainability at Adel http://www.adel-world.com/en/ investor-relations/annualreports
A3.2. The information about activities which are related to the United Nations (UN) 2030 Sustainable Development Goals have been disclosed to the public.	X				Under the "Goodness Tree" initiative, nourished by the value of kindness at our core, we engage in corporate social responsibility projects focused on climate action and quality education. These projects align with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals for 2030 and aim to benefit society. Our 2024 year-end activity report includes the projects we carried out in this context.	2024 Annual Report / Sustainability at Adel / What are we doing for the future of our planet? http://www.adel-world.com/en/ investorrelations/annual-reports
A3.3. The lawsuits filed and/or concluded against the Company about ESG issues which are material in terms of ESG policies and/or will significantly affect the Company's activities, have been disclosed to the public.			×		Among the lawsuits filed and/or concluded against the company, those deemed necessary/important are disclosed on KAP.	2024 Annual Report / Other Legal Information About Activities / Disclosure of Lawsuits Initiated against the Company That Might Materially Impact Its Financial and/or Operational Performance and Their Consequences http://www.adel-world. com/en/investor-relations/ financialreports

	Company Compliance Status			ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
A4. Verification						
A4.1. The Company's Key ESG Performance metrics have been verified by an independent third party and publicly disclosed.	Х				2023 Sustainability report has been approved by GRI.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 106-111 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B. ENVIRONMENTAL PRINC	IPLES		<u> </u>			
B1. The policies and practices, action plans, environmental management systems (known by the ISO 14001 standard) and programs have been disclosed.	X				Adel has ISO 14001 Environmental Management System certificate. We mention the ISO 14001 Environmental Management System in our annual activity report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 62-70 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B2. The environmental reports prepared to provide information on environmental management have been disclosed to the public which is including the scope, reporting period, reporting date and limitations about the reporting conditions.	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 4-6 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B4. The environmental targets within the scope of performance incentive systems which included in the rewarding criteria have been disclosed to the public on the basis of stakeholders (such as members of the Board of Directors, managers and employees).	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 26-36 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B5. How the prioritized environmental issues have been integrated into business objectives and strategies has been disclosed.	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 62-70 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports

	Com	pany Co	mpli	ance Status		Report Information	
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)	
B7. The way of how environmental issues has been managed and integrated into business objectives and strategies throughout the Company's value chain, including the operational process, suppliers and customers has been disclosed.	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 58-61 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B8. Whether the Company have been involved to environmental related organizations and nongovernmental organizations' policy making processes and collaborations with these organizations has been disclosed.	X				Being an approved and global supplier of UNICEF is proof of our social sustainability.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 16, 49-50 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B9. In the light of environmental indicators (Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope-1 (Direct), Scope-2 (Energy indirect), Scope-3 (Other indirect), air quality, energy management, water and wastewater management, waste management, biodiversity impacts)), information on environmental impacts is periodically disclosed to the public in a comparable manner.	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 62-70 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B10. Details of the standard, protocol, methodology, and baseline year used to collect and calculate data has been disclosed.	Х				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 67-70 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B11. The increase or decrease in Company's environmental indicators as of the reporting year has been comparatively disclosed with previous years.	Х				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 62-70 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	

	Company Compliance Status			ance Status		Report Information	
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)	
B12. The short and long- term targets for reducing the environmental impacts have been determined and the progress compared to previous years' targets has been disclosed.	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 32-36 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B13. A strategy to combat the climate crisis has been created and the planned actions have been publicly disclosed.	Х				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 32-36 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B14. The programs/ procedures to prevent or minimize the potential negative impact of products and/or services on the environment have been established and disclosed.		×			Our company's R&D activities include studies to prevent and minimize the potential effects of products on the environment. Our comprehensive work on sustainability reporting continues. Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 49-51 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B14. The actions to reduce greenhouse gas emissions of third parties (suppliers, subcontractors, dealers, etc.) have been carried out and disclosed.	X				Our company has initiated sustainability efforts and continues to do so.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 58-59 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B15. The environmental benefits/gains and cost savings of initiatives/ projects that aims reducing environmental impacts have been disclosed.	X				Our company shared the savings it achieved regarding the energy efficiency studies it implemented in its sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 32-36 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	
B16. The data related to energy consumption (natural gas, diesel, gasoline, LPG, coal, electricity, heating, cooling, etc.) has been disclosed as Scope-1 and Scope-2.	X				Adel has released carbon footprint report and provided details in the 2023 sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 66-68 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports	

	Com	Company Compliance Status				Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
B17. The information related to production of electricity, heat, steam and cooling as of the reporting year has been disclosed.	X				Details about the use of renewable energy are given in the 2023 sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 66 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B18. The studies related to increase the use of renewable energy and transition to zero/low carbon electricity have been conducted and disclosed.	X				Details about the use of renewable energy are given in the 2023 sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 66 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B19. The renewable energy production and usage data has been publicly disclosed.			X			
B20. The Company conducted projects about energy efficiency and the amount of reduction on energy consumption and emission achieved through these projects have been disclosed.	X				Details about the energy efficiency studies are given in the 2023 sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 66 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B21. The water consumption, the amount, procedures and sources of recycled and discharged water from underground or above ground (if any), have been disclosed.	X				Details about water consumption are disclosed in the 2023 sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 70 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
B22. The information related to whether Company's operations or activities are included in any carbon pricing system (Emissions Trading System, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax).			X			
B23. The information related to accumulated or purchased carbon credits within the reporting period has been disclosed.			X			
B24. If carbon pricing is applied within the Company, the details have been disclosed.			Х			
B25. The platforms where the Company discloses its environmental information have been disclosed.	X				Details are included in our 2023 Sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 46-47 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports

	Com	oany Co	mplia	ance Status		Report Information			
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)			
C. SOCIAL PRINCIPLES									
C1. Human Rights and Employee Rights									
C1.1. The Institutional Human Rights and Employee Rights Policy has been established in the light of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, ILO Conventions ratified by Türkiye and other relevant legislation. The policy and the officials that responsible for the implementation of it have been determined and disclosed.	X				The company has established its Human Rights and Employee Rights policy within the scope of Business Ethics Principles and Nonconformity Notification Regulation.				
C1.2. Considering the effects of supply and value chain, fair workforce, improvement of labor standards, women's employment and inclusion issues (gender, race, religion, language, marital status, ethnic identity, sexual orientation, gender identity, family responsibilities, union activities, political opinion, disability, social and cultural differences, etc., such as non-discrimination) are included in its policy on employee rights.	X				Language, race, color, gender, political opinion, belief, religion, sect, age, and physical disability do not have any impact on our remuneration criteria; on the contrary, we try to ensure that all employees are evaluated with the remuneration they deserve in accordance with their skills and performance by taking care not to include such discriminatory factors in our evaluation system.				

	Com	pany Co	mplia	ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
C1.3. The measures taken for the minority rights/equality of opportunity or the ones who are sensitive about certain economic, environmental, social factors (low income groups, women, etc.) along the supply chain have been disclosed.	×				The company has established its Human Rights and Employee Rights policy within the scope of Business Ethics Principles and Nonconformity Notification Regulation.	
C1.4. The developments regarding preventive and corrective practices against discrimination, inequality, human rights violations, forced and child labor have been disclosed.	X				Our company has a "Child Abuse Prevention Policy", "Discrimination and Harassment Prevention Policy" and "Forced Labor Policy" and is available on our website.	
C1.5. Investments in employees (education, development policies), compensation, fringe benefits, right to unionize, work/life balance solutions and talent management are included in the employee rights policy.	X				The company supports the development of employees who play a key role in achieving its strategic goals. It contributes to existing talents gaining new competencies that will help them adapt to the requirements of the age. Employees are offered fringe benefits such as private health insurance service and gift certificates, which they can also include their families.	

	Company Compliance Status					Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
C1.5. The mechanism for employee complaints and resolution of disputes have been established and related solution processes have been determined.	×				The Company's dispute resolution processes are explained in detail in the Ethics Policy. All employees have direct access to the management in accordance with the Employee Request and Complaint Procedure and can report any non-compliance with ethical principles to the Adel Kalemcilik Ethics Line. All notifications can be reported to the Ethics Committee anonymously, if they wish, through the following communication channels. E-Mail Address: etik@adel. com.tr Telephone Line: 0 (212) 401 30 66 E-Mail Address: etik@ anadolugrubu.com. tr anadolugrubuetikhat. com www.speak-hub. com/giriş Telephone Line: 0 (212) 401 30 66	2024 Annual Report / Corporate Governance / Additional Information on Corporate Governance / Section III - Stakeholders / 13. Human Resources Policy, 2024 Annual Report / Corporate Governance / Additional Information on Corporate Governance / Section III - Stakeholders / 11. Informing Stakeholders http://www.adel-world.com/en/ investorrelations/annual-reports
C1.5. The activities carried out within the reporting period which related to ensure employee satisfaction have been disclosed.	X				Employee loyalty and satisfaction are among the company's priorities. Employee satisfaction and loyalty surveys are conducted periodically within the company.	2024 Annual Report / Corporate Governance / Additional Information on Corporate Governance / Section III - Stakeholders / 12. Stakeholder Participation in Management http://www.adel-world.com/en/ investorrelations/annual-reports

	Com	oany Co	mplia	ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
C1.6. The occupational health and safety policies have been established and disclosed.	X				Adel has an Occupational Health and Safety Policy. Additionally, the company is ISO 45001 certified.	2024 Annual Report / Worklife at Adel / Occupational Health & Safety http://www.adel-world.com/en/ investorrelations/annual-reports
C1.6. The measures taken for protecting health, preventing occupational accidents and related statistics have been disclosed.	X				Adel has an Occupational Health and Safety Policy. Additionally, the company is ISO 45001 certified. Accident statistics and measures taken are given in the 2023 sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 77, 84-85 https://www.adel-world.com/sustainability/sustainability-reports 2024 Annual Report / Worklife at Adel / Occupational Health & Safety http://www.adel-world.com/en/investorrelations/annual-reports
C1.7. The personal data protection and data security policies have been established and disclosed.	X				The company discloses its policy regarding the protection and security of personal data to the public on its website.	
C1.8. The ethics policy have been established and disclosed.	Х				The company explains its ethical rules in its Ethics Policy document and shares them publicly on its website.	

	Com	pany Co	mplia	ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
C1.9. The studies related to social investment, social responsibility, financial inclusivity and access to finance have been explained.			X		in progress	
C1.10. The informative meetings and training programs related to ESG policies and practices have been organized for employees.	X				Our Environment, Energy and Climate Policy has been determined by the Company and is publicly available on its website. Informational meetings and training sessions have been held on the subject, and training periods are given in the sustainability report.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 77, 100 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
C2. Stakeholders, Internation	nal Sta	andards	and	Initiatives		
C2.1. The customer satisfaction policy regarding the management and resolution of customer complaints has been prepared and disclosed.	X				Customer satisfaction is among the priority issues of our company, and customer call center and similar services are provided in order to ensure customer satisfaction.	2024 Annual Report / Corporate Governance / Additional Information on Corporate Governance / Section III - Stakeholders / 12. Stakeholder Participation in Management http://www.adel-world.com/en/
						investorrelations/annual-reports
C2.2. The information about the communication with stakeholders (which stakeholder, subject and frequency) have been disclosed.	X				The 2023 sustainability report was examined under the title of stakeholder interaction.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 26-32 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
C2.3. The international reporting standards that adopted in reporting have been explained.	Х				The 2023 sustainability report was prepared according to the GRI standard and approval was received from GRI.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 106-111 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports

	Com	pany Co	mpli	ance Status		Report Information
	Yes	Partial	No	Not Applicable	Explanation	on Publicly Disclosed Information (Page number, menu name on the website)
C2.4. The principles adopted regarding sustainability, the signatory or member international organizations, committees and principles have been disclosed. C2.5. The improvements have been made and studies have been carried out in order to be included in the Borsa Istanbul			X			
sustainability indices and/or international index providers.						
D. CORPORATE GOVERNAN	CE PF	RINCIPL	ES			
D1. The opinions of stakeholders have been sought in the determination of measures and strategies related to sustainability field.		×			The 2023 sustainability report was examined under the title of stakeholder interaction.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 26-32 https://www.adel-world.com/ sustainability/sustainability- reports
D2. The social responsibility projects, awareness activities and trainings have been carried out to raise awareness about sustainability and its importance.		X			Under the "Goodness Tree" initiative, nourished by the value of kindness at our core, we engage in corporate social responsibility projects focused on climate action and quality education. These projects align with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals for 2030 and aim to benefit society. Activity Report includes the projects we have undertaken in this context.	2023 Sustainability Report, page 86-87 https://www.adel-world.com/sustainability/sustainability-reports

OTHER LEGAL INFORMATION ABOUT ACTIVITIES

Trade Registry Information

Trade Name : Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

Mersis (Central Registration System) Nr. : 0007005986400010

Trade Registry Nr. : 96078

Date of Incorporation : 17.07.1967

Head Office Address : Fatih Sultan Mehmet Mah. Balkan Cad. No: 58 Buyaka

E Blok 34771 Ümraniye/İstanbul

Factory Address : Şekerpinar Mah. Yanyol Sok. No: 7 41480 Çayırova/Kocaeli

Website : www.adel.com.tr
Adel Consultation Line : +90 850 224 23 35

Amendments to the Articles of Association

None.

Financial benefits given to senior executives

The company's senior executives are (1) the President of the Agriculture, Energy & Industry Group, (2) the Adel General Manager, and (3) all managers who report directly to the general manager. The total value of all financial benefits that have been or will be provided to senior executives during January-December 2024 is TRL 147,192 thousand.

Payroll & employee benefits

As of 31 December 2024, the number of employees on Adel Kalemcilik's payroll averaged 371, of whom 204 were blue-collar and 167 were white-collar personnel.

The company's employee severance pay provision lessened by TRL 8,310 thousand during the reporting period. The company's showed a severance pay provision of TRL 33,401 thousand as of the reporting date.

The company paid out a total of TRL 742,987 thousand to employees as wages, salaries, bonuses, and fringe benefits during the reporting period.

Charitable donations

The company paid out a total of TRL 8,286 thousand as charitable donations during the reporting period.

Disclosure of board members' related-party transactions on their own behalf or on behalf of others & their business dealings subject to non-compete clauses

No company executive was authorized by the general assembly to engage in business with the company on their own behalf or on behalf of others during the reporting period; neither did any engage in any business considered to be in direct competition with the company.

Disclosure of the company's acquisition of shareholding interests in itself

The company did not acquire any of its own shares during the reporting period.

Disclosure of special audits and public audits

The company did not undergo any special audits during the reporting period; however it did undergo a number of public audits to the extent required by the laws and regulations to which it is subject.

Disclosure of lawsuits initiated against the company that might materially impact its financial and/or operational performance and their consequences

As of 31 December 31 2024, the company was not involved in any litigation whose consequences could materially impact its financial position or operations. All provisions that have been set aside to cover any lawsuits which may have been initiated against the company but not yet resolved as of 31 December 2024 are disclosed in the footnotes to our financial statements.

Disclosure of any administrative or judicial action taken against the company or its officers on account of violations of laws and regulations

No administrative or judicial action has been taken against the company or any of its officers on account of any violations of laws and regulations.

Material events occurring after the balance sheet date

Affiliation disclosure (Issues pertaining to companies in the same corporate group)

According to the affiliation report approved by the Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayii A.Ş. Board of Directors concerning its relationship with the Anadolu Group: (1) Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayii A.Ş. has not engaged in any transactions upon the instructions of its controlling shareholder or of its controlling shareholders' affiliates with the intent of benefiting solely the controlling shareholder or the controlling shareholders' affiliates; (2) there are no measures which were either taken or avoided solely for the benefit of the controlling shareholder or its affiliates; (3) all dealings with the controlling shareholder and its affiliates during 2023 were conducted on an arm's-length basis so as to ensure the company could remain competitive under prevailing market conditions as we understood them to be at the time and the company was fairly and duly compensated on every occasion; (4) inasmuch as Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayii A.Ş. neither took nor refrained from taking any measure or precaution that might benefit the controlling shareholder or its affiliates but would be detrimental to its own interests, there is no need for any transactions or measures of a compensatory nature.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' ASSESSMENT OF THE WORKING PRINCIPLES AND EFFECTIVENESS OF BOARD COMMITTEES

Subsequent to the CMB CGP-compliant election of its chair and members, the Adel Kalemcilik board of directors convened and on 26 April 2024 appointed:

- Independent directors İzzet Karaca as chair and Tayfun Bayazıt as member of the company's audit committee:
- Independent director Uğur Bayar as chair and İ. İzzet Özilhan, Burak Başarır, Tamer Haşimoğlu, Mehmet Hursit Zorlu, and Investor Relations Unit accounting manager Fatih Cakıcı as members of the company's corporate governance committee;
- Independent director Uğur Bayar as chair, and directors İzzet Karaca, Tamer Haşimoğlu and Tuğban İzzet Aksoy as members of the company's risk committee.
- Independent director Tayfun Bayazıt as chair, and directors Eyüp Mehmet Cemil Yükselen, Burak Başarır and Anadolu Holding's Agribusiness, Energy and Industry Group President Demir Şarman as members of the company's risk committee.

On 15 March 2013 the Adel Kalemcilik approved a regulation conforming to the requirements of CMB CGP that defined the duties and working principles of the risk committee. Regulations governing the duties and working principles of the audit and corporate governance committees were revised on 28 March 2014. The Regulation outlining the duties and working principles of the Sustainability Committee was approved by the Board of Directors on 26 April 2024. All such regulations and changes in them are publicly disclosed on the company's corporate website at www.adel.com.tr.

In 2024, all Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors committees actively fulfilled their duties and responsibilities as outlined in their own regulations and as mandated by CMB CGP.

To ensure the effectiveness of their work and the fulfillment of their duties and responsibilities as outlined in their own regulations and in accordance with their annual meeting schedules, these committees convened in 2024 as follows:

- The Audit Committee convened four times (6 February 2024, 18 July 2024, 15 October 2024, 18 December 2024).
- The Corporate Governance Committee convened four times (16 May 2024, 18 July 2024, 15 October 2024, 18 December 2024).
- The Risk Committee convened four times (6 February 2024, 18 July 2024, 15 October 2024, 18 December 2024).
- The Sustainability Committee convened twice (18 July 2024, 18 December 2024).

At the conclusion of every meeting, each committee submitted a report to the Adel Kalemcilik Board of Directors detailing its recent work and results as follows:

- The Audit Committee, which is responsible for ensuring that all internal and independent audits are conducted sufficiently and transparently and that the internal control system is implemented effectively, reported its opinions and recommendations on the internal audit and control system.
- The Corporate Governance Committee, which was established to monitor the company's compliance with corporate governance principles, to make recommendations to the Board of Directors, and to improve the company's corporate governance practices, ascertained whether or not the company is complying with corporate governance principles. If the company was not in compliance, the committee identified the reasons for non-compliance and potential conflicts of interest that could arise from non-compliance. The committee also reviewed the operations of the Investor Relations Unit. The committee submitted its report on recommended improvements to the full board.
- The Risk Committee, which is responsible for identifying, assessing, and managing risks that could jeopardize the company's existence, development, and continuity, reviewed the company's risk management systems to ensure they comply with CMB CGP and reported its findings to the full board. The committee also submitted the bimonthly reports required by article 378 of the Turkish Commercial Code (Statute 6102) to the full board.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY INDEPENDENT **BOARD MEMBERS**

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

I hereby declare that, with respect to Adel Kalemcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (the Company);

- · No employment relationship has been established during the last five years between me, my spouse and my relatives by blood or marriage up to second degree and the company, partnerships which the company controls the management of or has material influence over or shareholders who control the management of or have material influence over the company and legal entities which these shareholders control the management of, which has caused me to assume important duties and responsibilities in an executive position nor have I/we individually or jointly held more than 5% of the capital or voting rights or privileged shares in or established a material business relationship with the same,
- I was not a shareholder of (5% and more) nor held an executive position which would cause me to assume important duties and responsibilities or officiated as a board member, during the last five years, in any company from or to which the company purchases or sells a substantial quantity of services or products based on agreements made, during the periods these services or products were sold or purchased including especially those companies which carry out audit (including tax audits, legal audits, internal audits), rating and consultancy services for the company,
- I have the professional education, knowledge and experience necessary to duly carry out the duties which I shall assume due to my position as an independent board member,
- I am not a full time employee with any public entity or organization following my election,
- I am assumed to be a resident in Türkiye in accordance with the Income Tax Law,
- I have strong ethical standards, professional reputation and experience that shall allow me to contribute positively to the activities of the company, maintain partiality in conflicts of interests between the company and its shareholders and decide freely by taking into account the rights of beneficiaries;
- I am able to dedicate a sufficient amount of time to the affairs of the company in a manner to follow up the conduct of company activities and duly perform the duties I have assumed,
- · I did not officiate as a board member at the board of directors of the company for longer than 6 years during the last ten years,
- I am not officiating as an independent board member with more than three of the companies which the company controls or shareholders that control the management of the company control the management and in total more than five of the companies which are traded on the stock exchange and that therefore, I will serve in my position as a member of the Company's Board of Directors as an independent board member,
- I have not been registered and announced as a board member representing the legal entity for which I will be elected.

Uğur BAYAR



DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

I hereby declare that, with respect to Adel Kalemcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (the Company);

- No employment relationship has been established during the last five years between me, my spouse and my relatives by blood or marriage up to second degree and the company, partnerships which the company controls the management of or has material influence over or shareholders who control the management of or have material influence over the company and legal entities which these shareholders control the management of, which has caused me to assume important duties and responsibilities in an executive position nor have I/we individually or jointly held more than 5% of the capital or voting rights or privileged shares in or established a material business relationship with the same,
- I was not a shareholder of (5% and more) nor held an executive position which would cause me to assume
 important duties and responsibilities or officiated as a board member, during the last five years, in any
 company from or to which the company purchases or sells a substantial quantity of services or products
 based on agreements made, during the periods these services or products were sold or purchased including
 especially those companies which carry out audit (including tax audits, legal audits, internal audits), rating and
 consultancy services for the company,
- I have the professional education, knowledge and experience necessary to duly carry out the duties which I shall assume due to my position as an independent board member,
- I am not a full time employee with any public entity or organization following my election,
- I am assumed to be a resident in Türkiye in accordance with the Income Tax Law,
- I have strong ethical standards, professional reputation and experience that shall allow me to contribute positively to the activities of the company, maintain partiality in conflicts of interests between the company and its shareholders and decide freely by taking into account the rights of beneficiaries;
- I am able to dedicate a sufficient amount of time to the affairs of the company in a manner to follow up the conduct of company activities and duly perform the duties I have assumed,
- I did not officiate as a board member at the board of directors of the company for longer than 6 years during the last ten years,
- I am not officiating as an independent board member with more than three of the companies which the
 company controls or shareholders that control the management of the company control the management
 and in total more than five of the companies which are traded on the stock exchange and that therefore, I will
 serve in my position as a member of the Company's Board of Directors as an independent board member,
- I have not been registered and announced as a board member representing the legal entity for which I will be elected.

İzzet KARACA

Salvey /

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY INDEPENDENT BOARD MEMBERS

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

I hereby declare that, with respect to Adel Kalemcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (the Company);

- No employment relationship has been established during the last five years between me, my spouse and my relatives by blood or marriage up to second degree and the company, partnerships which the company controls the management of or has material influence over or shareholders who control the management of or have material influence over the company and legal entities which these shareholders control the management of, which has caused me to assume important duties and responsibilities in an executive position nor have I/we individually or jointly held more than 5% of the capital or voting rights or privileged shares in or established a material business relationship with the same,
- I was not a shareholder of (5% and more) nor held an executive position which would cause me to assume important duties and responsibilities or officiated as a board member, during the last five years, in any company from or to which the company purchases or sells a substantial quantity of services or products based on agreements made, during the periods these services or products were sold or purchased including especially those companies which carry out audit (including tax audits, legal audits, internal audits), rating and consultancy services for the company,
- I have the professional education, knowledge and experience necessary to duly carry out the duties which I shall assume due to my position as an independent board member,
- I am not a full time employee with any public entity or organization following my election,
- I am assumed to be a resident in Türkiye in accordance with the Income Tax Law,
- I have strong ethical standards, professional reputation and experience that shall allow me to contribute positively to the activities of the company, maintain partiality in conflicts of interests between the company and its shareholders and decide freely by taking into account the rights of beneficiaries;
- I am able to dedicate a sufficient amount of time to the affairs of the company in a manner to follow up the conduct of company activities and duly perform the duties I have assumed,
- I did not officiate as a board member at the board of directors of the company for longer than 6 years during the last ten years,
- I am not officiating as an independent board member with more than three of the companies which the company controls or shareholders that control the management of the company control the management and in total more than five of the companies which are traded on the stock exchange and that therefore, I will serve in my position as a member of the Company's Board of Directors as an independent board member,
- I have not been registered and announced as a board member representing the legal entity for which I will be elected.

Tayfun BAYAZIT

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

I hereby declare that, with respect to Adel Kalemcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (the Company);

- No employment relationship has been established during the last five years between me, my spouse and my relatives by blood or marriage up to second degree and the company, partnerships which the company controls the management of or has material influence over or shareholders who control the management of or have material influence over the company and legal entities which these shareholders control the management of, which has caused me to assume important duties and responsibilities in an executive position nor have I/we individually or jointly held more than 5% of the capital or voting rights or privileged shares in or established a material business relationship with the same,
- I was not a shareholder of (5% and more) nor held an executive position which would cause me to assume
 important duties and responsibilities or officiated as a board member, during the last five years, in any
 company from or to which the company purchases or sells a substantial quantity of services or products
 based on agreements made, during the periods these services or products were sold or purchased including
 especially those companies which carry out audit (including tax audits, legal audits, internal audits), rating and
 consultancy services for the company,
- I have the professional education, knowledge and experience necessary to duly carry out the duties which I shall assume due to my position as an independent board member,
- I am not a full time employee with any public entity or organization following my election,
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- I have strong ethical standards, professional reputation and experience that shall allow me to contribute positively to the activities of the company, maintain partiality in conflicts of interests between the company and its shareholders and decide freely by taking into account the rights of beneficiaries;
- I am able to dedicate a sufficient amount of time to the affairs of the company in a manner to follow up the conduct of company activities and duly perform the duties I have assumed,
- I did not officiate as a board member at the board of directors of the company for longer than 6 years during the last ten years,
- I am not officiating as an independent board member with more than three of the companies which the
 company controls or shareholders that control the management of the company control the management
 and in total more than five of the companies which are traded on the stock exchange and that therefore, I will
 serve in my position as a member of the Company's Board of Directors as an independent board member,
- I have not been registered and announced as a board member representing the legal entity for which I will be elected.

Eyüp Mehmet Cemil YÜKSELEN

Melyl

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS' ANNUAL REPORT



To the General Assembly of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

1. Opinion

We have audited the annual report of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. (the "Company") for the 1 January -31 December 2024 period.

In our opinion, the financial information and the analysis made by the Board of Directors by using the information included in the audited financial statements regarding the Company's position in the Board of Directors' Annual Report are consistent and presented fairly, in all material respects, with the audited full set financial statements and with the information obtained in the course of independent audit.

2. Basis for Opinion

Our independent audit was conducted in accordance with the Independent Standards on Auditing that are part of the Turkish Standards on Auditing (the "TSA") adopted within the framework of the regulations of the Capital Markets Board and issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities in the Audit of the Board of Directors' Annual Report section of our report. We hereby declare that we are independent of the Company in accordance with the Ethical Rules for Independent Auditors (including Independence Standards) (the "Ethical Rules") and the ethical requirements regarding independent audit in regulations issued by POA and the regulations of the Capital Markets Board and other relevant legislation that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Ethical Rules and regulations. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained during the independent audit provides a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

3. Our Audit Opinion on the Full Set Financial Statements

We expressed an unqualified opinion in the auditor's report dated 3 March 2025 on the full set financial statements for the 1 January - 31 December 2024 period.

4. Board of Director's Responsibility for the Annual Report

Company management's responsibilities related to the annual report according to Articles 514 and 516 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102 and Capital Markets Board's ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No:14.1, "Principles of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" (the "Communiqué") are as follows:

- a) to prepare the annual report within the first three months following the balance sheet date and present it to the General Assembly;
- b) to prepare the annual report to reflect the Company's operations in that year and the financial position in a true, complete, straightforward, fair and proper manner in all respects. In this report financial position is assessed in accordance with the financial statements. Also in the report, developments and possible risks which the Company may encounter are clearly indicated. The assessments of the Board of Directors in regards to these matters are also included in the report.

- c) to include the matters below in the annual report:
 - events of particular importance that occurred in the Company after the operating year,
 - the Company's research and development activities,
 - financial benefits such as salaries, bonuses, premiums and allowances, travel, accommodation and representation expenses, benefits in cash and in kind, insurance and similar guarantees paid to members of the Board of Directors and senior management.

When preparing the annual report, the Board of Directors considers secondary legislation arrangements enacted by the Ministry of Trade and other relevant institutions.

5. Independent Auditor's Responsibility in the Audit of the Annual Report

Our aim is to express an opinion and issue a report comprising our opinion within the framework of TCC and Communiqué provisions regarding whether or not the financial information and the analysis made by the Board of Directors by using the information included in the audited financial statements in the annual report are consistent and presented fairly with the audited financial statements of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. and with the information we obtained in the course of independent audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the TSAs. These standards require that ethical requirements are complied with and that the independent audit is planned and performed in a way to obtain reasonable assurance of whether or not the financial information and the analysis made by the Board of Directors by using the information included in the audited financial statements in the annual report are consistent and presented fairly with the audited financial statements and with the information obtained in the course of audit.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Salim Alyanak, SMMM Independent Auditor

Istanbul, 3 March 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



To the General Assembly of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

A. Audit of the financial statements

1. Our opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. (the "Company") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements comprising a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS").

2. Basis for opinion

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the Standards on Independent Auditing (the "SIA") that are part of Turkish Standards on Auditing adopted within the framework of the regulations of the Capital Markets Board and issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (the "POA"). Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We hereby declare that we are independent of the Company in accordance with the Ethical Rules for Independent Auditors (including Independence Standards) (the "Ethical Rules") the ethical requirements regarding independent audit in regulations issued by the POA; the regulations of the Capital Markets Board; and other relevant legislation are relevant to our audit of the financial statements. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Ethical Rules and regulations. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained during the independent audit provides a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

3. Key audit matters

Kilit denetim konuları, mesleki muhakememize göre cari döneme ait finansal tabloların bağımsız Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. Key audit matters were addressed in the context of our independent audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters

Revenue recognition

Revenue TL 2.711.979 Thousand has been recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the accounting period 1 January-31 December 2024.

Revenue is recognized in the financial statements when the Company fulfils its perfomance obligation by transferring control of the promised products to its customers. Since sales contracts are complex, the recognition of revenue in the relevant period depends on the correct evaluation of the sales conditions specific to each situation. For this reason, there is a risk that the revenue will not be recognized in the correct period or amount for the products whose production is completed and delivered, or for those whose invoices have not yet been issued to the customer.

Revenue is one of the most significant indicators in the performance evaluation of the Company. Revenue has been selected as a key audit matter because it is of great importance in terms of evaluating the results of the strategies implemented during the year and monitoring performance and it has significant, decisive impact on more than one financial statement item.

Disclosures regarding the Company's revenuerelated accounting policies and amounts are included in Notes 2.2.1 of the attached financial statements.

How the key audit matter was addressed in the audit

The following audit procedures have been applied for the recognition of revenue:

- Testing the design and implementation of internal controls on revenue recognition by understanding the Company's revenue process,
- Evaluating whether the accounting policies applied by the Company management for recording revenue are in terms of TFRS,
- Testing the transactions recorded as revenue during the period by sampling method by comparing them with invoices, supporting documents and collections from customers,
- Testing the balances of trade receivables using the sampling method by sending confirmation letters,
- Testing whether the sales returns realized after the reporting period are included in the financial statements in the relevant period,
- Testing the revenue items belong to period ending and the beginning of the following period with the sampling method regarding the cut-off of the revenue.
- Evaluating the accuracy and adequacy of the revenue related disclosures included in footnotes financial statements in terms of TFRS.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

4. Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

The Company management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

5. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Responsibilities of independent auditors in an independent audit are as follows:

Our aim is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance expressed as a result of an independent audit conducted in accordance with SIA is a high level of assurance but does not guarantee that a material misstatement will always be detected. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an independent audit conducted in accordance with SIA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Assess the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our independent auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. We also communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

B. Other responsibilities arising from regulatory requirements

- 1. No matter has come to our attention that is significant according to subparagraph 4 of Article 402 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102 and that causes us to believe that the Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.'s bookkeeping activities concerning the period from 1 January to 31 December 2024 period are not in compliance with the TCC and provisions of the Company's articles of association related to financial reporting.
- 2. In accordance with subparagraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, the Board of Directors submitted the necessary explanations to us and provided the documents required within the context of our audit.
- 3. In accordance with subparagraph 4 of Article 398 of the TCC, the auditor's report on the early risk identification system and committee was submitted to the Company's Board of Directors on 3 March 2025.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Salim Alyanak, SMMM

Independent Auditor

Istanbul, 3 March 2025

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

		Audited	Audited
	Note	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	659.335	1.146.378
Financial investments	5	-	189.415
Trade receivables		131.206	171.023
- Trade receivables from related parties	23	42.743	74.904
- Trade receivables from third parties	7	88.463	96.119
Other receivables		1.525	10.657
- Other receivables from third parties	8	1.525	10.657
Inventories	9	789.434	888.797
Prepaid expenses	14	18.123	25.194
Current income tax assets	14	121.702	144.252
Other current assets		71.013	64.000
- Other current assets from third parties	14	71.013	64.000
Total current assets		1.792.338	2.639.716
Non-current assets			
Financial investments	5	1.305	1.120
Other receivables		-	553
- Other receivables from third parties	8	-	553
Property, plant and equipment	10	789.892	804.473
Right of use assets	6	153.126	194.595
Intangible assets	11	88.710	114.055
Prepaid expenses	14	16.562	9.574
Deferred tax assets	21	-	34.797
Total non-current assets		1.049.595	1.159.167
Total assets		2.841.933	3.798.883

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

	–	Audited	Audited
	Note	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Short term borrowings		390.078	1.126.013
- Short-term borrowings from third parties		390.078	1.126.013
- Bank loans	6	390.078	441.105
- Issued debt instruments	6	-	684.908
Short-term portion of long-term borrowings		111.162	377.581
- Short term portion of long term borrowings from third parties	6	111.162	377.581
- Bank loans		27.970	39.092
- Lease liabilities		47.257	56.550
- Issued debt instruments		35.935	281.939
Trade payables		132.963	201.601
- Due to related parties	23	7.189	9.613
- Due to third parties	7	125.774	191.988
Employee benefit liabilities	8	108.124	86.775
Other payables		3.829	572
- Due to third parties	8	3.829	572
Derivative instruments	25.2	561	2.485
Deferred income	14	61.053	229.173
Short term provision		19.017	12.366
- Provisions for employment benefits	13	13.762	12.096
- Other short-term provisions	12	5.255	270
Total current liabilities		826.787	2.036.566
Non-current liabilities		E00 004	100,000
Long term borrowings	C	506.384	102.908
- Long term borrowings from third parties	6	506.384	102.908
- Bank loans		170.000	-
- Issued debt instruments		250.000	100,000
- Lease liabilities	0	86.384	102.908
Provision for employee benefits	8	2.315	13.891
Long term provision	40	33.401	41.711
- Provisions for employment termination benefits	13	33.401	41.711
Deferred tax liabilities	21	23.960	-
Total non-current liabilities		566.060	158.510
Equity			
Share capital	15	259.875	23.625
Adjustment to share capital	15	317.244	553.494
Other comprehensive expenses that will not be reclassified to			
profit or loss		(14.984)	(19.994)
- Losses on remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		(14.984)	(19.994)
Other comprehensive expenses/(income) that will be			
reclassified to profit or loss		12.468	8.424
- Currency translation differences		-	(5.686)
- Gains/(loss) on hedge		12.468	14.110
Restricted reserves	15	301.337	285.073
Retained earnings	15	554.502	123.742
Net profit/(loss) for the period		18.644	629.443
Net profit/(1033) for the period			
Total equity		1.449.086	1.603.807

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

		Audited	Audited
		1 January -	1 January -
Profit or loss	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Revenue	16	2.711.979	3.265.499
Cost of sales (-)	16	(1.324.068)	(1.740.926)
Gross profit		1.387.911	1.524.573
•			
General administrative expenses (-)	17	(433.542)	(410.976)
Marketing expenses (-)	17	(581.457)	(575.010)
Research and development expenses (-)	17	(18.964)	(17.878)
Other income from operating activities	18	19.342	106.260
Other expenses from operating activities (-)	18	(49.905)	(70.369)
Operating profit/(loss)		323.385	556.600
		020.000	000.000
Income from investment activities	19	1.058	751
Expense from investment activities (-)	19	(46.116)	(234)
Share of profit/loss of investments accounted for using		,	,
the equity method	19	-	(1.618)
Operating profit before finance income/(expense)		278.327	555.499
Finance income	00	000 150	045 000
Finance income	20	262.152	315.260
Finance expenses (-)	20	(576.960)	(466.340)
Monetary gain/(loss)		112.758	233.446
Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations		76.277	637.865
Tax income from continuing operations		(57.633)	(8.422)
Tayaa an aynanaa	01		(100 700)
- Taxes on expense- Deferred tax income/(expense)	21 21	(57.633)	(192.733) 184.311
- Deletted (ax income/(expense)		(37.033)	104.311
Net profit/(loss) for the year		18.644	629.443
Profit/(loss) per share (TRL per share)	22	0,2080	26,6431
		5,250	

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

		Audited	Audited
		1 January -	1 January -
	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Net profit/(loss) for the year		18.644	629.443
Other comprehensive expenses that will not be			
reclassified		5.010	(5.538)
- Remeasurements of defined benefit assets/liabilities Other comprehensive expenses that will not be	13	6.680	(6.303)
reclassified to profit or loss, tax effect		(1.670)	765
- Deferred tax income		(1.670)	765
Other comprehensive expenses that will be			
reclassified to profit or loss		(1.642)	8.403
- Other comprehensive income/(expense) on cash			
flow hedge		(2.188)	10.736
- Other comprehensive expenses that will be			
reclassified to profit or loss, tax effect		546	(2.333)
- Deferred tax (expense)/income		546	(2.333)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)		3.368	2.865
Total comprehensive income		22.012	632.308

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

			Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified in profit or loss	
			Defined benefit	
		Inflation	plans revaluation	
	Share	adjustment to	and measurement	
	capital	share capital	(losses)/gains	
Balances as of 1 January 2023	23.625	553.494	(14.456)	
Transfers	-	-	-	
Dividends	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	(5.538)	
Balances as of 31 December 2023	23.625	553.494	(19.994)	
Balances as of 1 January 2024	23.625	553.494	(19.994)	
Liquidation effect	-	-	-	
Transfers	236.250	(236.250)	-	
Dividends	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	5.010	
Balances as of 31 December 2024	259.875	317.244	(14.984)	

Other comprehensive loss/ (income) that will be reclassified in profit or loss

Currency translation differences	Gains/(loss) on hedge	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings	Net profit/(loss) for the period	Total equity
(5.686)	5.707	281.276	184.177	(28.049)	1.000.088
-	-	3.797	(31.846)	28.049	-
-	-	-	(28.589)	-	(28.589)
-	8.403	-	-	629.443	632.308
(5.686)	14.110	285.073	123.742	629.443	1.603.807
(5.686)	14.110	285.073	123.742	629.443	1.603.807
5.686	-	-	-	-	5.686
-	-	16.264	613.179	(629.443)	-
-	-	-	(182.419)	-	(182.419)
-	(1.642)	-	- -	18.644	22.012
-	12.468	301.337	554.502	18.644	1.449.086

CASH FLOW STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

		Audited	Audited
	Note	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Cash flow from operating activities		372.912	356.774
Net profit/(loss) for the period		18.644	629.443
Adjustments to reconcile net profit/(loss) for the period		437.051	3.807
Adjustments for depreciation and amortization expense	6,10,11	165.746	157.488
Adjustments for impairment loss/(reversal)		2.654	4.896
- Allowance for doubtful receivables	7	1.112	754
- Adjustments for inventory impairment/(cancellation)	9	1.542	4.142
Adjustments for provisions		40.148	50.791
- Adjustments for employment termination benefits	13	35.080	51.664
- Adjustments for lawsuit and other provisions	12	5.068	(873)
Adjustments for dividends	19	-	(36)
Adjustments for interest income/expense		407.276	204.453
- Adjustments for interest income	20	(166.021)	(242.168)
- Adjustments for interest expense	20	573.753	447.830
- Rediscount on interest loss	17	714	10.312
- Rediscount on interest income	17	(1.170)	(11.521)
Adjustments for fair value gains		(1.998)	14.685
Adjustments for tax income/(expense)	21	57.633	8.422
Gain on sale of tangible and intangible assets		(6)	(517)
Monetary gain/(loss)		(234.402)	(436.375)
Changes in working capital		(38.991)	70.891
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables		37.991	(47.847)
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables		9.685	(266)
Increase/(decrease) in inventory		97.821	(181.063)
Decrease/(increase) in prepaid expenses		83	6.676
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		(67.469)	75.581
Increase/(decrease) in employment termination benefits		9.773	34.920
Decrease/(increase) in other payables		3.257	(3.192)
Increase in deferred revenue		(168.120)	214.042
Decreases/increases in others		37.988	(27.960)
- Increase/(decrease) in other assets		14.111	121.910
- Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		23.877	(149.870)
Cash used in operating activities		416.704	704.141
Dividends		-	36
Employee termination benefits paid	13	(21.243)	(68.701)
Taxes paid		(22.549)	(278.702)
Cash flow from investing activities		(65.284)	(47.785)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	10	443	9.640
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	10,11	(65.727)	(55.807)
Cash inflows due to sale of shares in associates or joint ventures or			
capital reduction	19	-	(1.618)
Cash flow from financing activities		(499.203)	413.439
Proceeds from bank borrowings	6	1.512.044	2.387.736
Repayment of borrowings	6	(1.679.083)	(1.602.177)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(15.226)	(62.183)
Dividends paid	15	(182.419)	(28.589)
Interest paid	6	(512.639)	(320.400)
Interest received		171.419	166.338
Other cash inflow		206.701	(127.286)
Monetary gain/(lose) impact on cash and cash equivalents		(279.018)	(285.260)
Decrease/(increase) in cash and cash equivalents		(470.593)	437.168
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4	1.129.109	691.941
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4	658.516	1.129.109

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 1 - Company's organization and nature of operations

Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. ("Company") operates in the production of pencils, colored pencils, toys, and other stationery products; the sale and export of finished goods manufactured at its facilities; and the import, trade, and distribution of raw materials, semi-finished, and finished products.

The company was established on 17 July 1967 and registered with the Istanbul Chamber of Industry (ISO) and the istanbul chamber of commerce (ITO) on the same date with the registration number 96078.

The registered address of the company's headquarters is as follows:

Fatih Sultan Mehmet Mahallesi Balkan Caddesi No:58 Buyaka E Blok 34771 Tepeüstü, Ümraniye/İstanbul.

The Company is registered to the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and its shares have been traded on Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 1996. As of 31 December 2024, the Company has 27,71% of its shares registered in the BIST. The shareholders holding the majority of the Company's shares and their share ratios are as follows:

List of Shareholders

	31 December 2024		31 Decembe	r 2023
	(%)	TRL	(%)	TRL
AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş.	56,89	147.831	56,89	13.439
Faber-Castell Aktiengesellschaft	15,40	40.017	15,40	3.638
Shares publicly held	27,71	72.027	27,71	6.548
		259.875		23.625

The average number of employees of the Company as at 31 December 2024 is 371 (31 December 2023: 367).

As of 31 December 2024, the joint venture of the Company accounted for using the equity method and its shareholding ratios are as follows:

		December 31, 2024		December 3	1, 2023
Company name	Field of activity	Country	Share %	Country	Share %
LLC Faber-Castell Anadolu	All types of stationery buying				50.00
	and selling products	Russia	-	Russia	50,00

LLC Faber-Castell Anadolu which is Moscow-based joint venture registered in the Russia on 13 September 2011 was established to import and export, trade, and distribute all types of stationery and office supplies, painting equipment, hobby products and toys.

As of February 8, 2024, LLC Faber-Castell Anadolu has officially completed its liquidation process. The company, which had been inactive since 2019, is now fully dissolved and formally closed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements

2.1 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

2.1.1 Statement of compliance with TFRS

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets", which was published in the Official Gazette No:28676 on June 13, 2013. The accompanying financial statements are prepared based on the Turkish Accounting Standards and interpretations ("TAS") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") under Article 5 of the Communiqué. It is also presented in accordance with the 2024 TFRS Taxonomy updated by POA on July 3, 2024.

The financial statements have been presented in accordance with the 2024 TFRS Taxonomy, which was developed based on the financial statement templates set out in the Financial Statement Samples and User Guide published by the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) in the Official Gazette dated June 7, 2019, issue No. 30794, and updated by POA on July 3, 2024.

The Company's companies operating in Türkiye maintain their books of account and prepare their statutory financial statements in Turkish Lira in accordance with the principles and requirements issued by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB"), the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") and Tax Legislation and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. Subsidiaries and joint ventures operating abroad maintain their books of account and prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations of the countries in which they operate.

The Company's financial statements as of 31 December 2024 were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on 3 March 2025. The Board is authorized to amend the financial statements.

2.1.2 Adjustment of financial statements in hyperinflationary periods

The Company prepared its financial statements as at and for the period ended June 30, 2024 by applying TAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" in accordance with the announcement made by POA on 23 November 2023 and the "Implementation Guide on Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies". The standard requires that financial statements prepared in the currency of a hyperinflationary economy be expressed in terms of the purchasing power of that currency at the balance sheet date and that comparative figures for prior period financial statements be expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the Company has also presented its financial statements as of 31 December 2023 in terms of the purchasing power of that currency as of 31 December 2024.

In accordance with the CMB's decision dated 28 December 2023 and numbered 81/1820, it has been decided that issuers and capital market institutions subject to financial reporting regulations applying Turkish Accounting/Financial Reporting Standards will apply inflation accounting in accordance with TAS 29 standards, starting from their annual financial reports for the accounting periods ending as of 31 December 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.1.2 Adjustment of financial statements in hyperinflationary periods (Continued)

The restatements in accordance with TAS 29 have been made using the adjustment factor derived from the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") in Türkiye published by the Turkish Statistical Institute ("TSI"). As of December 31, 2024, the indexes and adjustment factors used in the restatement of the financial statements are as follows:

		Adjustment	Three-Year Compound
Date	Index	Coefficient	Inflation Rate
31 December 2024	2.684,55	1,00000	291%
31 December 2023	1.859,38	1,44379	268%
31 December 2022	1.128,45	2,37897	156%

The main elements of the Company's adjustment for financial reporting purposes in high-inflation economies are as follows:

- The current period financial statements prepared in TRL are expressed with the purchasing power at the balance sheet date, and the amounts from previous reporting periods are also expressed by adjusting according to the purchasing power at the end of the reporting period.
- Monetary assets and liabilities are not adjusted as they are currently expressed with current purchasing power at the balance sheet date. In cases where the inflation-adjusted values of non-monetary items exceed the recoverable amount or net realizable value, the provisions of TAS 36 and TAS 2 were applied, respectively.
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities and equity items that are not expressed in current purchasing power at the balance sheet date have been corrected using the relevant correction coefficients.
- All items included in the comprehensive income statement, except those that affect the statement of comprehensive income of non-monetary items in the balance sheet, are indexed with coefficients calculated over the periods when the income and expense accounts are first reflected in the financial statements.
- The effect of inflation on the Company's net monetary asset position in the current period is recorded in the net monetary gain/loss account in the income statement.

2.1.3 Functional and reporting currency

The Company is based on the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Türkiye in keeping its accounting records and preparing its statutory financial statements. Investments valued by the equity method in foreign countries, have prepared their statutory financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations applicable in the countries in which they operate. Financial statements of company have been prepared in Turkish lira based on historical cost, excluding financial assets and liabilities that are expressed at their fair values. The financial statements have been prepared by reflecting the necessary adjustments and classifications to make the correct presentation in accordance with TMS/TFRS to the legal records prepared on the historical cost basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.1.4 Shares in affiliates and joint ventures

A partnership is a joint venture in which entities with joint control in an arrangement have rights to the equity in the joint arrangement. Joint control is based on the control contract on an economic activity.

This control is deemed to exist when the decisions of the relevant activities require the parties sharing the control to agree with the unanimity of votes.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity accounting method, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sales, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with TFRS 5. Under the equity method, an investment in associate or a joint venture is initially recognized in the financial statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or a joint venture.

When the Company's whare of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Company's interest in that associate or a joint venture (which includes any long term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the associate or a joint venture), the company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or a joint venture.

2.2 Significant accounting policies

A summary of the accounting policies applied during the preparation of the financial statements is as follows:

2.2.1 Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when, or as, it fulfills its performance obligation by transferring a contracted good or service to a customer. Control of an asset is passed to the customer. the asset is transferred when (or as) it passes.

The company records revenue in its financial statements in line with the following basic principles:

- (a) Determining contracts with customers
- (b) Determining performance obligations in the contract
- (c) Determining the transaction price in the contract
- (d) Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- (e) Recognizing revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the amount receivable that has been or will be collected. Estimated customer returns, discounts and provisions are deducted from this amount. Revenue is reflected in the financial statements based on the transaction price. The transaction fee is the amount that the business expects to be entitled to in return for the transfer of the promised wooden pencils, crayons and copy pens, ballpoint pens, mechanical pencils and pencils, liquid ink pens, felt-tip pens, pastels, watercolors, erasers, finger paint, play dough, gouache, toys and other stationery products to the customer, excluding the amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.1 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Interest income is accrued in the relevant period at the rate of original effective interest rate, which reduces the remaining principal balance and the estimated cash inflows to be obtained from the relevant financial asset over its expected life to the registered value of the asset in question.

2.2.2 Inventory

The Company's inventories consist of raw materials, operating materials, packaging materials, semi-finished and finished items, stationery materials and toys.

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost of inventories includes all acquisition costs, conversion costs and other costs incurred in maintaining inventories in their present location and condition. Inventory conversion costs include costs directly attributable to manufacturing, such as direct labor costs. These costs also include systematically allocated amounts of fixed and variable overhead costs incurred in converting raw materials into finished goods.

The weighted average cost method (monthly) is applied in calculating the cost of stocks. Net realizable value is obtained by deducting the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs that must be incurred to realize the sale from the estimated sales price in ordinary commercial activity. When the net realizable value of stocks falls below their cost, the stocks are reduced to their net realizable value, taking into account their useful life and quality, and are reflected as an expense in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which the impairment occurs. In cases where the conditions that previously caused stocks to be reduced to net realizable value no longer apply or an increase in net realizable value is proven due to changing economic conditions, the impairment provision is cancelled. The canceled amount is limited to the previously allocated impairment amount.

2.2.3 Loans and borrowing cost

Loans are recorded at their value, on the date they are received, after deducting transaction costs from the loan amount (Note 6). Loans are subsequently stated at discounted cost using the effective interest method. The difference between the remaining amount after deducting transaction costs and the discounted cost value is reflected in the income statement as financing cost during the credit period. Financing costs arising from loans are recorded in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial investment income obtained by temporarily utilizing the unspent portion of the investment-related loan in financial investments is offset against borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. All other borrowing costs are recorded in the income statement in the periods in which they are incurred. The Company has no borrowing costs capitalized in the current and previous periods regarding qualifying assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried with their cost after subtracting accumulated depreciation and impairment. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated principally on a straight-line basis.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line depreciation method based on the economic lives of each asset, in order to reduce their cost to their residual value, applying the following rates (%).

Useful lifes

Land improvements	15
Buildings	50
Plant, machinery and equipment	20
Vehicles	12
Furniture and fixtures	50

Land and plots are not subject to depreciation due to their indefinite useful life. Gains or losses arising from the disposal of fixed assets are determined by comparing their net book value with the sales price and are recognized in operating profit. Maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred unless they provide a significant enhancement or a measurable improvement to the related asset, in which case they are capitalized.

2.2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are capitalized at cost. Intangible assets, excluding development costs, created within the business are not capitalized and expenditure is charged against profits in the period in which it is incurred. Useful lifes of intangible assets are determined as either finite or infinite. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lifes.

The carrying values of intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Intangible assets with infinite useful life formed in the financial statements in accordance with purchase method, are not subject to amortization and the carrying amounts of such intangibles are reviewed for impairment at least annually and whenever there is an indication of possible impairment.

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized. This difference is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is excluded from balance sheet.

Rights 3-15 Research and development expenses 5 Other intangible assets 2-15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.6 Impairment of assets

For assets subject to depreciation, an impairment test is applied in case of situations or events in which it is not possible to recover the book value. If the book value of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss provision is recorded. The recoverable amount is the greater of fair value or value in use, less costs to sell. To assess impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level at which they have separate identifiable cash flows. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that are subject to impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at each reporting date. There is no impairment associated with profit or loss in the financial statements for the period 31 December 2024.

2.2.7 Research and development expenses

Research expenses are recorded as expense when incurred. Project costs related to the development of new products or the testing and design of developed products are considered intangible assets if the project is commercially and technologically viable and the costs can be reliably determined. Other development expenses are recognized as expense when incurred. Development expenses recorded as expense in the previous period cannot be capitalized in the next period.

2.2.8 Financial instruments

Financial assets

The Company measures the remaining financial assets, except trade receivables, other receivables and cash and cash equivalents, which do not have a significant financing component, at fair value when they are first recognized in the financial statements. If trade receivables do not have a significant financing component in accordance with TFRS 15 (or the Company chooses a facilitating application), these receivables are measured at the transaction price (as defined in TFRS 15) during their initial recognition in the financial statements.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company classifies its financial assets as (a) Business model used for managing financial assets, (b) financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income or at fair value through profit or loss based on the characteristics of contractual cash flows. The Company reclassifies all financial assets effected from the change in the business model it uses for the management of financial assets. The reclassification of financial assets is applied prospectively from the reclassification date. In such cases, no adjustment is made to gains, losses (including any gains or losses of impairment) or interest previously recognized in the financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) holding the financial asset under a business model that aim to collect contractual cash flows;
- (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset result in cash flows at specified dates that include only payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding balance.

Interest income on financial assets shown at amortized cost is calculated using the effective interest method. This income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset except:

This income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, except:

- (a) Financial assets that are credit-impaired when purchased or created. For such financial assets, the Company applies a credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset, as of its initial recognition.
- (b) Financial assets that were not credit-impaired financial assets when purchased or created but subsequently become credit-impaired financial assets. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the asset in subsequent reporting periods.

If the contractual cash flows of a financial asset have been changed or otherwise restructured and such modification or restructuring does not result in derecognition of the financial asset, the gross carrying amount of the financial asset is recalculated and the restructuring gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

In the absence of reasonable expectations regarding the partial or total recovery of a financial asset's value, the Company deducts the financial asset from the financial statements by directly deducting its gross book value.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) Holding the financial asset under a business model that aims to collect the contractual cash flows and sell the financial asset;
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset result in cash flows at specified dates that include only payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Gains or losses on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, other than impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains or losse are determined until the financial asset is derecognised or reclassified, reflected in other comprehensive income. When a financial asset is reclassified the total gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is subtracted from equity as a reclassification adjustment and recognized in profit or loss at the reclassification date. If a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is reclassified, the entity recognizes the total gain or loss that it previously recognized in other comprehensive income. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognized as profit or loss.

At initial recognition, the Company may make an irreversible choice to present subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

If a financial asset is not measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, it is measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial assets in question, which constitute derivative products that have not been determined as an effective hedge against financial risk, are also classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Relevant financial assets are shown at their fair values, and gains and losses resulting from the valuation are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment

The Company makes a loss provision for expected credit losses related to financial assets carried at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company applies the impairment provisions when recognizing and measuring the provision for loss for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. However, the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

If the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. Entity measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date.

Gains or losses arising from a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, excluding impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains or losses, are reflected in other comprehensive income until the financial asset is derecognized or reclassified. When a financial asset is reclassified, the total gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is removed from equity and recognized in profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date. In case of reclassification of a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the entity recognizes the total gain or loss previously reflected in other comprehensive income. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the financial statements as profit or loss.

The Company uses a simplified approach for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables, which are not significant financing elements, and calculates loss provisions always equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial Liabilities

The Company measures the financial liability at its fair value when first recognizing it. In the initial measurement of liabilities other than those at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs directly attributable to their acquisition or issuance are added to the fair value.

The company classifies all financial liabilities as measured at amortized cost at subsequent recognition, except for:

- (a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: These liabilities are measured at fair value at subsequent recognition, including derivatives.
- (b) Financial liabilities arising if the transfer of the financial asset does not meet the requirements for derecognition or if the continuing relationship approach is applied: If the company continues to present an asset in the financial statements to the extent of its continuing relationship. It also reflects a related liability in the financial statements. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured to reflect the rights and obligations that the entity continues to hold. The liability attached to the transferred asset is measured in the same manner as the net book value of the transferred asset.
- (c) Contingent consideration recognized by the acquirer in a business combination to which TFRS 3 applies: After initial recognition, the fair value changes in such contingent consideration are measured through profit or loss.

The Company does not reclassify any financial liabilities.

Recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The company records financial assets and liabilities only if it is a party to the contract of financial instruments. The Company derecognises the financial asset when its contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expire or transfer the related financial asset and all the risks and rewards of ownership of that asset to another party. In cases where all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are not transferred to another party and the control of the asset is retained by the Company. the Company continues to account for its remaining share in the asset and the liabilities arising from and due to this asset. In the event that the Company retains all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred asset, the financial asset continues to be accounted for and a collateralized liability against the transferred financial asset is also recognized for the revenues obtained. The company derecognises the financial liability only if the obligation defined in the contract is eliminated canceled or expired.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.9 Transactions in foreign currency

In the statutory accounts of the Company, transactions in foreign currencies (currencies other than Turkish lira) are translated into Turkish Lira ("TRL") at the rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on settlement and translation of foreign currency items are included in the statements of income.

2.2.10 Earnings per shares

Earnings/loss per share is the portion of the net profit or loss that accounts for the common share, which divided by the weighted average unit of common share. In Turkey, companies, can increase their capitals by the "bonus share" method that they distributed from the prior year profits. This type of "bonus share" distribution, is considered as issued share in the earnings per share calculations. Accordingly, weighted average share amount used in this calculations are computed by considering the prior effects of the distributed shares as well.

2.2.11 Events after the reporting period

It refers to events that occur in favor of or against the enterprise between the balance sheet date and the date of authorization for the publication of the balance sheet. In case there is new evidence of the existence of the said events as of the balance sheet date or if the related events occur after the balance sheet date, the company discloses the said issues in the related footnotes.

In case of occurrence of events requiring adjustment after the balance sheet date, the company adjusts the amounts included in the financial statements in accordance with this new situation.

2.2.12 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

An asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events that are not under the full control of the enterprise is considered a contingent asset. If the possibility of resources containing economic benefits entering the business is high, contingent assets are disclosed in the footnotes.

If contingent liabilities become probable but no reliable estimate can be made about the amount of resources containing economic benefits, the Company presents the relevant liability in the footnotes.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of receivable can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.13 Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that prepares its financial statements.

a) A person or a member of that person's immediate family is related to a reporting entity if: This person:

- (i) Controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the entity (this includes parents, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries).
- (ii) Has an interest in the entity that gives it significant influence over the entity; or
- (iii) Has joint control over the entity.

(b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions exist:

- (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (that is, each parent, subsidiary and other subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) The entity is a subsidiary or joint venture of the other entity (or a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) If both businesses are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) If one of the entities is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is a subsidiary of that third entity.
- (v) If the entity, the reporting entity, or an entity related to the reporting entity has post-employment benefit plans for employees, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity if the reporting entity itself has such a plan.
- (vi) A person, who identified in (a) controll the entity or joint entity.
- (vii) A person identified in subparagraph (i) of (a) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of that entity (or its parent).

A related party transaction is the transfer of resources, services or obligations between the reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a fee is charged.

2.2.14 Current and deferred income tax

Current year tax liability is calculated on the taxable portion of the period profit. Taxable profit differs from the profit included in the statement of profit or loss because it excludes items that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that cannot be taxed or deducted. The Company's current tax liability is calculated using the tax rate that has been legalized or substantially legalized as of the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method, based on temporary differences between the recorded values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their tax values. These temporary differences generally arise from the recognition of income and expenses in different reporting periods in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards and Tax Laws.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.14 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

In calculating deferred tax, tax rates enacted as of the balance sheet date in accordance with the tax legislation in the period in which it will occur are used.

While deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, deferred tax assets consisting of deductible temporary differences are recognized provided that it is highly probable that these differences will be benefited from by generating taxable profits in the future.

If there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset against each other.

Tax is included in the statement of profit or loss provided that it does not relate directly to a transaction recognized in equity. Otherwise, the tax is accounted under equity along with the relevant transaction.

2.2.15 Provision for retirement and severance pay

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Company. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per Turkish Accounting Standard 19 (revised) "Employee Benefits" ("TAS 19"). The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the net present value of the total due to retirement of all employees. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

2.2.16 Statement of cash flow

Cash and cash equivalents are reflected in the balance sheet at cost. Cash and cash equivalents considered for the cash flow statement include cash on hand, bank deposits and highly liquid investments. In the cash flow statement, cash flows for the period are classified and reported based on operating, investment and financing activities.

Cash flows from operating activities represent the cash flows from the Company's main activities.

Cash flows related to investing activities show the cash flows used and obtained by the Company in its investment activities (asset investments and financial investments). Cash flows related to financing activities show the resources used by the Company in financing activities and the repayments of these resources.

2.2.17 Capital and dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved and declared.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.18 Netting/offset

All items that are significant in terms of content and amount are shown separately in the financial statements, even if they are similar in nature. Amounts that are not significant are shown by adding up items that are similar in terms of their principles and functions. As a result of the nature of the transactions and events requiring offset, showing these transactions and events over their net amounts or monitoring the assets at their amounts after deducting the impairment loss is not considered a violation of the non-offsetting rule.

2.2.19 Trade receivables and provisions for doubtful trade receivables

Trade receivables resulting from the supply of a product to a buyer by the Company are shown net of unaccrued financial income. Trade receivables after unaccrued financial income are calculated by discounting the amounts to be obtained in the following periods of the receivables recorded from the original invoice value using the effective interest method. Short-term receivables with no specified interest rate are shown at cost, unless the effect of the original effective interest rate is significant. The Company allocates provision for doubtful receivables for related trade receivables. If there is an objective finding that collection is not possible.

The amount of this provision is the difference between the book value of the receivable and the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the discounted value of all cash flows including the amounts that can be collected from guarantees and guarantees based on the original effective interest rate of the trade receivable.

Following the provision for doubtful receivables. If all or part of the amount is collected, the collected amount is deducted from the doubtful receivables provision and accounted for under other operating income.

2.2.20 Leases

As a lesse

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, The Company assess whether:

The company considers the following conditions when assessing whether a contract transfers the right to control the use of an identified asset for a specified period of time:

- a) the contract involved the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly.
- b) the asset should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, the asset is not identified.
- c) the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an asset throughout the period of use; and
- d) the Company has the right to direct use of the asset. The Company concludes to have the right of use, when it is predetermined how and for what purpose the Company will use the asset. The Company has the right to direct use of asset if either:

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.20 Leases (Continued)

After the above-mentioned assessments, the Company reflects a right-of-use asset and a lease liability in its financial statements at the actual commencement date of the lease.

- a) The Company has the right to manage and change how and for what purpose the asset will be used throughout the period of use. or
- b) Decisions on how and for what purpose the asset will be used are predetermined:
 - i. the Company has the right to operate (or to have the right to direct others to operate) the asset over its useful life and the lessor does not have the rights to change the terms to operate or;
 - ii. the Company designed the asset (or the specific features) in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it is used.

Right-of-use asset

The company measures the right-of-use asset at its cost at the actual commencement date of the lease. The cost of the right-of-use asset includes:

- a) amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Company; and
- d) to apply a cost model, the Company measure the right-of-use asset at cost:

When applying the company cost method. the right-of-use asset:

- a) less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and
- b) adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

While depreciating the right of use asset, the company applies the depreciation provisions in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment standard.

Company applies TAS 36 Impairment of Assets Standard to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Lease liability

At the commencement date, The Company measure the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company use the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.2 Significant accounting estimates and decisions (Continued)

2.2.20 Leases (Continued)

At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- a) The amount obtained by deducting all kinds of leasing incentive receivables from fixed payments,
- b) Lease payments that are dependent on an index or rate, the first measurement of which is made using an index or rate on the date when the lease actually begins,
- c) The lease period indicates that the lessee will exercise an option to terminate the lease. Penalty payments for termination of the lease, if it is shown.

After the commencement date, the Company measure the lease liability by:

- a) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- b) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- c) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in- substance fixed lease payments.

Facilitating applications

Short-term lease contracts with a lease term of 12 months or less and contracts for information technology equipment leases (predominantly printers, laptop computers, mobile phones, etc.) determined by the Company as low value are considered within the scope of the exception recognized by TFRS 16 Leases Standard. Payments related to contracts continue to be recognized as expenses in the period in which they occur.

As a lessor

All leases for which the Company is a lessor are classified as operating leases. In operating leases, the leased assets are classified under investment properties, tangible fixed assets or other current assets in the balance sheet and the rental income obtained is reflected in the income statement in equal amounts during the lease period. Rental income is reflected to the income statement on a straight-line basis throughout the rental period.

Additions to right-of-use assets, depreciation expenses and book values are presented in Note 6 by underlying asset class.

2.2.21 Comparative information and restatement of prior period financial statements

Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to changes in presentation in the current period financial statements and significant changes are explained. The financial statements of the Company include comparative financial information to enable the determination of the trends in the financial position and performance. The Company has prepared its financial position statement as of 31 December 2024 with the financial position statement prepared as of 31 December 2023; The profit or loss statement for the period 1 January- 31 December 2024, the profit or loss statement for the 1 January- 31 December 2023 accounting period, and the other comprehensive income statement for the 1 January- 31 December 2024 accounting period, the 1 January- 31 December 2023 accounting period, other comprehensive income statement, cash flow statement for the accounting period 1 January- 31 December 2024 and statements of changes in shareholders' equity are prepared comparatively with the related financial statements for the accounting period 1 January 31 December 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.3 New and Revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

- a. Standards, amendments, and interpretations applicable as of 31 December 2024:
- Amendment to IAS 1 Non-current liabilities with covenants; effective from annual periods beginning
 on or after 1 January 2024. These amendments clarify how conditions with which an entity must comply
 within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. The amendments also
 aim to improve information an entity provides related to liabilities subject to these conditions.
- Amendment to IFRS 16 Leases on sale and leaseback; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. These amendments include requirements for sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16 to explain how an entity accounts for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. Sale and leaseback transactions where some or all the lease payments are variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are most likely to be impacted.
- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 on Supplier finance arrangements; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. These amendments require disclosures to enhance the transparency of supplier finance arrangements and their effects on a company's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The disclosure requirements are the IASB's response to investors' concerns that some companies' supplier finance arrangements are not sufficiently visible, hindering investors' analysis.
- IFRS S1, 'General requirements for disclosure of sustainability-related financial information; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. This standard includes the core framework for the disclosure of material information about sustainability-related risks and opportunities across an entity's value chain.
- IFRS S2, 'Climate-related disclosures'; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. This is the first thematic standard issued that sets out requirements for entities to disclose information about climate-related risks and opportunities.

The relevant standards have had no significant impact on the Company's financial position or performance.

b. Standards, amendments, and interpretations that are issued but not effective as of 31 December 2024:

 IFRS 17, 'Insurance Contracts' TFRS 17, 'Insurance Contracts'; effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. This standard replaces TFRS 4, which permitted a wide variety of practices.
 TFRS 17 will fundamentally change the accounting for all entities issuing insurance contracts and investment contracts with discretionary participation features.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.3 New and Revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

On the other hand, according to Article 13, paragraph 1(a) of the Regulation Amending the Regulation on Financial Reporting of Insurance and Reinsurance Companies and Pension Companies, issued by the Insurance and Private Pension Regulation and Supervision Agency (SEDDK), the effective date of TFRS 17 was postponed from "January 1, 2024" to "January 1, 2025." In its letter dated February 15, 2024, sent to the Banks Association of Turkey, the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (KGK) stated that the application date of TFRS 17 was deferred to January 1, 2025, for the consolidated and individual financial statements of insurance and reinsurance companies, pension companies, banks with investments in these companies, and other companies with investments in these entities.

However, pursuant to Article 13, paragraph 1(a) of the same regulation issued by SEDDK, the effective date of TFRS 17 has been further postponed from "January 1, 2025" to "January 1, 2026." Accordingly, in its letter dated January 14, 2025, sent to the Banks Association of Turkey, KGK announced that the application date of TFRS 17 was deferred to January 1, 2026, for the consolidated and individual financial statements of insurance and reinsurance companies, pension companies, banks with investments in these companies, and other companies with investments in these entities.

- Amendments to IAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. An entity is impacted by the amendments when it has a transaction or an operation in a foreign currency that is not exchangeable into another currency at a measurement date for a specified purpose. A currency is exchangeable when there is an ability to obtain the other currency (with a normal administrative delay), and the transaction would take place through a market or exchange mechanism that creates enforceable rights and obligations.
- Amendment to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments; effective from annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026 (early adoption is available). These amendments:
 - clarify the requirements for the timing of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for some financial liabilities settled through an electronic cash transfer system;
 - clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion;
 - add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance (ESG) targets); and
 - make updates to the disclosures for equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI).
- Annual improvements to IFRS Volume 11; Annual improvements are limited to changes that either
 clarify the wording in an Accounting Standard or correct relatively minor unintended consequences,
 oversights or conflicts between the requirements in the Accounting Standards. The 2024 amendments are
 to the following standards:
 - IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards;
 - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and its accompanying Guidance on implementing IFRS 7;
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
 - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements; and
 - IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.3 New and Revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

- **IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements**; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027. This is the new standard on presentation and disclosure in financial statements, with a focus on updates to the statement of profit or loss. The key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to:
 - the structure of the statement of profit or loss;
 - required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and
 - enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.
- IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027. Earlier application is permitted. This new standard works alongside other IFRS Accounting Standards. An eligible subsidiary applies the requirements in other IFRS Accounting Standards except for the disclosure requirements and instead applies the reduced disclosure requirements in IFRS 19. IFRS 19's reduced disclosure requirements balance the information needs of the users of eligible subsidiaries' financial statements with cost savings for preparers. IFRS 19 is a voluntary standard for eligible subsidiaries. A subsidiary is eligible if:
 - it does not have public accountability; and
 - it has an ultimate or intermediate parent that produces consolidated financial statements available for public use that comply with IFRS Accounting Standards.

2.4 Changes and errors in accounting estimates

Changes in accounting policies or accounting errors are applied retrospectively and the financial statements of the comparative period are restated. If estimated changes in accounting policies are for only one period, changes are applied on the current year but if the estimated changes are for the following periods, changes are applied both on the current and following years prospectively. Except for the subject mentioned in "Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements", the Company has not identified any significant accounting error or estimated changes in accounting policies in the current year.

The nature and amount of a change in the accounting estimate that has an effect on the current period's operating result or is expected to have an effect on the following periods is disclosed in the footnotes of the financial statements, unless it is not possible to estimate the effect on future periods. There has been no change or error in the accounting estimates of the financial statements for the 31 December 2024 accounting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 2 - Basis of presentation of financial statements (Continued)

2.5 Financial statements of a joint venture operating in a foreign country

The financial statements of the joint venture operating in a foreign country have been prepared in accordance with the legislation in force in the country in which it operates and have been prepared by reflecting the necessary corrections and classifications in order to comply with the "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting in the Capital Markets".

The assets and liabilities of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the income statements of foreign subsidiaries and joint ventures are translated at average exchange rates. Differences that occur by the usage of closing and average exchange rates are followed under currency translation differences classified under equity.

2.6 Seasonality of activities

At the beginning of the year, the Company launches a sales campaign for specific products, followed by "dealer fairs" held in the first quarter to promote the sales of its manufactured and imported brands. During these campaigns and dealer fairs, customer orders are secured through checks, Direct Debit System (DDS), or credit cards. A significant portion of the orders received is shipped within the first half of the year.

2.7 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

Fair values of derivatives and other financial instruments

Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Expected credit losses

Provision for doubtful receivables is recognized using expected credit losses as defined in TFRS 9. The allowance for doubtful receivables is calculated using expected credit losses and excluding dealers subject to the Direct Debit System, taking into account the Company's estimates for the future in addition to past experience.

2.8 Incentives Provided by the State

Government incentives are not recognized unless there is a reasonable reason to believe that the Company fulfills the requirements of these incentives and that this incentive will be received. These incentives are recognized in revenues in the period to match the costs they are expected to cover. Income from government incentives is recognized as a deduction from an appropriate expense item.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 3 - Segment reporting

Fields of activity of the Company established in Türkiye are the production of pencils, colored pencils, toys, and other stationery equipment; the sale and export of finished products in the facilities; and the import of all kinds of raw materials, semi-finished products, and finished products for purchase and sale.

The Company's field of activity, the nature and economic characteristics of the products, the production processes, the classification according to the risks of the customers and the methods used in the distribution of the products are similar. In addition, the organizational structure of the Company has been established in such a way that a single activity is managed instead of the Company being managed in separate divisions containing different activities. For these reasons, the Company's operations are considered as a single operating segment, and the Company's operating results, the determination of the resources to be allocated to these activities, and the examination of the performances of these activities are evaluated within this framework.

NOTE 4 - Cash and cash equivalents

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Time deposit	35.223	1.124.989
Demand deposit	163	203
Other cash equivalents (*)	623.130	3.917
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	658.516	1.129.109
Interest income accruals	819	17.269
	659.335	1.146.378

^(*) TRL 622.742 of the relevant amount for the year 2024 consists of short-term investment funds.

The Company has no blocked deposits as of 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: None).

As of 31 December 2024, the Company has allocated USD 1.000.000 equivalent of TRL 35.223 from its bank deposits for the payments related to raw material and trade goods purchases to be made in the future periods in order to hedge against fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the related amount has been subject to hedge accounting. (31 December 2023: USD 2.600.000 equivalent of TRL 110.506)

NOTE 5 - Financial investments

	31 Decemb	per 2024	31 Decem	ber 2023
Currency-protected deposit		-		189.415
		-		189.415
	31 Decemb	er 2024	31 Decem	ber 2023
	%		%	
Ülkü Kırtasiye Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.	7,67	90	7,67	90
Other long-term investments (*)	-	1.215	-	1.030
		1.305		1.120

^(*) It is the amount of venture capital investment fund received by the Company on a long-term basis, equivalent to 2% of the corporate tax incentive utilized, as a result of its status as an R&D center.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 6 - Borrowings and right of use assets

31 December 2024	Interest rate %	Balance
Short term borrowings		
TRL loans	48,00 - 54,00	390.078
		390.078

As of 31 December 2024, the interest accrual calculated for the Company's short-term loans is classified within the relevant short-term bank loans, and the interest accrual calculated for the issued debt instruments is classified within the issued debt instruments.

31 December 2024	Interest rate %	Balance
Short-term portions of long-term borrowings		
Short-term portions of long-term finance leases	14,00 - 45,00	47.257
Short-term portions of long-term loans	47,06	27.970
Short-term portions of long-term issued debt instruments (*)	47,06	35.935
		111.162

As of 31 December 2024, the interest accrual calculated for the short-term parts of the Company's longterm borrowings is classified within the short-term parts of the relevant long-term borrowings.

31 December 2024	Interest rate %	Balance
Long term borrowings		
TRL loans	47,06	170.000
Issued debt instruments (*)	47,06	250.000
Long-term finance leases	34,00 - 45,00	86.384
		506.384

⁽¹⁾ The Company has issued debt instruments amounting to TRL 250,000, offered exclusively to qualified investors without a public offering in the domestic market. These instruments have a maturity of 730 days, bear a variable interest rate of BIST TLREF + 100 bps, feature four coupon payments, and are set to mature on September 24, 2026.

The details of the Company's short and long-term borrowings as of 31 December 2023 are as follows;

Interest rate %	Balance
17,64 - 49,87	441.105
42,50 - 46	684.908
	1.126.013
	17,64 - 49,87

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 6 - Borrowings and right of use assets (Continued)

As of 31 December 2023, the interest accrual calculated for the Company's short-term loans is classified within the relevant short-term bank loans.

31 December 2023	Interest rate %	Balance
Short-term portions of long-term borrowings		
Short-term portions of long-term finance leases	8,45	56.550
Short-term portions of long-term loans	12 - 17,32	39.092
Short-term portions of long-term issued debt instruments	32,50	281.939
		377.581

As of 31 December 2023, the interest accrual calculated for the short-term parts of the Company's long-term borrowings is classified within the short-term parts of the relevant long-term borrowings.

31 December 2023	Interest rate %	Balance
Long term borrowings		
Long term lease liabilities	14,89 - 21,10	102.908
		102.908

As of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the maturity details of the Company's long-term loans and financial lease borrowings are given below:

31 December 2024	Total liabilities
1-2 years	506.384
	506.384
31 December 2023	Total liabilities
1-2 years	102.908
	102.908

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 6 - Borrowings and right of use assets (Continued)

The movement of bank loans is as follows:

	2024	2023
1 January	1.447.044	1.192.350
Cash inflows from borrowing	1.512.044	2.387.736
Cash outflows related to debt payments	(1.679.083)	(1.602.177)
Interest expense	546.018	431.762
Interest paid	(512.639)	(320.400)
Monetary gain/(loss)	(439.401)	(642.227)
31 December	873.983	1.447.044

The movement table of lease liabilities is as follows:

	2024	2023
1 January	159.458	73.952
Cash inflow within the period	148.702	171.272
Cash outflows related to lease payments for the period	(60.545)	(62.183)
Interest expense	27.735	14.276
Interest paid	-	(3)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	-	(74)
Changes in contracts	(84.411)	-
Monetary gain/(loss)	(57.298)	(37.782)
31 December	133.641	159.458

The movement table of the right-of-use assets of the Company as of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 is given below:

Right of use assets	Vehicles	Buildings	Total
As of 1 January 2024,	40.393	154.202	194.595
Additions	18.803	129.899	148.702
Disposal	(2.342)	(127.299)	(129.641)
Current depreciation expense (*)	(24.671)	(35.859)	(60.530)
As of 31 December 2024,	32.183	120.943	153.126

⁽¹⁾ TRL 340 of depreciation expenses are included in the cost of goods sold, TRL 5.073 in general administrative expenses, and TRL 55.117 in marketing, sales and distribution expenses.

Right of use assets	Vehicles	Buildings	Total
As of 1 January 2022	40 E10	E0 E07	100 100
As of 1 January 2023,	49.512	50.597	100.109
Additions	15.774	6.669	22.443
Disposal	-	(17.782)	(17.782)
Changes in contracts	-	148.829	148.829
Current period depreciation expense (*)	(24.893)	(34.111)	(59.004)
As of 31 December 2023,	40.393	154.202	194.595

⁽¹⁾ TRL 569 of depreciation expenses are included in the cost of goods sold, TRL 7.958 in general administrative expenses, and TRL 50.477 in marketing, sales and distribution expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 7 - Trade receivables and payables

Trade receivables	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 23)	42.743	74.904
Trade receivables from third parties	88.463	96.119
	131.206	171.023
Trade receivables from third parties	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cheques and notes receivables	1.573	1.390
Trade receivables	94.352	109.281
Rediscount (-)	-	(5.343)
Provisions for doubtful trade receivables (-)	(7.462)	(9.209)
	88.463	96.119

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the movement table for do	ubtful trade receivables	is as follows:
	2024	2023
1 January	9.209	13.932
Provision recognized during the period	1.112	785
Reversal of provision	-	(31)
Inflation correction differences	(2.859)	(5.477)
31 December	7.462	9.209
Trade payables	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Trade payables to related parties (Note 23)	7.189	9.613
Trade payables to third parties	125.774	191.988
	132.963	201.601
Trade payables to third parties	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Suppliers	119.625	184.531
Other trade payables	6.149	16.152
Rediscount (-)	-	(8.695)
	125.774	191.988

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 8 - Other receivables and payables

Other receivables	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other receivables from third parties	1.525	10.657
	1.525	10.657
Other receivables from third parties	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Receivables from employees	995	2.648
Deposits and guarantees given	350	1.643
Sublease receivables	-	5.999
Other miscellaneous receivables	180	367
	1.525	10.657
Other long-term receivables	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Sublease receviables	-	553
	-	553
Other payables	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other payables to third parties	3.829	572
	3.829	572
Other payables to third parties	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Taxes, fees and deductions payables	3.152	-
Other	677	572
	3.829	572
Employee benefit liabilities	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Due to employees	62.543	25.813
Social security premiums payable	9.348	17.803
Other withholding tax liabilities	36.233	43.159
	108.124	86.775
Long-term employee benefit liabilities	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Due to employees	2.315	13.891
	2.315	13.891

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 9 - Inventories

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Davisantariala	040.047	000 000
Raw materials	210.347	269.098
Semi-finished goods	101.870	97.970
Finished goods	266.853	261.719
Trade goods	224.051	273.908
Other inventories	11.470	9.717
Provision for inventory impairments (*)	(25.157)	(23.615)
	789.434	888.797

^(°) As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the movement table regarding the stock impairment provision allocated as a result of the evaluation regarding the recoverability of stocks is as follows:

	2024	2023
1 January	23.615	19.473
Provisions no longer required (-)	(11.126)	(15.940)
Addition	12.668	20.082
31 December	25.157	23.615

NOTE 10 - Property, plant and equipment

		Land							
		improve-		Machinery		Furniture			
	Landa	ments and	Duildings	and	Vahialaa	and	Construction	•	Tatal
	Lands	buildings	Buildings	equipment	Vehicles	fixtures	in progress	Costs	Total
As of 1 January 2024,									
Cost	43.347	20.536	675.293	934.021	15.152	252.921	_	5.226	1.946.496
Accumulated									
depreciation	-	(18.586)	(123.339)	(758.897)	(15.115)	(223.947)	-	(2.139)	(1.142.023)
Net book value	43.347	1.950	551.954	175.124	37	28.974	-	3.087	804.473
Opening balance	43.347	1.950	551.954	175.124	37	28.974	-	3.087	804.473
Additions		_	2.022	13.049		11.734	26.310	_	53.115
Disposal cost	-	-	2.022	(1.443)	-	(7.260)	20.310	(657)	(9.360)
Disposal depreciation	-	-	-	1.243	-	7.035	-	639	8.917
Transfers	-	-	-	1.243	-	7.033	-	039	0.917
	-	(000)	(40,000)	(00,000)	(40)	(40.040)	-	(4.075)	(07.050)
Depreciation (*)	-	(282)	(16.292)	(36.380)	(12)	(12.312)		(1.975)	(67.253)
Closing balance	43.347	1.668	537.684	151.593	25	28.171	26.310	1.094	789.892
As of 31 December 2024,									
Cost	43.347	20.536	677.315	945.627	15.152	257.395	26.310	4.569	1.990.251
Accumulated									
depreciation		(18.868)	(139.631)	(794.034)	(15.127)	(229.224)	-	(3.475)	(1.200.359)
Net book value	43.347	1.668	537.684	151.593	25	28.171	26.310	1.094	789.892

⁽¹⁾ TRL 51.206 of depreciation expenses are included in the cost of goods sold, TRL 1.902 in general administrative expenses, TRL 2.273 in research and development expenses and TRL 11.872 in marketing, sales and distribution expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 10 - Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

		Land improve- ments and		Machinery		Furniture	Comptunation	Conside	
	Lands	buildings	Buildings	and equipment	Vehicles	and fixtures	Construction in progress	Costs	Total
As of 1 January 2023,		00.500	070.050	004.455	15 150	005.004	50.040	0.400	
Cost	43.347	20.536	672.250	924.455	15.152	265.331	50.649	2.160	1.993.880
Accumulated depreciation	_	(16.603)	(108.297)	(718.675)	(14.985)	(230.454)	_	(1.937)	(1.090.951)
depreciation		(10.003)	(100.231)	(7 10.073)	(14.303)	(200.404)		(1.301)	(1.030.331)
Net book value	43.347	3.933	563.953	205.780	167	34.877	50.649	223	902.929
Opening balance	43.347	3.933	563.953	205.780	167	34.877	50.649	223	902.929
Additions	-	-	3.043	10.127	-	10.132	-	3.066	26.368
Disposal cost	-	-	-	(561)	-	(22.542)	(5.187)	-	(28.290)
Disposal depreciation	-	-	-	363	-	18.804	-	-	19.167
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45.462)	-	(45.462)
Depreciation (*)		(1.983)	(15.042)	(40.585)	(130)	(12.297)	-	(202)	(70.239)
Closing balance	43.347	1.950	551.954	175.124	37	28.974	-	3.087	804.473
As of 31 December 2023,									-
Cost	43.347	20.536	675.293	934.021	15.152	252.921	-	5.226	1.946.496
Accumulated		(10 E00)	(100.000)	(7E0 007)	/4E 44E\	(000 047)		(0.100)	(4.440.000)
depreciation	-	(18.586)	(123.339)	(758.897)	(15.115)	(223.947)		(2.139)	(1.142.023)
Net book value	43.347	1.950	551.954	175.124	37	28.974	-	3.087	804.473

^(*) TRL 54.787 of depreciation expenses is included in the cost of goods sold, 1.506 TRL is included in general administrative expenses, 2.329 TRL is included in research and development expenses, and 11.617 TRL is included in marketing, sales and distribution expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 11 - Intangible assets

Intangible assets include computer software, rights and development costs.

			License	Other	
	Rights	Developments	agreements	intangible assets	Total
As of 1 January 2024,					
Cost	3.209	86.167	229.074	18.927	337.377
Accumulated amortizations	(2.822)	(13.646)	(191.321)	(15.533)	(223.322)
Net book value	387	72.521	37.753	3.394	114.055
Opening balance	387	72.521	37.753	3.394	114.055
Additions	-	1.636	9.585	1.397	12.618
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation (*)	(173)	(17.261)	(15.629)	(4.900)	(37.963)
Closing balance	214	56.896	31.709	(109)	88.710
As of 31 December 2024,					
Cost	3.209	87.803	238.659	20.324	349.995
Accumulated amortizations	(2.995)	(30.907)	(206.950)	(20.433)	(261.285)
Net book value	214	56.896	31.709	(109)	88.710

^(°) For the current period, amortization shares include TRL 20.337 in the cost of goods sold, TRL 1.771 in general administrative expenses, TRL 5.146 in research and development expenses and TRL 10.709 in marketing, sales and distribution expenses, has been made.

			License	Other	
	Rights	Developments	agreements	intangible assets	Total
As of 1 January 2023,					
Cost	2.868	21.542	219.139	18.927	262.476
Accumulated amortizations	(2.570)	(7.825)	(174.270)	(10.412)	(195.077)
			44.000		
Net book value	298	13.717	44.869	8.515	67.399
Opening balance	298	13.717	44.869	8.515	67.399
_				0.313	
Additions	341	22.947	6.151	-	29.439
Transfers	-	41.678	3.784	-	45.462
Depreciation (*)	(252)	(5.821)	(17.051)	(5.121)	(28.245)
Closing balance	387	72.521	37.753	3.394	114.055
Closing balance	307	72.521	37.733	3.394	114.055
As of 31 December 2023,					
Cost	3.209	86.167	229.074	18.927	337.377
Accumulated amortizations	(2.822)	(13.646)	(191.321)	(15.533)	(223.322)
Net book value	387	72.521	37.753	3.394	114.055

^(*) For the current period, amortization shares include TRL 10.922 in the cost of goods sold, TRL 1.686 in general administrative expenses, TRL 3.559 in research and development expenses, and TRL 12.078 in marketing, sales and distribution expenses, has been made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 12 - Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Provisions for lawsuits	5.255	270
	5.255	270

15 employees of the Company have filed 15 lawsuits against the Company for the cancellation of their employment contracts, reinstatement and other compensation claims and a provision for lawsuits amounting to TRL 5.255 has been set aside as a result of the evaluations of the lawyers in relation to the related lawsuits.

	2024	2023
As of 1 January,	270	1.883
Provisions no longer required (-)	-	(873)
Addition	5.068	-
Monetary gain/(loss)	(83)	(740)
As of 31 December,	5.255	270

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. was unable to collect its receivable of TRL 60 arising from its current account relationship with its customer. As a result, enforcement proceedings were initiated under Istanbul 18th Enforcement Directorate file numbers 2012/20785E and 2012/18797E, as well as Kartal 1st Enforcement Directorate file number 2012/6142E. The sale of the seized real estate was requested on October 7, 2013. The valuation report has been notified, and the real estate sales process is ongoing.

2014/14137E, 2014/15246E, 2014/16896E, filed under Izmir 2, 8, 10 and 14th Enforcement Directorate, as a result Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.'s inability to collect its receivable of TRL 594 arising from its current account relationship with its customer and 2015/574E, enforcement proceedings were initiated against the debtor company, and a payment order notification was issued against the debtor company, by proceeding with the main proceeding through a lien specific to bills of exchange. Investigations continue for the purpose of collecting the receivable.

There are commercial lawsuits filed against Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. by the employees of the two subcontractors, whose contracts the Company terminated as of 31 August 2013, due to their failure to fulfill their legal obligations towards their employees, within the framework of the principles of joint and several liability. Provision has been made as of 31 December 2024. The company has objected to the enforcement proceedings in question and the proceedings are continuing.

Following the failure of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. to collect its receivables arising from its current account relationship with its customer, a lawsuit was filed with the file number 2016/12354 E (New Basis: 2021/14645 E.) filed within the Istanbul Anatolian 17th Enforcement Directorate. Provision has been made for the amount. Main proceedings have been initiated and the assets recorded on the debtor have been inquired about. There are no assets registered in the name of the debtor, investigations are continuing to collect the receivable.

Following the inability of Adel Kalemcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. to collect due to its current account relationship with its customer, a receivable was recorded in the bankruptcy estate with the file number 2017/32 at Istanbul Anadolu 3rd Bankruptcy Directorate. A provision has been made for the said amount. The aforementioned lawsuits do not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, operating results, or liquidity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 12 - Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities (Continued)

Deposits and guarantees given	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Letters of credit	16.168	175.979
Guarantees letter	38.603	44.269

As of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the tables regarding the Company's collateral/pledge/mortgage ("CPM") position are as follows:

	December 2024 tter of guarantees, pledge and	TDI	In thousands	
			of EUR	TRL
ШС	ortgages provided by the Company	equivalents	OI EUN	INL
Α.	Total amount of GPMs given on behalf of the Company's legal			
	personality	16.168	97	12.610
В.	Total amount of GPMs given in favor of subsidiaries included			
	in full consolidation	-	-	-
C.	Total amount of GPMs given by the Company for the liabilities			
	of 3rd parties in order to run ordinary course of business	-	-	-
D.	Total amount of other GPM's	-	-	-
	i. Total amount of GPMs given in favor of the parent Company	-	-	-
	ii. Total amount of GPMs given in favor of other group			
	companies not in the scope of B and C above	-	-	-
	iii. Total amount of GPMs given in favor of third party			
	companies not in the scope of C above	-	-	-
		16 168	97	12 610

Let	December 2023 tter of guarantees, pledge and ortgages provided by the Company	TRL equivalents	In thousand of EUR	TRL
Α.	Total amount of GPMs given on behalf of the Company's legal			
	personality	175.979	-	175.979
В.	Total amount of GPMs given in favor of subsidiaries included			
	in full consolidation	-	-	-
C.	Total amount of GPMs given by the Company for the liabilities			
	of 3rd parties in order to run ordinary course of business	-	-	-
D.	Total amount of other GPM's	-	-	-
	i. Total amount of GPMs given in favor of the parent Company			
	ii. Total amount of GPMs given in favor of other group			
	companies not in the scope of B and C above	-	-	-
	iii. Total amount of GPMs given in favor of third party	-	-	-
	companies not in the scope of C above	_		_
		175.979	-	175.979

The ratio of other CPMs given by the Company to the Company's equity capital is 0% as of 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: 0%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 13 - Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Premium accruals	11.392	8.378
Provisions for unused vacations	2.370	3.718
	13.762	12.096
Long term employee benefits	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Provisons for employee termination benefits	33.401	41.711
	33.401	41.711

The movement table of unused vacation accruals as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024	2023
As of 1 January,	3.718	2.215
Addition	11.264	16.124
Charge for the period	(11.171)	(13.757)
Monetary gain/(loss)	(1.441)	(864)
As of 31 December,	2.370	3.718

Provisions for employee termination benefits

In accordance with the provisions of the Labor Law in force, there is an obligation to pay the legal severance pay to employees whose employment contract has ended so that they are entitled to severance pay. In addition, in accordance with the legislation currently in force, there is an obligation to pay the legal severance pay to those who have the right to leave the job by receiving severance pay. As of 1 January 2025, the severance pay to be paid is subject to a monthly ceiling of TRL 46.655,43 (1 January 2024: TRL 35.058,58). Severance pay liability is not legally subject to any funding. Severance pay liability is calculated based on the estimation of the present value of the company's possible future liability arising from the retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires the company to develop its liabilities within the scope of defined monthly plans using actuarial valuation methods. Accordingly, the actuarial assumptions used in calculating total liabilities are stated below:

Severance pay liability is not legally subject to any funding. The severance pay provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the company arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires the company's liabilities to be developed using actuarial valuation methods within the scope of defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of total liabilities are as follows:

The main assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service increases in line with inflation. Therefore, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, provisions in the attached financial statements are calculated by estimating the present value of the possible future liability arising from the retirement of employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 13 - Employee benefits (Continued)

	2024	2023
As of 1 January,	41.711	90.256
Service cost	20.802	34.905
Payments (-) Actuarial losses	(10.072) (6.680)	(54.944) 6.303
Monetary gain/(loss)	(12.360)	(34.809)
As of 31 December,	33.401	41.711
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Discount rate (%)	2,58	1,72
Turnover rate used in retirement probability calculation (%)	92,82	92,60
NOTE 14 - Other assets and liabilities		
Short-term prepaid expenses	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Advances given	13.591	12.404
Prepaid expenses	4.532	12.790
	18.123	25.194
Current tax assets	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Prepaid taxes and funds	121.702	144.252
	121.702	144.252
Other current assets	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Deffered VAT	70.948	63.943
Other current assets	65	57
	71.013	64.000
Long-term prepaid expenses	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Prepaid expenses	16.562	9.574
	16.562	9.574
Deffered income	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Advances received	61.053	222.648
Short-term deferred income		6.525
	61.053	229.173

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 15 - Capital, reserves and other equity items

Capital

The shareholders of the Company and their shares in the capital are given below.

	31 Deceml	per 2024	31 Decemb	per 2023
	% Share	Amount	% Share	Amount
AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş.	56,89	147.831	56,89	13.439
Faber Castell Aktiengesellschaft	15,4	40.017	15,4	3.638
Shares publicly held	27,71	72.027	27,71	6.548
Paid in capital	100,00	259.875	100,00	23.625
		0.17.04.4		550.404
Inflation adjustment to share capital		317.244		553.494
Total capital		577.119		577.119

Capital adjustment differences express the effect of realigning cash additions to paid-in capital with yearend purchasing power.

Number of shares, share groups and privileges:

The Company has 40.017.351 registered shares amounting to TRL 40.017 and 219.857.649 registered shares amounting to TRL 219.858 in accordance with the Foreign Capital Legislation. There are no privileges granted to shareholders in the election of the board of directors.

Restricted reserves allocated from profit

According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves are divided into two: first and second legal reserves. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, the first legal reserves are allocated as 5% of the legal net profit until 20% of the company's paid capital is reached. The second set of legal reserves is 10% of the distributed profit exceeding 5% of the paid capital. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, as long as legal reserves do not exceed 50% of the paid-in capital, they can only be used to offset losses and cannot be used in any other way. As a result of the sale of the company's real estate and participation shares, which are evaluated within the scope of Article 5/e of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, 75% of the sales profit is classified as "Profit from the sale of real estate and participation shares".

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Legal reserves	295.550	279.735
Real estate and subsidiary shares sales profit	4.209	4.210
R&D investment fund	1.578	1.128
	301.337	285.073

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 15 - Capital, reserves and other equity items (Continued)

Retained Earnings

Publicly listed companies distribute dividends in accordance with the requirements of CMB as explained below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other retained earnigs/(loss)	337.250	(14.255)
Extraordinary reserves	217.252	137.997
	554.502	123.742

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the fund items included in shareholders' equity in the financial statements prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law are as follows.

Retained Earnings	CPI Adjusted Statuary Entrys	PPI Adjusted Statuary Entrys	Followed ammount of profit or loss brought forward
Adjustments to share capital Restricted reserves	373.489	317.244	56.245
	387.287	301.337	85.950

Dividend distribution

In accordance with the CMB decision numbered 7/242 dated 25 February 2005; If the profit distribution amount calculated in accordance with the CMB's regulations regarding the minimum profit distribution obligation, based on the net distributable profit found in accordance with the CMB regulations, can be fully covered from the distributable profit in the legal records, this entire amount will be distributed, and if not, the entire net distributable profit in the legal records will be distributed. If there is a period loss in the financial statements prepared in accordance with CMB regulations or in any of the legal records, no profit distribution will be made. With the decision of the CMB dated 27 January 2010, it was decided not to impose any minimum profit distribution obligation on dividend distribution for publicly held joint stock companies whose shares are traded on the stock exchange.

Capital increase, free of charge, capital inflation adjustment differences and registered values of extraordinary reserves; It can be used for cash profit distribution or loss offset. However, equity inflation adjustment differences are subject to corporate tax if used in cash profit distribution.

The company management took the profit distribution decision at the general meeting. In case of distribution of these profits, the entire profit distribution amount will be covered from the distributable profit in the legal records.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 15 - Capital, reserves and other equity items (Continued)

At the Ordinary General Meeting held on 16 April 2024, since there was no Net Distributable Period Profit according to the statutory records in the Profit Distribution Table prepared within the scope of the Capital Markets Board Dividend Guide for the 2023 activity year of our Company, the previous year's profits will be used as the other source planned to be distributed on 31 December 2023. As of the date, the gross profit share of 150.002 full TRL, calculated on the basis of purchasing power, will be distributed to full taxpayer institutions at the rate of 57,72% gross amounting to 0,5772 full TRL for each share with a nominal value of 1 full TRL and 0,5195 for each share with a nominal value of 1 full TRL. It was decided to distribute a net cash dividend of 51.95% in full TRL, and dividend payments started and were completed on 26 September 2024.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Dividends distributed to shareholders	182.419	28.589
	182.419	28.589
NOTE 16 - Revenue and cost of sales		
	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Domestic sales	3.684.202	3.974.588
Foreign sales	125.989	225.569
Sales discounts (-)	(1.098.212)	(934.658)
Net sales	2.711.979	3.265.499
Cost of sales (-)	(1.324.068)	(1.740.926)
Gross profit	1.387.911	1.524.573
The breakdown of the cost of sales by periods is as follows:		
The breakdown of the door of ealed by periode to de followe.	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Direct material cost	358.435	766.600
Direct labour costs	250.711	293.185
General production expenses	119.711	152.073
Depreciation and amortization expenses	71.883	66.275
Provision for inventories	12.668	20.082
Change in semi-finished goods	(3.900)	(9.071)
Change in finished goods	(16.260)	(112.771)
Cost of products sold	793.248	1.176.373
Cost of goods sold	530.820	564.553
Cost of sales	1.324.068	1.740.926

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 17 - Expenses by natures

The operating expenses of the Company are as follows.

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Raw materials, supplies and merchandise	869.095	1.209.311
Personnel expenses	737.355	811.990
Depreciation and amortization expenses	165.746	157.488
Outsourced service expenses	147.038	131.940
Advertising expenses	82.126	39.824
Domestic sales expenses	71.582	84.464
License expenses	38.565	48.690
Informaiton systems expenses	31.059	30.386
Fuel, water, electricity expenses	30.769	46.980
Maintenance and repair expenses	28.185	27.855
Insurance expense	16.868	7.802
Other expenses	139.643	148.060
	2.358.031	2.744.790

By nature expenses include cost of sales, research and development expenses, marketing, selling and distribution expenses and general administrative expenses.

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Cost of sales	1.324.068	1.740.926
Research and development expenses	18.964	17.878
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	581.457	575.010
General administration expenses	433.542	410.976
	2.358.031	2.744.790

The distribution of personnel expenses in research and development expenses, cost of sales, general administrative expenses and marketing, selling and distribution expenses is as follows:

Personnel expenses	2024	2023
Research and development expenses	9.611	11.002
Cost of sales	286.986	345.646
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	200.775	217.288
General administrative expenses	239.983	238.054
·	737.355	811.990
Research and development expenses	2024	2023
Personnel expenses	9.611	11.002
Depreciation and amortization expenses	7.419	5.893
Other expenses	1.934	983
	18.964	17.878

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 17 - Expenses by natures (Continued)

Marketing sales distrul	DUTION	expenses
-------------------------	--------	----------

Marketing sales distrubution expenses		
	2024	2023
Personnel expenses	200.775	217.288
Domestic sales expenses	66.935	80.921
Advertising expenses	82.126	39.824
Depreciation and amortization expenses	77.698	74.170
Business and services license expenses	38.565	48.690
Other expenses	115.358	114.117
	581.457	575.010
General administrative expenses		
deneral administrative expenses	2024	2023
Personnel expenses	239.983	238.054
Depreciation and amortization expenses	8.746	11.150
Business and services	117.823	105.493
Other expenses	66.990	56.279
	433.542	410.976

NOTE 18 - Other operating and investment activities income and expenses

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Other income from main operations		
Foreign exchange gain	10.897	81.606
Rediscount interest income	1.170	11.521
Other	7.275	13.133
	19.342	106.260
	1 January -	1 January -
	•	31 December 2023
Other operating expense		
Currency translation expense	5.982	18.510
Donation expenses	8.286	24.159
Litigation provision expenses (Note: 12)	5.068	-
Sale of scrap and other materials	19.758	-
Inventory shortages	6.807	6.619
Rediscount interest loss	714	10.312
Other	3.290	10.769
	49.905	70.369

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 19 - Income and expense from investment activities

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Income from investment activities		
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	1.058	715
Other	-	36
	1.058	751
	1 January -	1 January -
	_	31 December 2023
Expenses from investment activities		
Expense arising from cancellation of the rental agreement	39.382	-
Losses from sale of property, plant and equipment	1.052	234
Transfer of currency translation differences recognized		
income statement	5.682	-
	46.116	234
	4 1	4.1
	1 January -	1 January - 31 December 2023
	21 December 2024	
Share from income/(loss) of investment valued	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Share from income/(loss) of investment valued by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu	31 December 2024	(1.618)
by equity method	31 December 2024	(1.618)
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu	31 December 2024	(1.618)
by equity method		(1.618) (1.618)
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu	- - 1 January -	(1.618) (1.618) 1 January -
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses	- - 1 January -	(1.618) (1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income	1 January - 31 December 2024	(1.618) (1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income	1 January - 31 December 2024	(1.618) (1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748	(1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income Currency protected deposit income	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748 17.286	(1.618) (1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158 5.796
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income Currency protected deposit income Gain on sale of funds	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748 17.286 77.383	(1.618) (1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158 5.796
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income Currency protected deposit income Gain on sale of funds	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748 17.286 77.383 135	(1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158 5.796 1.791 315.260
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income Currency protected deposit income Gain on sale of funds	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748 17.286 77.383 135 262.152	(1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158 5.796 1.791
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income Currency protected deposit income Gain on sale of funds Interest income from sublease receivables Finance expenses	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748 17.286 77.383 135 262.152 1 January - 31 December 2024	(1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158 5.796 1.791 315.260 1 January - 31 December 2023
by equity method LCC Faber-Castell Anadolu NOTE 20 - Finance income and expenses Finance income Interest income Foreign exchange income Currency protected deposit income Gain on sale of funds Interest income from sublease receivables	1 January - 31 December 2024 148.600 18.748 17.286 77.383 135 262.152 1 January -	(1.618) 1 January - 31 December 2023 178.219 67.296 62.158 5.796 1.791 315.260 1 January -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 21 - Income taxes

The company is subject to taxation within the scope of the tax laws and other legislation of the countries in which it operates.

In Turkey, the corporate tax rate is 25%. The corporate tax return must be declared by the evening of the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following period. It must be paid in one piece by the end of this month. In accordance with the tax legislation, provisional tax is calculated and paid at the corporate tax rate on the earnings generated quarterly, and the amounts paid in this way are offset from the tax calculated on annual earnings.

In accordance with the tax legislation in Turkey, financial losses can be carried forward for a maximum of five years following the year in which they occurred. In addition, tax declarations and relevant accounting records can be examined by the tax administration within five years.

records can be examined by the tax administration within live yo		
	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Current period provision for corporate tax (-)	-	(192.733)
Deferred tax income/(expense)	(57.633)	184.311
Total deferred tax expense, (net)	(57.633)	(8.422)
The reconciliation of the period tax expense with the profit for the	e period is as follows:	
	2024	2023
Profit/loss before tax	76.277	637.865
Tax rate	25%	25%
Calculated tax expenses	19.069	159.466
Non-deductible expenses	4.559	14.772
Research and development allowances	(5.752)	(4.598)
Tax exempt income	(6.407)	(20.631)
Other	-	345
Monetary gain/(loss)	46.164	(140.932)
Tax income/(expense)	57.633	8.422
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Period income tax provision	-	(192.732)
Prepaid tax expenses (-)	121.702	336.984
Profit for the period tax (liability)/receivable, net	121.702	144.252

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 21 - Income taxes (Continued)

Tax Advantages Obtained Within the Scope of Investment Incentive System:

The profits obtained by the Company from its investments subject to incentive certificates are subject to corporate tax at reduced rates, starting from the accounting period in which the investment is partially or fully operated, until it reaches the contribution amount to the investment.

Within the scope of the Company's incentive certificates, there is no reduced corporate tax advantage used against the current period legal tax. (31 December 2023: TRL 0)

The company capitalizes its R&D expenditures within the scope of Law No. 5746 in its legal books. According to the provisions of the same law, by calculating the R&D expenditures made by the Company within the framework of the relevant legislation, it benefits from the R&D discount for the part of the R&D expenditures allowed by law.

As of 31 December 2024, the Company used an R&D discount advantage of TRL 5.752 (31 December 2023: TRL 4.598) in return for legal tax.

	Total temprora	ary differences	Deferr	ed tax
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Tangible and intangible assets Provisions for employee termination	10.370	158.157	2.593	39.539
benefits Provision for decrease in value of	31.061	51.638	7.765	12.909
inventories	(137.755)	(90.870)	(34.439)	(22.717)
Incentive premium accurals	11.440	33.920	2.860	8.480
Right of use assets transactions	(19.485)	(41.778)	(4.871)	(10.446)
Other adjustment	8.544	28.135	2.132	7.032
Deferred tax asset/(liability), net	(95.825)	139.202	(23.960)	34.797

NOTE 22 - Earnings per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares of the Company during the period. The Company's earnings per share calculation is as follows.

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Profit/(loss) for the period Average number of shares (1-TRL nominal value weighted average	18.644	629.443
number of shares)	89.645.548	23.625.000
Earnings per share/(loss) (Full TRL)	0,2080	26,6431

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 23 - Related parties transactions

a) Related Parties' Balances

	Receivables from related parties				
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023			
Migros Ticaret A.Ş. (2)	30.001	65.850			
A.W.Faber-Castell Vertrieb GmbH (2)	3.166	6.885			
AEP Anadolu Etap Penkon (2)	650	3.688			
Anadolu Sağlık Merkezi İktisadi İşl (2)	6.750	-			
LLC Faber-Castell Anadolu (3)	-	1.489			
Other	2.176	1.333			
	42.743	79.245			
Less: Rediscount on receivables/payables (-)	-	(4.341)			
	42.743	74.904			

	Payable to re	Payable to related parties			
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023			
AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş. (1)	6.689	10.041			
Anadolu Efes Biracılık ve Malt San. A.Ş. (2)	36	20			
Other	464	14			
	7.189	10.075			
Less: Rediscount on receivables/payables (-)	-	(462)			
	7.189	9.613			

⁽¹⁾ Partners

⁽²⁾ Joint ventures

⁽³⁾ Other companies managed by the partner

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 23 - Related parties transactions (Continued)

b) Related Parties' transactions

	1 January -	1 January -
Product purchase	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
A.W.Faber-Castell Vertrieb GmbH (2)	113.105	147.349
A.W. Faber-Castell (Guangzhou) Stationery Co. Ltd. (2)	100.678	100.379
A.W.Faber Castell (M) Sdn.Bhd. (2)	87.180	122.463
Pt. Pencil Lead Indonesia (2)	19.226	29.955
Other	2.434	4.512
	322.623	404.658
	1 January -	1 January -
Product sales	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Migros Ticaret A.Ş. (2)	101.073	120.943
A.W.Faber Castell Peruana (2)	5.107	9.285
A.W.Faber-Castell Vertrieb GmbH (2)	18.393	18.522
Other	2.811	6.718
	127.384	155.468
	1 January -	1 January -
Services received	•	31 December 2023
AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş. (1)	66.728	46.619
Moneypay Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş.	-	4.250
Migros Ticaret A.Ş. (2)	412	2.826
Anadolu Efes Spor Kulübü (2)	5.815	3.062
Other	175	786
	73.130	57.543
	1 January -	1 January -
Services given	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
A.W. Faber-Castell Vetrieb Gmbh. (2)	6.050	5.157
AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş. (1)	360	3.495
Anadolu Kafkasya Enerji Yatırımları A.Ş. (2) AEP Anadolu Etap Penkon Gıda ve	4.925	5.126
Tarım Ürün San ve Tic A.Ş ⁽²⁾	20.776	18.247
Other	1.346	1.869
	33.457	33.894
	1 January -	1 January -
Other	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Anadolu Eğitim ve Sosyal Yard. Vakfı (2)	3.549	22.487
Alladola Egililli vo oosyal tara. Vanii	3.549	22.487
	0.049	

⁽¹⁾ Shareholders

⁽²⁾ Joint Ventures

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 23 - Related parties transactions (Continued)

c) Benefits provided to key management

Key management personnel consist of the Head of the Agriculture, Energy and Industry Group, the General Manager and the managers who report directly to the General Manager. Benefits for senior executives are as follows:

Benefits due terminations	-	6.108
Post-employment benefits	-	3.061
Other long-term benefits	30.190	31.589
Short-term employee benefits	117.002	124.398
	2024	2023

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments

(a) Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will maintain its status as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance,

The capital structure of the Company consists of debt, which includes the borrowings and other debts, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings.

The management of the Company considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The management of the Company aims to balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt. The Company controls its capital using the net debt/total equity ratio. This ratio is the calculated as net debt divided by total equity.

Net debt is calculated as total liability (comprises of financial liabilities, leasing and trade payables as presented in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

(a) Capital risk management (Continued)

As of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, net debt/(equity+net debt) ratio is as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Total borrowings	1.007.624	1.606.502
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(659.335)	(1.335.793)
Net dept	348.289	270.709
Total equity	1.449.086	1.603.807
Total equity + net dept	1.797.375	1.874.516
Net dept/(total equity+net dept) ratio	19%	14%

(b) Credit risk

Financial instruments have a counterparty risk as they may not fulfill requirements of the agreement. The Company manages credit risk by constantly evaluating the credibility of the related parties and by determining counterparty credit limits and due dates on a customer basis. Company also receives collaterals from customers as needed. Instruments that increase the credit reliability as guarantees received to determine the maximum amount of credit risk as of reporting date, are not taken into account.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographic location.

(c) Currency risk and management

Transactions in foreign currency cause the exchange rate risk to occur.

The Company is exposed to exchange rate risk due to changes in the exchange rates used in the conversion of foreign currency assets and liabilities into Turkish lira. Currency risk arises due to future commercial transactions and the difference between recorded assets and liabilities.

The TRL equivalents of foreign currency assets and liabilities held by the Company are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Assets	66.017	175.003
Liabilities	(17.963)	(60.179)
Net balance sheet foreign currency position	48.054	114.824

The Company is exposed to currency risk mainly in US Dollar and Euro.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

(c) Currency risk and management (Continued)

Profit/Loss 31 December 2024	Appreciation of foreign currency	Depreciation Foreign currency
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL:		
1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*)	9.172	(9.172)
3- USD net effect (1+2	9.172	(9.172)
In case the Euro changes 20% +/- against TL:		
4- Euro net asset/liability 5- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-)	439	(439)
6- Euro net effect (4+5)	439	(439)
On average 20% +/- change in other exchange rates against TL:		
7- Other foreign currency net asset/liability 8- Hedged portion from other exchange rate risk (-) 9- Net effect on other FX assets (7+8)	- - -	- - -
	9.611	(9.611)
Profit/Loss 31 December 2023	Appreciation of foreign currency	Depreciation Foreign currency
Profit/Loss 31 December 2023 If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL:		•
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability		•
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL:	foreign currency	Foreign currency
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*)	foreign currency 22.310	Foreign currency (22.310)
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*) 3- USD net effect (1+2 In case the Euro changes 20% +/- against TL: 4- Euro net asset/liability	foreign currency 22.310	Foreign currency (22.310)
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*) 3- USD net effect (1+2 In case the Euro changes 20% +/- against TL:	22.310 22.310	(22.310) (22.310)
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*) 3- USD net effect (1+2 In case the Euro changes 20% +/- against TL: 4- Euro net asset/liability 5- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-)	22.310 - 22.310	(22.310) (22.310) (654)
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*) 3- USD net effect (1+2 In case the Euro changes 20% +/- against TL: 4- Euro net asset/liability 5- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-) 6- Euro net effect (4+5) On average 20% +/- change in other exchange rates against TL: 7- Other foreign currency net asset/liability	22.310 - 22.310	(22.310) (22.310) (654)
If the US Dollar changes 20% +/- against TL: 1- USD net asset/liability 2- Part hedged against USD risk (-) (*) 3- USD net effect (1+2 In case the Euro changes 20% +/- against TL: 4- Euro net asset/liability 5- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-) 6- Euro net effect (4+5) On average 20% +/- change in other exchange rates against TL:	22.310 - 22.310	(22.310) (22.310)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(\mbox{\tiny "}}}$ The effect of derivative instruments for hedging purposes is not taken into account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

(c) Currency risk and management (Continued)

It summarizes the Company's foreign currency position risk. The recorded amounts of foreign currency assets and liabilities held by the Company are as follows. by foreign currency type:

			31	December 2	2024		31 December 2023				
		TRL	Thousands		Thousands	Thousands	TRL	Thousand	Thousand		Thousand
		equivalent	USD	EUR	GBP	Other	equivalent	USD	Avro	GBP	Other
1.	Trade receivables	15.048	285	136	-	-	36.190	668	166	-	-
	2a. Monetary financial										
	assets	35.223	1.000	_	-	-	110.506	2.600	_	-	_
	2b. Non-monetary financial										
	assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
3.	Other	15.746	432	15	-	-	28.307	582	76	-	-
4.	Total current assets (1+2+3)	66.017	1.717	151	-	-	175.003	3.850	242	-	-
5.	Trade receivables	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
	6a. Monetary financial										
	assets	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
	6b. Non-monetary financial										
	assets	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
7.	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	Total non-current assets										
	(5+6+7)	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
9.	(/	66.017	1.717	151	_		175.003	3.850	242	_	
_	. Trade payables	14.524	319	90	-	_	57.752	1.177	164	-	-
	. Financial liabilities	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
	12a. Other monetary liabilities	3.439	96	1	-	-	2.427	48	8	-	-
	12b. Othre non-monetary										
	liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
13	. Total current liabilities										
	(10+11+12)	17.963	415	91	_	_	60.179	1.225	172	_	_
14	. Trade payables							-			
	. Financial liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	16a. Other monetary liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	16b. Other non-monetary										
	liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
17	. Total non-current liabilities										
	(14+15+16)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
18	. Total liabilities (13+17)	17.963	415	91			60.179	1.225	172		
	. Net asset/(liability) position	17.000	410				00.170	1.220	2		
	of off-balance sheet										
	derivative instruments										
	(19a-19b)	140.893	4.000	_	_	_	544.033	12.800	_	_	_
	19a. Total asset amount	140.093	4.000	_	_	_	344.033	12.000	_	_	_
	hedged	140.893	4.000				544.033	12.800			
	19b. Total liabilities amount	140.093	4.000	-	-	_	344.033	12.600	-	-	-
	hedged										
20	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	. Net foreign currency asset/	100.047	F 000				CEO 057	45.405	70		
01	(liability) position (9-18+19)	188.947	5.302	60			658.857	15.425	70		
21	. Monetary items net foreign										
	currency asset/(liability)										
	position (1+2a+3+5+6a-10-	40.00					44.00-				
-	11-12a-14-15-16a)	48.054	1.302	60			114.824	2.625	70	-	-
_	. Exports	125.989	2.191	696	-	6.680	225.569	3.608	786	- 405	40.00-
23	. Imports	458.584	10.419	3.349	52	95	624.526	14.759	3.943	105	16.369
								4			
20	% increase	-	9.172	439	-		-	15.453	453	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

(d) Interest rate risk and management

As of 31 December 2024, the Company does not have any floating rate borrowings. (31 December 2023: None).

(e) Credit risk management

Holding financial instruments also carries the risk that the other party will not be able to fulfill the requirements of the agreement. The Company's collection risk mainly arises from its trade receivables. Trade receivables are evaluated taking into account the Company policies and procedures and accordingly, they are shown in the balance sheet net after provision for doubtful receivables.

The majority of the Company's sales are for the domestic market and it is mainly carried out through dealers and wholesalers. About 57% of the sales are due to the sales of the manufactured products. The commercial goods sold by the Company are of foreign origin. Therefore the company's merchandise costs are sensitive to the exchange rate. The cost of raw materials depends on the general price trend in the country. Approximately 95% of the Company's net sales are domestically oriented and the fluctuations in exchange rates are taken into account when determining price levels.

The Company collects its receivables mainly through checks received from its dealers and also uses a direct debit system (DBS). Since the issuers of the checks received in general are the customers of the dealers, risk distribution is provided. Due to the fact that the Company operates in this system, there is no significant risk arising from its receivables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

	Trade receivables		Other rece	ivables		
31 December 2024	Related parties	Other	Related parties	Other	Cash in banks	Other financial assets
Maximum net credit risk as of balance sheet date	42.743	88.463	-	1.525	36.205	623.130
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral etc.		10.373	-	-	-	
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired	42.743	88.463	-	1.525	36.205	623.130
B. Net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, if not that will be accepted as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired						
- The part under guarantee with collateral etc.						
D. Net book value of impaired assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross carrying amount) - Impairment (-)	- - -	7.462 (7.462)	-	-	-	-
The part of net value under guarantee with collateral etc.Not past due (gross carrying amount)	-	-	_	_		_
Impairment (-)The part of net value under guarantee	-		-	-	-	-
with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items with credit risk	_	-	-	-	-	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

	Trade receivables		Other receivables			
31 December 2023	Related parties	Other	Related parties	Other	Cash in banks	Other financial assets
Maximum net credit risk as of balance sheet date	74.904	96.119	-	11.229	1.142.461	3.917
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	55.205	-	-	-	
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired	74.904	96.119	-	11.229	1.142.461	3.917
B. Net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, if not that will be accepted as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired						
- The part under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired assets						
- Past due (gross carrying amount)- Impairment (-)- The part of net value under guarantee	- - -	9.209 (9.209)	-	-	-	-
with collateral etc. - Not past due (gross carrying amount)	-	-	_	_	_	_
- Impairment (-) - The part of net value under guarantee	-	-	-	-	-	-
with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items with credit risk	-	_	-	_	_	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 24 - Nature and level of risks arising from financial instruments (Continued)

The details of the mortgages and guarantees received for the receivables with or without a balance are explained below.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Mortgages	1.930	1.810
Pledge agreements	1.315	30
Letter of guarantees	23.610	11.263
	26.855	13.103

(f) Liquidity risk and management

The Company tries to manage its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring the cash flows and ensuring the continuation of sufficient funds and borrowing reserves by matching the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity risk tables

Prudent liquidity risk management refers to holding sufficient cash, availability of sufficient credit transactions and fund resources, and the power to close market positions.

The funding risk of current and prospective debt requirements is managed by maintaining the availability of sufficient number of high-quality lenders.

The maturity distribution of the Company's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities in TRL terms is shown below.

31 December 2024	Book Value	Total Cash Outflow	Less than 3 Months	Between 3-12 Months	Between 1-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Financial Liabilities	1.007.624	1.230.935	470.223	-	760.712	-
Trade Payables	132.963	132.963	132.963	-	-	-
Other Payables	111.953	111.953	111.953	-	-	-
31 December 2023	Book Value	Total Cash Outflow	Less than 3 Months	Between 3-12 Months	Between 1-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Financial Liabilities	1.606.502	1.623.362	370.351	1.253.011	-	-
Trade Payables	191.988	200.691	200.691	-	-	-
Other Payables	87.347	87.346	87.346	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 25 - Financial instruments

25.1 Fair value

The Company considers that the recorded values of financial instruments reflect their fair values.

Fair value hedge accounting

Level 1: Market price valuation techniques for the determined financial instruments traded in markets (unadjusted)

Level 2: Other valuation techniques including direct or indirect observable inputs

Level 3: Valuation techniques not containing observable market inputs

	31 December 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Derivative financial liabilities	561	-	561	_
	31 December 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Derivative financial liabilities	2.485	-	2.485	-

25.2 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at cost, and subsequently valued at fair value on 1 October 2018.

As of 31 December 2024, Adel has a foreign exchange forward transaction with a nominal value of TRL 140.893 amounting to USD 4.000.000 (31 December 2023: Nominal value of TRL 361.272 amounting to USD 8.500.000).

As of 31 December 2024, the Company has allocated USD 1.000.000 equivalent of TRL 35.223 from its bank deposits for the payments related to raw material and trade goods purchases to be made in the future periods in order to hedge against fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the related amount has been subject to hedge accounting. (31 December 2023: USD 2.600.000 equivalent of TRL 110.506)

The Company documented the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items at the beginning of the hedge transaction and also documented risk management objectives and the strategy for performing a variety of hedging transactions. Company, both at the beginning of the process of hedging transaction and on a regular basis of the hedging transaction, documented the assessment whether instruments used in hedging transactions are effective in high-level balancing changes in values of hedged items.

The Company is a party to various forward foreign exchange contracts and options depending on the management of exchange rate fluctuations. The derivative instruments purchased are mainly in foreign currencies in the market in which the Company operates for stock purchases, purchases of machinery and equipment denominated in foreign currency, and other service contracts denominated in foreign currency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 25 - Financial instruments (Continued)

25.2 Derivative financial instruments and hedging transactions (Continued)

		2024			202	23	
	_	Market	value	_	Market value		
	Contract			Contract			
	Amount	Assets	Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Liabilities	
For hedging purposes:							
Forward transaction	140.893	a-	561	361.272	-	2.485	
	140.893	-	561	361.272	-	2.485	
Short term	140.893	-	561	361.272	-	2.485	
	140.893	-	561	361.272	-	2.485	

Objectives in financial risk management:

The Company's finance department is responsible for ensuring regular access to financial markets and monitoring and managing the financial risks incurred in connection with the Company's activities. These risks are; It includes market risk (including currency risk, fair interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company does not have speculative financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) and does not have any activity related to the purchase and sale of such instruments.

		Fair value differences reflected	Financial assets	Financial liabilities		
		in other	shown at	shown at		
		comprehensive	amortized	amortized	Book	Fair
31 December 2024	Note	income	cost	value	value	value
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalences	4	_	659.335	_	659.335	659.335
Trade receivables from third	7		000.000		000.000	000.000
parties	7	-	88.463	-	88.463	88.463
Receivables from related						
parties	23	-	42.743	-	42.743	42.743
Other financial assets	5	-	1.305	-	1.305	1.305
Financial liabilities						
Financial borrowings	6	-	-	873.983	873.983	873.983
Lease liabilities	6	-	-	133.641	133.641	133.641
Trade payables from third						
parties	8	-	-	125.774	125.774	125.774
Payables to related parties	23	-	-	7.189	7.189	7.189
Other financial liabilities	9	-	-	3.829	3.829	3.829

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 25 - Financial instruments (Continued)

25.2 Derivative financial instruments and hedging transactions (Continued)

		Fair value differences reflected in other comprehensive	Financial assets shown at amortized	Financial liabilities shown at amortized	Book	
31 December 2023	Note	income	cost	value	value	Fair value
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalences	4	-	1.146.378	-	1.146.378	1.146.378
Trade receivables from third parties Receivables from related	7	-	96.119	-	96.119	96.119
parties	23	-	74.904	-	74.904	74.904
Other financial assets	5	-	1.120	-	1.120	1.120
Financial liabilities						
Financial borrowings	6	-	_	1.447.044	1.447.044	1.447.044
Lease liabilities	6	-	-	159.458	159.458	159.458
Trade payables to third						
parties	7	-	-	191.988	191.988	191.988
Payables from related parties	23	-	-	9.613	9.613	9.613
Derivatives	25.1		-	2.485	2.485	2.485
Other financial liabilities	9	-	-	572	572	572

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 26 - Government incentives and grants

There is no cash support amount collected from Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey "TUBITAK" regarding the research and development activities of the Company in 2024. (31 December 2023: None).

As of 31 December 2024, the amount of research and development deduction that the Company can use in tax calculation due to its expenditures on research and development studies is 23.007 TRL. (31 December 2023: 18.394 TRL).

The company applied for an research and development center in order to benefit from the incentives and exemptions provided within the framework of the Law No. 5746, and as a result of the examination made by the Ministry of Industry and Technology, the research and development center certificate was given to be effective as of 19 June 2019.

The company realizes fixed asset investments with incentives within the scope of the "Council of Ministers Decisions on State Aids in Investments" numbered 2012/3305, which regulates the investment legislation. The investment projects whose investment process continues and which continue to benefit from the investment contribution amounts are as follows;

As of 31 December 2024, the Corporate Tax deduction within the scope of incentive certificate numbered 502680 has not been benefited from. (31 December 2023: None).

Within the scope of the incentive certificate numbered 502790, 1.445 TRL was spent. The incentive certificate is subject to VAT and customs tax exemption, and there is no corporate tax support. (31 December 2023: 660 TRL)

NOTE 27 - Fees for service received from the independent auditor

The fees related to the services received by the Company from the Independent Auditing Firm (IAF) for the periods 1 January-31 December 2024 and 1 January -31 December 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Independent audit fee for the reporting period	2.205	2.046
Tax consulting fee	-	-
Other assurance services fee	95	72
Other service fee apart from audit	-	-
	2.300	2.118

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish lira ("TRL") in terms purchasing power of the TRL at December 31,2024 unless otherwise indicated) (Convenience translation into english of year end financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

NOTE 28 - Disclosures on net monetary position gains/(losses)

	31 Aralık 2024
Financial Position Statement Items	
Inventory	273.119
Prepaid expenses	6.973
Financial investments	28
Property, plant and equipment	244.710
Intangible assets	30.283
Right of use assets	48.573
Deferred income	1.381
Adjustment to share capital	(177.393)
Other comprehensive expenses that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	2.056
- Losses on remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	2.056
Other comprehensive income (expenses) that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(2.591)
- Currency translation differences	1.746
- Gains (loss) on hedge	(4.337)
Restricted reserves	(88.625)
Retained earnings	(199.096)
Profit or Loss Statement Items	
Revenue	(378.888)
Cost of sales (-)	195.794
Research and development expenses (-)	1.883
General administrative expenses (-)	50.043
Marketing expenses (-)	69.483
Other income from operating activities	(2.712)
Other expenses from operating activities (-)	(15.160)
Income from investment activities	(3.760)
Expenses from investment activities (-)	5.358
Finance income	(36.494)
Finance expenses (-)	75.344
Deferred tax income	10.695
Other Comprehensive Income Statement Items	
Other comprehensive income (expenses) that will not be reclassified	1.754
NET MONETARY POSITION GAINS/(LOSSES)	112.758

NOTE 29 - Events after the reporting period

None.





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